

"Chevrolet for 1939 — Leads the Motor Parade—Because Only Chevrolet Gives So Much for So Little—A Truly Economical Car—29.4 H.P. 22 Miles per gallon — Smart — Comfortable — Proven Performance — Choice of Two Canadian Models with a Wealth of Super Equipment."

Master "85" Trunk Sedan with Conventional front axle . . . HK\$3,600.00
Master "de Luxe" Trunk Sedan with Independent Front Suspension and Remote Control Gear Shift . . . HK\$3,900.00
ABOVE CASH PRICES STRICTLY NETT
INSTALLMENT PRICES SLIGHTLY HIGHER

FAR EAST MOTORS

THE FAR EAST AVIATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
26, Nathan Rd., Kowloon. Telephone 59101.

PRINTED & PUBLISHED BY
Y. H. H. H. H.
"Hongkong Telegraph"
Litho. & Print. Co., Ltd.,
110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000

The Hongkong Telegraph

FOUNDED 1881 三拜禮 號七廿月九英港香 WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1939. 日五十月八

Library, Supreme Court
FIRST EDITION

DUNLOP Fort
the tyre with the TEETH

Rival Sub. Fleets At Outbreak of the War

AN idea of the strength of the German and British submarine fleets at the outbreak of hostilities is provided by the following table:

BRITAIN		
	Displacement	Total Tonnage
15 Triton class	1,090	16,350
6 Porpoise class	1,520	9,120
3 Thames class	1,805	5,415
4 Rainbow class	1,475	
5 Parthian class	1,475	22,125
6 Odin class	1,475	
3 Oberon class	1,311 to 1,349	4,014
3 L. class	760	2,280
8 Shark class	670	5,360
4 Swordfish class	460	2,560
3 Unity class	540	1,620
9 H. class	410	3,690
Total: 69 submarines. Total tonnage, 72,534 tons.		
GERMANY		
	Displacement	Total Tonnage
8 U.37-U.44	740	5,920
5 U.64-U.68	740	3,700
2 U.25-U.26	712	1,424
11 U.45-U.55	517	5,687
10 U.27-U.36	500	5,000
3 U.69-U.71	517	1,551
25 U.1-U.24	250	6,250
8 U.56-U.63	250	2,000
Total: 72 submarines. Total tonnage, 31,532 tons.		

Intensity of Fire Doubled FRENCH POUND SIEGFRIED LINE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

PARIS, Sept. 26 (UP).—French messages reported that heavy artillery fire has splintered some of the German fortifications in the Rhineland, and that a Nazi counter-attack has been repulsed. Also, that the civil evacuation of East Saarbrücken has been speeded up.

French communique No. 46 says: "An early morning surprise attack was repulsed on the Lauter front. There was activity by the enemy artillery in the region south of Zweibrücken and south of Pirmasens."

It is reported that there is fighting in the area extending from Saarbrücken to the Rhine.

The Germans have raised a new type of captive balloon defence, which have been named the "Aerial Siegfried Line." It is reported that they are electrically wired so that the ground crew can explode them, destroying nearby planes.

There has been brisk aerial activity all along the Saarbrücken and Lauter fronts, the French claiming two victories over Nazi combat squadrons.

It is understood that the French have taken advantage of recent gains to set up advanced artillery positions, doubling the intensity of the fire, with what is unofficially reported to be a visibly destructive effect on the Siegfried positions.

Dawn Assault Repulsed

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—This evening's official communique records activity by enemy artillery in the region south of Zweibrücken and south of Pirmasens.

At dawn an assault was repulsed on the latter front.

Nazi H.Q. Claim

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Sept. 26 (UP).—The German High Command claims two.

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

MYSTERY NAVAL BATTLE REPORTS PERSISTENT

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

OSLO, Sept. 26 (UP).—Civilians at Christiansand report having witnessed a naval battle this morning.

They assert that three battleships or cruisers were visible off the coast, that airplane motors were audible and that nearly a dozen freighters sought shelter near shore to avoid the battle.

It was not possible to see the details of the fight.

Short Engagement

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A naval engagement, in which warships, including submarines and aircraft participated, took place in the North Sea, according to an un-

Churchill Reveals Dramatic Victory Against U-Boats NAVY HAS CONQUERED THE SUBMARINE MENACE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—The Royal Navy appears to have conquered the U-Boat menace.

Possibly one-third of the German submarines at sea have been destroyed, according to a statement in the House of Commons to-day by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty.

Since the outbreak of war, Britain has lost 141,000 tons of shipping.

But Britain has seized 208,000 tons of German shipping—67,000 tons more than Britain has lost.

The Allied forces hunting submarines will be increased threefold before the end of October.

Mr. Churchill did not reveal the exact number of U-Boats destroyed, but said that six or seven, the figures mentioned by the Premier last week, would be an understatement.

SPEECH IN FULL

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A vivid and reassuring picture of Britain's increasing naval efforts to combat the German submarine menace was given by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, in the House of Commons to-day.

After stating that the convoy system was now in full operation both ways, Mr. Churchill said that Britain's second reply to the U-boat attack was to arm all merchant vessels and fast liners with defensive armament, both against the U-boat and the aeroplane.

In the past fortnight armed ships had been continuously leaving British harbours in large numbers. Some went with convoys, others independently.

Thus, in a short time, immense merchant marine of the British Empire would be armed.

"As we usually have 2,000 ships on the sea every day, this is a considerable operation," Mr. Churchill declared.

"But all guns and equipment are now ready for the various arming stations, with trained gunners to man the guns and to instruct the crews."

"The third reply is the British attack on the U-boats, which is being delivered with the utmost vigour and intensity."

1914 And Now

Making comparison with the problem 25 years ago, Mr. Churchill to-day was much greater in coping with the U-boats.

"Very often, in hunting down a U-boat in 1914, it was necessary to use a flotilla of 15 or 20 destroyers, working together for a whole day on the verge of indications."

Now two destroyers, or even one, can maintain a prolonged and relentless pursuit.

"A very large number of attacks had been made by flotillas and hunting craft, and attacks on German U-boats had been five or six times as numerous as in any equal period in the last war, in which, after all they did not beat us."

U-Boat Fleet Crippled.

Taking the Premier's figure of six or seven U-boats destroyed in the first fortnight of the war, Mr. Churchill said that represented one-tenth of the total enemy submarine fleet as it existed at the declaration of war, and probably a quarter, or perhaps even a third, of all the U-boats which had been actively employed.

"But the British attack upon U-boats is only just beginning. "Our hunting forces are getting stronger every day. By the end of October we expect to have three times the hunting force which was operating at the outbreak of the war. At the same time, the number of targets open to U-boats on the vast expanses of seas and oceans will have been greatly reduced by the use of convoys, and the U-boats' means of attacking them will be heavily clogged and fettered."

Air Arm's Part

"In all this very keen and stern warfare, the R.A.F. and fleet air-arm were actually a 20 per cent. increase in cost."



WINSTON CHURCHILL

PREMIER SURVEYS FIRST MONTH OF WAR

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Making his fourth war statement in the House of Commons to-day, the Premier, Mr. Neville Chamberlain recalled that on September 20 he referred to the problems confronting the Rumanian Government by the passage of Polish troops, etc., in Rumania.

"His Majesty's Government were watching with sympathy the efforts of the Rumanian Government to meet these problems, when they learned of the cowardly assassination of M. Cullineseu on September 21."

"His Majesty's Minister at Bucharest was immediately instructed to convey to the Rumanian Government an expression of horror by the British Government at this outrage, and their sincere heartfelt condolence in the great loss Rumania thereby suffered."

Western Front Gains Held

Mr. Chamberlain proceeded to say that on the Western Front the French continued to make progress in certain localities, and had succeeded, notwithstanding the increasingly energetic German reaction, in maintaining intact all their gains.

In the air, the normal work of reconnaissance and anti-submarine patrol in co-operation with the Royal Navy had been continued.

After referring to the R.A.F. flying-boat's rescue of the crew of the Kensington Court, Mr. Chamberlain said that many attacks had again been made on enemy submarines.

The great developments in the endurance, speed and reliability of aircraft since the last war enabled them to play a most important part in the work of defeating the submarines.

The work of the coastal command patrols had proved of utmost assistance to the navy in combating the submarine menace.

In The Dominions

Mr. Chamberlain proceeded to say: "In the Dominions, the preparations of His Majesty's Government continues with gathering momentum."

"Dominion naval vessels are co-operating with our own. The Dominion air strength is being made ready for use overseas. As a result of close co-operation, supplies of finished munitions, raw materials and foodstuffs from the Dominions are being made available in an ever increasing volume for the common cause."

Dealing with civil defence, Mr. Chamberlain again emphasised that nothing must be done, either by way of relaxing restrictions or reducing the scale of preparations, which would be likely to make Britain less capable of meeting the air menace.

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

"Courageous Hand-to-Hand Fighting"

WARSAW'S SIEGE NEARING CLIMAX

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Sept. 26 (UP).—As a climax to a three weeks' siege, German troops have now entered the fringe of Warsaw, a German High Command communique stated to-day.

WITH THE B.E.F.

THE BOYS DIG IN

Tommies Billed Behind Lines

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Farms and villages are gradually filling up as British troops continue to arrive to assume their allotted places, writes "Eye-Witness", the official correspondent in France.

The General Staff are working hard, but their plans are a well-kept secret.

In cities, little market squares and remote country hotels, cafes and men are planning the course of war with a wealth of strategic ingenuity.

All aspects of normal life, from sport to religion, are being ministered to the full. A chaplain told "Eye-Witness" that at the communion service in a small village today, the congregation ranged from privates to generals.

The service was held in a little meadow surrounded by emouflaged artillery.

In many places Catholics are able to attend mass in the local churches.

Youths To Remain

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Secretary for War, Mr. Horne-Bellish announced in the House of Commons to-day that the Government's policy was not to send overseas men now serving in the army until they had reached the age of 19.

He added that the Government would not call up for service overseas, men below the age of 20.

After The War

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Prime Minister was asked in the House of Commons to-day if a special Ministry would be formed to plan the employment of troops returning to civilian life from active service.

Mr. Chamberlain replied that the establishment of such a Ministry now was altogether premature.

Internees Treated Well In Uganda

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A German woman in Uganda pays tribute to the treatment meted out to interned Germans by the British authorities in a letter which has been intercepted.

She says the interned Germans are in comfortable quarters and are being given excellent food.

She herself, she writes, is able to go where she pleases "and if my husband were not interned, I would hardly realise there is a war on."

See Back Page For Further Late News

GERMANS ATTACK K.L.M. PLANE OVER N. SEA

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 26 (UP).—A K.L.M. Douglas plane arrived at the local airfield from Copenhagen, this afternoon, with the tail of the plane riddled by machine-gun bullets from a foreign plane, presumably a German.

Authorities are investigating but thus far refuse to give out any details.

Passenger Killed

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A Dutch civil aeroplane operating an air service between Malmö and Amsterdam, was raked with machine-gun fire by a German military plane over the North Sea, some 70 miles north-west of Helsingland, at an altitude of 2,400 feet.

A Swedish civil engineer, Gustav Lamm, one of nine passengers, was killed by a machine gun bullet.

The plane, although damaged, succeeded in landing at Amsterdam.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 words \$2.00
for 3 days prepaid
WANTED KNOWN.

FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS.
Reliable tested and of strong
germination of best varieties for
immediate sowing. For sale at Gracia
Co. 10 Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

**SERVICES CONTRACTUAL DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES**

Steamship

Bringing Cargo from Marseilles via
Salon.

Consignees are hereby informed
that their goods with the exception of
Opium, Treasure and Valuables are
being landed and stored into the
Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon
Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kow-
loon, whence delivery may be
obtained immediately after landing.

All claims must be sent in to me
on or before 22 October, 1939, or
they will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages will be examined
by the Company's Surveyor
Messrs. Goddard and Douglas in the
presence of the Consignees at 10 a.m.
on Thursday, 28th September, 1939.

Consignees must have a Revenue
Officer in attendance when any dila-
table goods are examined by the Com-
pany's Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected
by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL
Agent.

FRENCH POUND SIEGFRIED LINE

(Continued from Page 1.)

French balloons and five French air-
planes have been brought down on
the Western Front.
Artillery fire on the Rhine front
to-day was "followed by advance
guard skirmishes" the report states.
It charges that French planes flew
over Belgian soil.

Neutral Observations

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The
Paris radio announced that accord-
ing to neutral observers, a very large
part of the German armies that
operated in Poland have now been
transferred to the Western Front.
Reports of concentrations of
German troops at Aix-la-Chapelle
and the Black Forest appeared to be
confirmed, although no information
was available regarding their
strength.

Aix-la-Chapelle and other towns
near the Siegfried Line had been
almost completely evacuated.
According to the same source, work
is proceeding day and night to
strengthen the defence system be-
tween Metz, Saarbrücken, and
Wiesbaden, concrete gun pits being
constructed, and blockhouses and
shelters being hurriedly erected.

Fierce Bombardment

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—"Le
Matin" commenting on the Western
Front fighting, says that intensive
German artillery fire on one sector
is not likely to preclude a large-scale
attack, in view of the fact that the
enemy will have to cross the Rhine
and then come up against the Maginot
Line.

The newspaper queries the reason
for the fierce bombardment, and
hints that some other operation near
Bastille may be contemplated by the
Germans.

Placard Propaganda

Another correspondent in the same
newspaper says that a new factor may
arise. Yesterday German troops
hoisted large placards on top of the
pillboxes reading: "Ein Volk! Ein
Reich! Ein Fuehrer!"

The French soldiers retailed with
placards reading: "Liberty,
Equality, Fraternity."

Extension Southwards

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The
scene of operations on the Western
Front continues to be in the country
west of Hainaut, which forms a kind
of link between the Saar line and
the forest of Hainaut.

The nature of the operations are
unchanged. Activity consists of ar-
tillery duelling and local engagements
carried out by forces never stronger
than a battalion at a time on either
side.

German artillery fire, which has
been harassing the French lines, has
now dwindled, and the position is re-
latively calm, except for a sector east
of Zweibrücken, where appreciable
activity continues.

Soviet Relations With Estonia

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—
Soviet-Estonian relations continue to
offer much reason for speculation.

The Estonian Foreign Minister, M.
Karl Selter, left Moscow suddenly by
air after a visit lasting only 15 hours.
Back in Tallinn, M. Selter con-
ferred with the Estonian President,
and the Commander-in-Chief and
then flew back to Moscow.

An extraordinary session of the
Estonian Cabinet was held in Tallinn
to-day.

Estonian Government sources will
give no explanation of M. Selter's
movements, but observers say there
is reason to believe that Russia has
presented far-reaching demands on
Estonia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

What to do to help a child

Anyone knowing of a child who
has been assaulted, neglected, or
ill-treated in a manner likely to
cause unnecessary suffering or injury
to health, or knowing of a parent
who is seeking advice on any matter
concerning a child, would be doing
an act of kindness by communicating
at once with—

The Hon. General Secretary,
H.K.S.P.C., Old City Hall.

The Inspector, 49, Pokfulam Road,
1st floor.

The Inspector, 16, Star St., Wanchai.

The Inspector, 12, Sai Yeung Choi
St., Kowloon.

The Inspector, 52, Argyle St.,
Kowloon.

All further steps will be taken, and
expenses borne, by the Society, and
the informant's name will be
kept strictly private, except in cases
where malice is proved.

PREMIER SURVEYS FIRST MONTH OF WAR

(Continued from Page 1.)

with which they were constantly
threatened.

Economic Warfare

Speaking of the work of the Minis-
try of Economic Warfare, Mr. Cham-
berlain said it would carry out the
functions broadly speaking, which
were carried out by the Ministry of
Blockade in the last war. The
Blockade in the last war was to
general object of the Ministry was to
disorganise Germany's economic
structure to such an extent as to make
it impossible for her to carry on the
war.

If Britain could prevent Germany
from importing the raw materials
essential to the functioning of her
war industries, the result would be
effectively to cripple her power for
long hostilities.

Mr. Chamberlain, however, uttered
a word of warning against over-
optimism. Germany, he stated, al-
ready possessed stocks of varying
size of raw materials which she had
required to import, and quick results,
therefore, could not be expected from
the Ministry of Economic Warfare.
Continuing, the Premier declared:
"Our command of the seas means
that from the day the war broke out,
Germany was cut off from many of
her sources of supply."

Nazi Propaganda

"German propaganda, meanwhile,
had been active alleging that the
British contraband control would
have no effect on Germany as she
was self-sufficient, and would, on the
other hand, completely strangle neu-
tral trade."

"I don't know which of these
statements is further from the truth.
The fact is, we made it plain from
the beginning of the war that we
were anxious to take account of the
bona fide trading needs of neutral
countries, and His Majesty's Govern-
ment would gladly consider any
suggestion neutral governments might
put forward for this purpose."

Mr. Chamberlain said that he was
sure neutral opinion would make its
own comparison between Britain's
clearly declared policy on the one
hand, and on the other the "thinly
veiled" menace of Germany towards
the neutrals—a menace which in the
past few days had been translated
into action by the sinking of three
neutral ships under circumstances
constituting a clear breach of inter-
national law.

Mr. Chamberlain said that the
German Government should be the
first to make the accusation that
Britain was conducting an illegal
and inhumane blockade.

"German submarines are attack-
ing all shipping coming to these is-
lands with complete and callous dis-
regard of humanity and the rules of
submarine warfare, to which they
had solemnly agreed," he said.

The Prime Minister dealt with the
change in the purpose of industry
and on its concentration on war
needs. He added that the Govern-
ment were ready and anxious to
take any steps that might be neces-
sary to secure the goodwill of labour.

It was the Government's view that
the support of employers and work-
ers organisations was essential if this
country was to put forth the maxi-
mum effort.

They had been much encouraged
by the initiative shown by the re-
sponsible authorities of the engine-
ering industry in preparing for an ex-
tension of labour supply.

The trade unions, which had agreed
under proper safeguards to relax
their normal conditions, had saved
them from the difficulties of the last
war and had made a contribution for
which the whole country was grateful.

Britain's Attitude

Mr. Chamberlain concluded with a
statement on Britain's general attitude
towards the war, declaring:

"No one can doubt that in modern
warfare it is on the determination,
courage and endurance of the ordi-
nary men and women that victory
ultimately depends."

"No one familiar with the condi-
tions of this country can have any
doubt as to where we stand in this
respect."

"Never have our people been more
united or more determined. They are
resolved—and the simple fact cannot
be too often pressed—to rid them-
selves once and for all of the
perpetual threat of German aggres-
sion, of which Poland is the latest
instance."

"We and France entered the war
to rid ourselves and the world of
that menace."

"Our people are united, as they
have never been united before, in
their resolve to achieve that pur-
pose."

POST OFFICE

OUTWARD MAIL TIMES

Registered and Parcel Mails are
closed 15 minutes earlier than the
time given below unless otherwise
stated, and where mails are adver-
tised to close at or before 9 a.m. re-
gistered and parcel mails are closed
at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When
mails are advertised to close after 5
p.m. registered and Parcel mails are
closed at 5 p.m.

INWARD MAILS

Calcutta and Straits Sept. 27.
Japan Sept. 27.
Air Mail by "Air France Direct
Service"—Paris date, 29th Sept.

Air Mail by "Pan American Airways
Direct Service"—San Francisco
date, 21st September Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.
Straits Sept. 27.

NAVY HAS CONQUERED THE SUBMARINE MENACE

(Continued from Page 1.)

have played an important part, both
in directing hunting destroyers upon
their quarry, and in actually attack-
ing it themselves.

Mr. Churchill explained that it was
to bridge the gap between what
Britain had ready at the beginning
of the war, and what she had ready
now that the Admiralty had decided
to use aircraft-carriers with some
freedom in order to bring in unarmed,
unorganised and unconvoyed traffic
then approaching British shores in
large numbers.

Sinking Of Courageous

"The Courageous was attended by
four destroyers, but two had to go
and hunt a U-boat attacking a mer-
chant ship coming towards England.
When the Courageous turned into the
wind at dusk in order to enable her
own aircraft to land upon the land-
ing deck, she happened, by what
had been a 100 to one chance or
more, to meet a U-boat in her un-
predictable course."

"But this hard stroke of war in
no way diminishes our confidence in
the methods now at our disposal.
On the contrary, our confidence in
them has grown with every day they
have been employed. I believe their
potency will become more apparent
in proportion as great numbers of
new vessels, come into action, and
our hunting officers get the knack
of using depth charges by frequent
practice."

"Therefore, I cannot feel at the
end of the first three weeks of
naval warfare that the judgment
formed by the Admiralty before
the war about these new methods
stands in any need of revision, ex-
cept perhaps in a favourable sense."

Great Troop Convoys

"Meanwhile the whole vast busi-
ness of our world trade continues
without interruption and without
prospect of diminution."

"Great convoys of troops are being
escorted to their various destinations.
Enemy ships and commerce have
been swept from the seas."

"Two million tons of German
shipping is sheltering in German or
neutral harbours."

Mr. Churchill revealed that Britain
had actually arrested, seized and
converted to her own use 67,000 tons or
more of German merchandise than
had been sunk in British ships
(cargoes).

"Even in oil, where we were un-
lucky to lose some tankers, we lost
60,000 tons in the first fortnight, and
gained 50,000 tons from the enemy,
apart from enormous additional stores
which we brought to England in the
ordinary way."

"Again, I reiterate caution against
over-sanguine deductions, but we now
have got more supplies in this country
than we should have had if no war
had been declared, and if no U-boats
had come into action. At that rate it
will take a long time to starve us
out."

Speaking about the character of the
war, Mr. Churchill said: "For some
time German U-boat commanders
tried their best to behave with
humanity. We have seen them give
food and warning, and also endeavour
to help the crew to find their way to
port."

Courteous German

"One German captain signalled
to me personally the position of
the ship which he had just sunk.
He signed his message 'German
Submarine', and I was in some
doubt as to what address I should
direct my reply."

"However, he is now in our
hands, (laughter) and is treated
with all consideration" (Heart
Heard)

"But many cruel and ruthless acts
have been done."

Mr. Churchill mentioned the
Athena, Royal Scot and Hazeldean.
Britain, he said, could not recognise
this type of warfare as other than
contrary to all the acquired and ac-
cepted traditions of the sea, and a
violation of the laws of war to which
the Germans themselves in recent
years had so lustily subscribed.

Mr. Churchill mentioned that steps
had been taken to replace the tonnage
lost. Old ships which were laid up,
were being refitted and prepared for
sea.

In addition, an enormous building
programme of new ships of a simple
character was already in its full
career, and they therefore hoped to
have a larger margin in the future to
meet new forms of attack.

Statement Welcomed

Mr. Clement Attlee said that the
whole House welcomed the robust
and vigorous statement by Mr.
Churchill, and they all joined in the
admiration for the work of the navy
and air force in combating the
U-boat menace.

They welcomed the very close co-
operation with the French in every
respect.

Mr. Attlee urged that the economic
side of the war should always be in
the minds of those directing it.

He expressed his belief that the
morale of the people of Britain was
very high, and he emphasised that it
should be kept so.

Sir Archibald Sinclair, leader of
the Liberal Opposition, criticised the
last leaflet dropped on Germany, and
said he did not believe it would have
any effect upon the German people it
was supposed to have.

Sir Archibald Sinclair said that the
delay in making the best use of our
man-power might have fatal results.
He added that Herr Hitler meant to
end the war in six months, and so
they needed vigorous preparation
and organisation to withstand the
perils to which they would be op-
posed.

BOSCO RADIO CORPORATION

SUB DISTRIBUTORS FOR—

Westinghouse RADIOS

SHOWROOM, HOLLAND HOUSE

TEL. 32227

DAVIE BOAG & CO., LTD.



**"NO SUCH SUBSTANCE?
ALL RIGHT—WE'LL MAKE ONE!"**



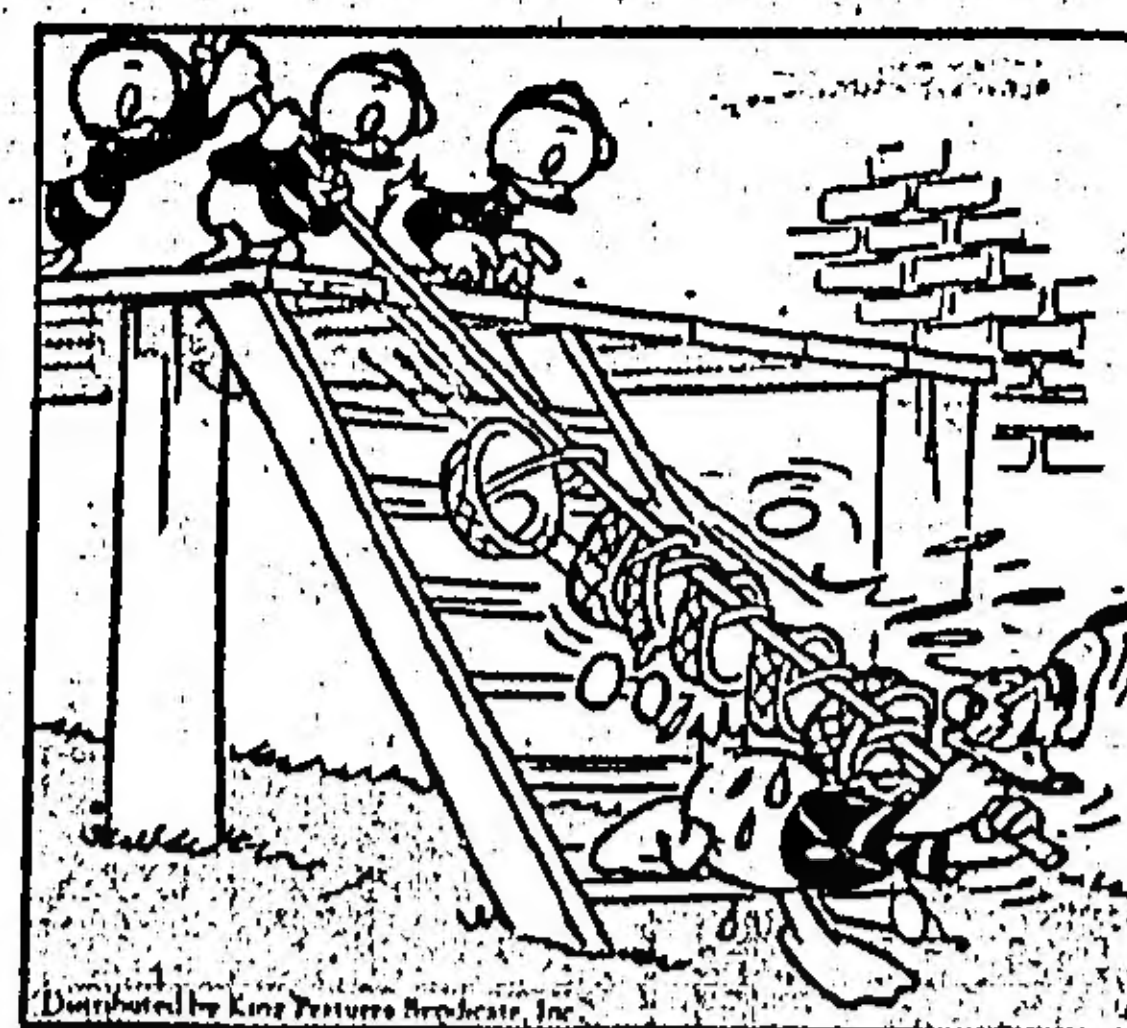
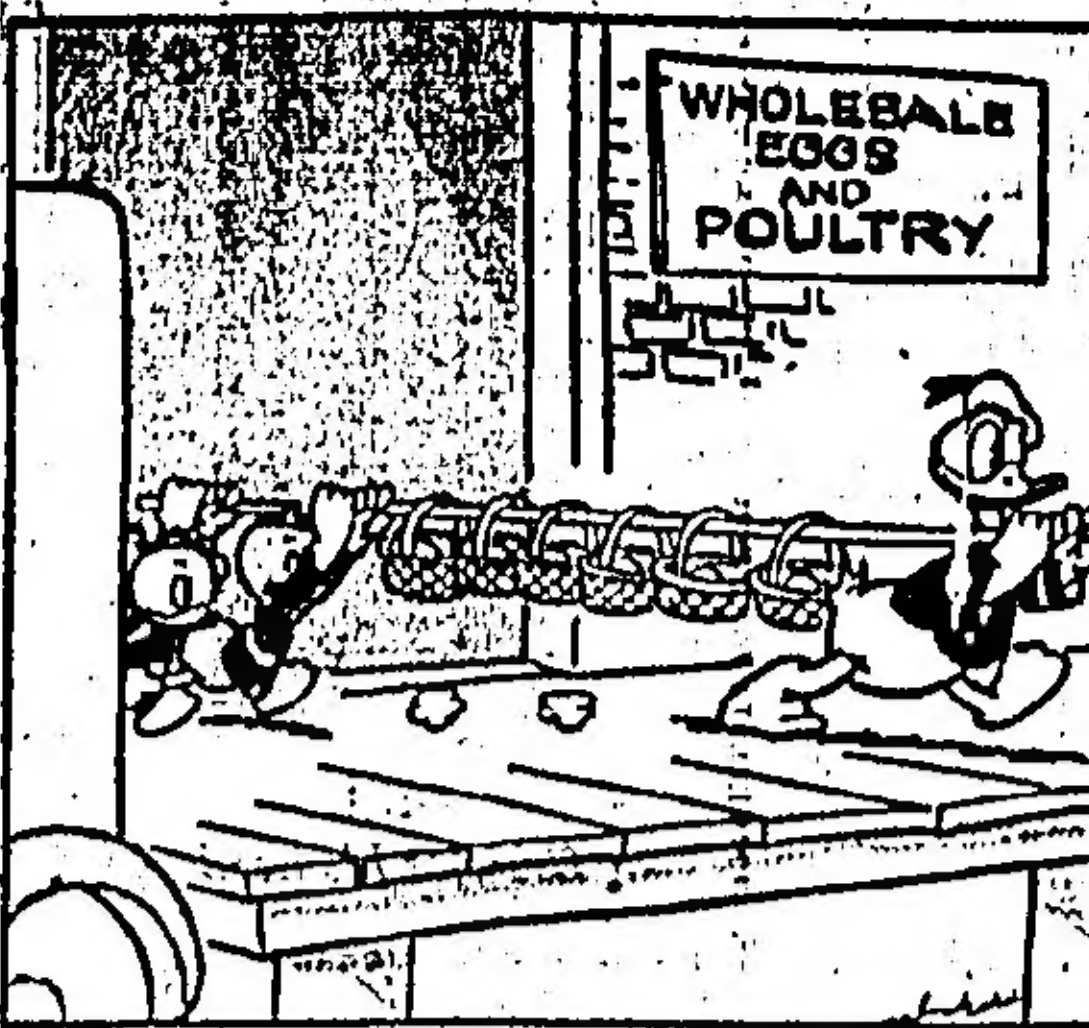
Like the jungle explorer, the
electrical research worker must
constantly deal with the unknown.

Through the long history of
electricity, the engineers in West-
inghouse Research Laboratories
have known the thrills of develop-
ing entirely new materials needed
for new products. *Konak, Kysar,
Micarta, Hipersil and Hipernic*, for
example, are new materials devel-
oped by Westinghouse. While
these may be strange names to
you, without them you would be
without many of electricity's ser-
vices that you enjoy today.

This is one of the reasons why
Westinghouse has remained one
of the most important names in
electricity. And the Westinghouse
record of accomplishment in re-
search is matched by its reputation
for quality and dependability in
the electrical products it builds.

Whatever your electrical need
... be it for your home, for gen-
eration and transmission, for in-
dustry or elsewhere ...

DONALD DUCK



By Walt Disney

This Week's Special

SEPT. 25th — SEPT. 30th

VEAL & HAM PIE
VEAL HAM & EGG PIE
PORK PIE

80 per lb.

MADE IN ALL SIZES
FROM 1/2 LB. NETT.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

Senators' Views On Neutrality

Washington, Sept. 26. Following a short session the Senate resumed its discussion of the neutrality question.

Senator Taft said, "I am ready to vote for repeal of the arms embargo provided there is strict legislation on the cash and carry provision."

Senator Ellison Smith wanted "cash on the barrel head," and no discretion.

Senator Johnson of Colorado favoured repeal of the embargo and the cash and carry policy. "One thing is obvious," he said, "The Administration is ready to give anything for the sake of getting the embargo repealed. I decline to permit the embargo to become a secondary consideration. It is the heart and soul of this question."

After a conference with President Roosevelt, Senator Downey repeated his determination to oppose repeal. Senator George indicated his support of the measure the Administration leaders had drafted. He said he believed the Bill would go much beyond the present law in keeping the United States from becoming involved in war.—United Press.

Should Be Prepared

Chicago, Sept. 26. The National Commander, Stephen F. Chadwick, told the American Legion convention that its most solemn mission was to retain for America its peace. He appealed to the Legion to keep the United States neutral but prepared for the defence of the nation, and to train youth for the purpose.

Mr. Woodring in a message said, "Should war be forced on us the aggressor would not find us in the same state of unpreparedness as in 1916. I have no wish to imply we are preparing for war. We are only taking reasonable precautions to insure peace rights as a neutral."—United Press.

Pan-American Talks

Panama, Sept. 26. The Pan-American Conference has started under the most favourable auspices, the speeches prelude various concrete proposals which will be studied, revised, drafted and drafted, and which it is hoped will emerge as the unanimous voice of Pan-America.

All the delegates in a talk with the Press stressed the importance of Mr. Sumner Welles' words when he declared that Mexico stands squarely with the United States in all problems.

The Peruvians pointed out that since 1914 they had favoured an extension of the maritime safety zone. The Uruguayan delegate in his speech condemned the nations who fail to live up to the pledge word and reiterated the theory of neutrality which does not mean indifference to the killing of women and children in the bombardment of open cities.—United Press.

A Look Through The "Telegraph"

50 YEARS AGO

Sept. 27, 1889. We regret to see it chronicled that one Mrs. Battenberg's dogs died the other day, and by royal command a penny, a half-penny, and a farthing of this year of grace were placed in the coffin. Unless, liver's, cheap south of the Stys, the penny-three-farthings won't do poor Tyke much good. (Mrs. Battenberg—Queen Victoria—Ed.)

25 YEARS AGO

Sept. 27, 1914. The utility of aircraft in the European war is almost entirely in connection with reconnaissance. Sir C. G. Grey, editor of the "Aeroplane," under certain special circumstances both aeroplanes and dirigibles might be used for offensive purposes, but no nation owns aircraft in sufficient quantities to make them an important consideration as weapons.

Few aeroplanes could carry more than four bombs weighing fifty pounds apiece.

The greatest aircraft force is possessed by Germany, which has ten Zeppelins capable of flying from ten to thirty hours, and two others, on the point of completion. These two and four of the other ten are capable of travelling fifty and sixty miles an hour, beyond the present law in keeping the United States from becoming involved in war.—United Press.

The total number of aeroplanes in Germany is kept a military secret, but it is believed here that Germany has about three times as many as she is supposed to have and she is supposed to have far more than England. On this computation Germany must have over 600.

The best German machines have a speed of perhaps eighty miles an hour and the worst fifty. German pilots, though generally reported not so skillful as those of France and England, have shown greater staying power and determination.

VOLUNTEER ORDERS.—Corps Orders issued by Lieut-Col. A. Chapman, V.D., yesterday, state:—

Appointments and Transfers:—The following men having joined the Corps are allotted Corps numbers and posted as follows:—Pte. R. H. Whitall to No. 1 Section Artillery Battery; Barker F. C. Clemo to Engineer Company; Sgt. T. Gibson to Engineer Company; Pte. D. S. S. to Right Section M. G. Co.; Pte. H. W. to Right Section M. G. Co.; Pte. L. A. V. Ribeiro to Signalling Section; Pte. J. S. Rodriguez to Signalling Section; Pte. A. da Luz to Signalling Section; Pte. J. H. Law to Signalling Section; Pte. R. L. Hocho to Signalling Section; Pte. J. H. Maughan to Left Section M. G. Co.; Pte. A. M. Costa to Signalling Section; Pte. A. A. Abreu to Signalling Section; Medical Orderly J. B. Sutor to Staff; Medical Orderly D. A. MacLeod to Staff; Medical Orderly E. W. H. James to Staff.

10 YEARS AGO

Sept. 27, 1929. Resentment is rapidly increasing against the "joy-ride" who "borrows" other people's cars without the consent of the owners, and there is a growing

LETTERS

Blind Girls' Picnic
The Editor,
Hongkong Telegraph.

Sir,—May I gratefully express our sincere thanks to all those who so kindly contributed to the success of the thirteenth annual outing of the Blind Girls, which took place on Saturday, by donations, loan of chairs and gifts. Despite present anxious times, the response to our appeal has been most generous, so that in addition to the outing and gifts to each of the 55 girls, we find we shall be able to provide them with a dinner; the balance of the funds to go towards purchasing clothing and small extras for their new year.

Since our last acknowledgment of \$104, we have received the following further donations:—

Previously acknowledged \$104

I. N. W. 3

E. H. 1

J. P. 12

Anonymous 12

Sir Robert Ho Tung 15

Sir Robert Kotewall 5

Mr. Zu Tong-sen 20

Andrew Cheung 5

Mr. Dreyer 5

Margaret Fitcher 10

Mr. & Mrs. Griggs 10

R. Ashton-Hill 10

Total \$283

Our grateful thanks are also due to the Flying Squad, who acted as escort, Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, Ltd., Dr. & Mrs. T. Y. Li, Mr. G. D. Woolgar, Shek-O Club, Kowloon Confectionery, On Lok Yuen, and others for services rendered.

We also wish to express our appreciation to the Press for the publicity afforded our appeal, and in conclusion would like to thank all those who so kindly assisted at the outing.

GERTRUDE GODDARD,
Hon. Group Secretary,
Christ Church Group,
V. D. M. A.

demand for legislation to deal with the practice.

According to various magistrates who have had such cases before them, it is difficult to hold that there has been intent to steal. Consequently the charge is either dismissed, or the offender is given some negligible fine on a charge of stealing petrol.

5 YEARS AGO

For the first time since Sept. 27, 1934, the Hongkong dollar has reached the 1s. 7d. mark, this being the official quotation this morning.

The rise follows the advance in silver prices in London yesterday.

Whilst it may be premature to suggest that the latest developments in the Far East affecting Japan and Russia on the one hand and Japan and China on the other, have completely dispelled fears of trouble in the near future, it can at least be said that there are prospects of the general Far Eastern situation undergoing a change for the better.

NEWS FLASHES

FRANCE FORBIDS COMMUNISM

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Council of Ministers has decided to dissolve the Communist Party.

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Nineteen more bodies have been taken from the engine room of the Thefts, making a total of 94 recovered.

The engine room is now cleared and it is possible to start rescuing the submarine in readiness for refloating by compressed air.

SINGAPORE, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The domestic tin quota for the last quarter of this year has been fixed at 48 per cent.

This figure is based on the international quota of 60 per cent.

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The official Nazi radio to-day announced that a special body had been formed in Germany to combat saboteurs and these attacking up propaganda billposters.

This is an indication of the amount of unrest in Germany.

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The King to-day received Mr. Warden, the new South African High Commissioner for London.

KWEILIN, Sept. 27 (Central).—A large number of Japanese planes are reported to be concentrated in Hankow and Wuchang presumably to assist in the drives of their land forces to Changsha from north Hunan and north Kiangsi.

NOW WE KNOW WHY

(Continued from Page 1.)

the concern of the House for the statement he had just made (cheers), and if he would "offer us at some early date a more satisfactory explanation regarding the preponderance of officials as against professional men engaged in newspaper work."

Sir Edward Grigg said that Lord Macmillan recognised that the situation required investigation (laughter and cheers).

Mr. Davidson (Labour) ejaculated:—"It requires 'evacuation'!"

Sir Edward Grigg added that Lord Macmillan had already taken steps to enable an investigation to be made.

Rush To Defence
LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The fact that the Ministry of Information does not originate news was emphasised by Lord Macmillan in the House of Lords to-day in reviewing the Ministry's functions.

He declared that it was a misconception that the Ministry was a mine of information on every subject. Actually it had no means of obtaining information and news, as the newspapers do, and was dependent upon other Government departments for its information.

Australian Chinese Denounce Wang

CHUNGKING, Sept. 27 (Central).—Bitter denunciation of the "peace" movement of Wang Ching-wei, the expelled Kuomintang leader, was contained in a message received by the National Government from the overseas Chinese at Sydney, Australia.

The message pledged full support for the National Government's policy of continued resistance to Japanese invasion.

NOT MASSING TROOPS

BUCHAREST, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—It is officially denied that Russia has massed troops on the Rumanian frontier near Bessarabia.

It is also denied that the Rumanian-Soviet border has been closed.

King Of Denmark 69 Yesterday

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—King Christian of Denmark celebrated his 69th birthday to-day.

Early this morning hundreds of children called at the castle where the King is staying, and presented bouquets and messages of greeting.

King Christian, whose health is better, expected to be up in a few days.

Appreciation Of Loyalty

Britain's Thanks To Indian People

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Marquis of Zetland, Secretary of State for India, expressed in the House of Lords to-day the Government's high appreciation of the loyalty of all classes in India.

The Indian National Congress, he said, had stated that it would be difficult to give whole-hearted support except on conditions affecting the relations between India and Britain.

The Viceroy was discussing the question with the Congress Party and the Muslim League.

A message from Simla says that Mahatma Gandhi saw the Viceroy for over three hours to-day.

It was the second meeting between the Congress leader and Lord Linlithgow since the war began.

Meanwhile, says another Simla message, 830 of the 1,500 Germans who were in India when war broke out, have been interned.

Propaganda material and other documents seized when arrests were made, are now being examined.

SILESIA SINKING

(Continued from Page 1.)

If wood pulp supplies continue to be sunk by U-boats, Sweden's trade will almost be at a standstill, for wood pulp constitutes half of her exports. Nine-tenths of this goes to Britain.

To-day's Scandinavian newspapers devoted much space to criticism of the Nazi U-boat campaign. Finnish exporters state they will continue shipping as far as possible.

Meanwhile a Norwegian delegation is coming to London from Oslo to discuss questions connected with Norwegian shipping.

Ships Will Sail
Stockholm, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Swedish ships with cargoes of cellulose have not been recalled, contrary to earlier reports.

Ships have been ordered to proceed and to use neutral waters as far as possible.

"Defence Measures"
LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—German comment on the sinking of the Scandinavian ship from the Berlin radio quotes the "Deutsche Dienst" the semi-official newspaper.

It says that Germany had to take "due measures for defence," adding that woodpulp and cellulose could be used in the manufacture of explosives.

Maintaining Trade
LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The President of the Board of Trade, Mr. Oliver Stanley, stated in the House of Commons to-day that the Government was anxious to maintain trade with the Baltic countries and Finland as far as the war permitted.

British trade officials were still at their posts in the Baltic ports and the Government meant to keep them there.

Mr. Stanley also stated that every effort would be made to see that our export capacity was used as far as possible after essential home needs had been met.

WARSAW'S SIEGE NEARING CLIMAX

(Continued from Page 1.)

Poland "Soviet minded" continues satisfactorily, says a Soviet communiqué.

Landlord and shopkeepers have been thrown into prison.

Many landlords were captured in the marshes by bands of peasants organised by the Soviets. These peasant bands are also hunting for Polish officers who are in hiding and have been without food for several days.

"Otherwise," the communiqué claims, "life in Poland is normal."

Committees have been formed to reorganise the industrial and commercial life, and organisations from the Soviet are explaining the new order of things to the peasants.

NEW TAXES TO PAY FOR WAR

WELLINGTON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—War expenditure of approximately £10,000,000 for the remainder of the financial year has necessitated additional taxation, which was announced to-day.

The new taxes include a 15 per cent. on tobacco, a penny surcharge on all letters, and a golly tax of 75 per cent. on the difference between the prices on August 24 and the date of sale.

COMMONS TOLD

Premier's New War Statement

London, Sept. 26. Making his fourth statement in the House of Commons on the international situation since the war began, Mr. Neville Chamberlain referred to the second meeting of the Supreme War Council and said it was a great pleasure for them to welcome Mr. Daladier and his colleagues to British shores.

They had found themselves in complete agreement with the French representatives on the course to be followed to meet the developments which had taken place since the last meeting on September 12, and to give effect to the Allies' promises to Poland.

Agreement was also reached, said the Prime Minister on the procedure for co-ordinating and perfecting the arrangements to be made by the two Governments on the questions of munitions supplies.

Since his last statement on September 20, the effects of the action of the Soviet Government of the position in Poland had become clear. Soviet forces had everywhere rapidly advanced.

Soviet's Gains
Mr. Chamberlain alluded to the demarcation line referred to in the German-Soviet communiqué of September 23, and said, "It will be noticed that this line brings the Soviet forces up to the suburbs of Warsaw and leaves the greater part of Galicia and the Polish oil wells in Soviet control."

Mr. Chamberlain said the Red Army communiqué did not, however, suggest that Soviet troops had yet occupied all their allotted territory under the agreement, amounting to more than half the total area of the Polish Republic.

In those circumstances, the Polish armies had been taken in the rear as well as in the front and had naturally been unable to maintain their ground.

The Polish people had not however, given up the struggle and all

the world was deeply moved by the magnificent heroism of the defenders of Warsaw, and the Hel Peninsula, who still are holding out against the surrounding German forces despite ruthless and continuous bombardment.—Reuter.

CHARLIE KUNZ FAMOUS PIANO MEDLEYS

on REX RECORDS

60050—Piano Medley No. D27, Intro:—"I Have Eyes," "Hurry Home," "You're As Pretty As A Picture," "Hold Tight, Hold Tight," "Little Sir Echo," "Could Be."

60056—Melody Masters No. 3. (Rudolph Friml.) Intro:—"Rose Marie," "Indian Love Call," "Donkey Serenade," "Symphony," "Love Everlasting," "Glennina Mia."

60060—Kunz Revivals No. 8, Intro:—"Annie Laurie," "Loch Lomond," "Comin' Thro' The Rye," "Auld Lang Syne," "Villal," "Smoke Gets In Your Eyes," "Who's Made Little Boy Blue?"

etc., etc., etc.

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY
Marina House, 19, Queen's Road Central
Tel. 24648.

COPIES OF

PHOTOGRAPHS

by "Staff Photographer" appearing in the "SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST" and "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH"

may be purchased at the Business Office of "The Hongkong Telegraph"

Morning Post Building, Wyndham Street.

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.15 7.15-9.30

TAKE ANY TRAM OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS

ORIENTAL THEATRE

FLEMING ROAD WANCHAI TEL. 23473

BIG SPECIAL EVENT FOR FRIDAY & SATURDAY

THE GREATEST SERIES OF ACTION PICTURES EVER PRODUCED!

FLOYD GIBBONS

THE WORLD'S MOST SENSATIONAL "HEADLINE HUNTER"

PRESENTING

10-THRILLING REELS-10 OF EXCITING "TRUE ADVENTURES"

ALL OF THEM FACTS AND TAKEN FROM LIFE

SOMETHING NEW AND THRILLING IN MOTION PICTURES!

FLOYD GIBBONS WILL TELL YOU he's had lucky breaks these many years. He has been on the spot when human anti-hills quivered with chaos and catastrophe. He has seen human liberty crucified and of just plain people. From New York to Mongolia he has seen the world and reported on the violence and vitality that is in it.

FLOYD GIBBONS, in collaboration with Warner Bros., have now produced for the screen a series of his most thrilling adventures, in the pictures Floyd Gibbons introduces the people to whom the thrilling adventures actually happened, all are superbly presented, you will see one of the most novel and exciting pictures of the year.

"Boys, the president of the club is pretty sick—the least we could do to show our sympathy, is to play only nine holes!"

OVERNIGHT
NEWS PAGERumanian
Fears

LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—The "Exchange Telegraph's" Bucharest correspondent states fears of a Soviet coup are expressed in responsible circles. It is stated that 100 Soviet divisions are advancing, one on the Bessarabian border. Air raid precautionary measures were put into operation in Bucharest last night.

THE GRAND
DUCHYLuxemburg Relies
On Neutrality

Luxemburg, Sept. 26. Luxemburg relies on the belated Powers to maintain treaties and keep their renewed verbal assurances to respect the Grand Duchy's neutrality, stated the Minister of State, M. Pierre Dupong, at an interview.

"Our neutral rights will be fully respected," said M. Dupong, "While our neutrality is based on the same principles as that of Belgium, Holland and Switzerland, there is a difference in our case since we have no Socialist Government."

"While the country hopes to escape war, there will be difficulties, especially economic ones. Our steel industry, which produced one-tenth of the world's output last year and imported coke from Germany, are from France and ship steel from all parts of the world without difficulties, is bound to suffer."

Asked if the number of unemployed in the Grand Duchy really totalled 275,000, he replied that 2,000 was accurate.

M. Dupong, who has a modest office in the Central Post Office building, said that the food situation in Luxemburg was much better now than at the outbreak of the World War. "Our agriculture is in a splendid condition, although there is a shortage of maize for cattle which we have at present an exportable surplus," he said. "We are short of fat, lard and wheat, which is mixed with home-grown produce, good quality flour, also sugar, salt, spices and cocoa."

M. Dupong, who is in his early fifties, welcomes visitors in a quiet and friendly manner. He concluded his interview by saying that the Grand Duchy this year was celebrating its 100 years of independence established by the Treaty of London on the conclusion of the Belgian revolution in 1839, the exact frontier of Holland, Belgium and Luxemburg was established.—United Press.

U-Boat Scourge

Survivors
Tell Of
Experience

LONDON, Sept. 26. Survivors of the British steamer *Itzehoe* which was sunk by a German submarine today gave the story of their ordeal when the ship was attacked.

They said that the ship was first shelled and then torpedoed. The story of the affair was the wireless operator, who though wounded in the face, leg and arm by shell splinters, continued to send messages and had to be carried to the boat when the ship was abandoned.

The captain steered a zig-zag course but eventually had to stop the engine and abandon the ship. The second engineer, who had an arm blown off, went down to the engine room to carry out orders and was never seen again. Two of the lifeboats were smashed by the gunfire and all the crew had to go in the Captain's jolly-boat which was so crowded that they could not use the oars and had to bail the water out with sea-boats. Soon after, a British destroyer arrived and dropped a depth charge but it was not known whether the submarine was sunk.—Reuter Bulletin.

Counter-Measures Discussed

LONDON, Sept. 26. In connection with the sinking of the Swedish freighter *Gertrud Bratt* by a German submarine, it is confirmed that nineteen of the crew were picked up by another Swedish steamer and landed safely in Norway. This is the third neutral steamer sunk by the Germans during the past few days. The Swedish Government has temporarily suspended the shipment of cellulose, and exporters are said to be taking action to meet the situation. It is stated that such cargoes will have to be transported to Norway and re-shipped from there.

WARSAW HOLDS OUT WHILE
FRENCH ADVANCE ON SAAR

The Russians and the Germans continue to occupy new territory in Poland in what is said to be in accordance with their mutual plans. The Russians have reached the frontier of Estonia and it is reported that they have closed the Rumanian frontier.

The German troops have not ceased their bombardment of Warsaw which is now running short of ammunition. The Poles, however, repelled another Nazi assault by hand-to-hand fighting. President Moscicki of Poland, who fled into Rumania, has been interned together with General Smigly-Rydz. It is reported that the President is contemplating resignation in favour of a Pole in France for the purpose of establishing a new Polish government on French soil.

In Nazi occupied Poland the Jews are being severely dealt with. They have been refused food and all the shops where the Jews have fled have been taken over by the Germans.

On the Western Front the French artillery pounded the German lines and made advances in the Saar sector. The Germans on the other hand claim to be attacking a French town from three sides.

Budapest, Sept. 26. An unconfirmed report states that the Germans blew up the Drobobycz oil wells before handing over to the Russians.—Reuter Special.

Red Army's Advance

Moscow, Sept. 26. A Red Army communique reports that the troops have reached the towns of Suwalki and Goniadz and are now on a line running thence through Surzhi, Yanov, Opalin, Dubenka, Podgichiki, Uniatyche, Rybnik and Kozlowa.—Reuter.

Forming Guerilla Bands

Paris, Sept. 26. The bands forming in Poland are modelled on those which Marshal Pilsudski directed in the last war and which contributed effectively to the country's resurrection, declares General Duval writing in the *Journal des Debats*.—Reuter Special.

Pounded To Dust

LONDON, Sept. 26. Despite the unrestricted warfare waged by the Germans in which the ruthlessness of the military operations has known no bounds, Warsaw is still bravely holding out and will continue to hold out until there is no further strength and breath in us, stated the announcer of Radio Warsaw in broadcast to-day.

He said that Warsaw was undergoing the eleventh day of artillery bombardment which had been almost ceaseless since it began. Heavy guns were indiscriminately continuing to shell the city into dust. All the buildings had gone one by one and now the smaller ones were going the same way. All the while, continued the tragic message, hundreds of bombs were falling from the sky, destroying and killing on a scale unparalleled in history. Tens of thousands of civilians were dead and wounded, but it seemed impossible to kill the spirit of the people. The latest sign of the indomitable spirit of the people came from the women. Ready to die with their menfolk, large squads of armed women were now fighting side by side with the soldiers.

The Germans claim to have penetrated into parts of the suburbs and state that they have captured the southern suburbs.

The Red Army claims to be still advancing and state that they are carrying out military operations in the Ukraine and in White Russia. It is stated that the work of making the Poles Soviet-minded is going on very successfully. The Soviet military authorities have several spectacular aerial encounters between Allied and German planes. The Germans claim that they brought down five French planes, although previously they had put the number at eight. The French admit having lost two machines.

The Germans dropped pamphlets which read: One Führer, one people, one Reich. The French replied with Liberty, Equality, Fraternity.—Reuter Bulletin.

Envoy Returns

Paris, Sept. 26. The French Ambassador to Poland who has just returned to Paris, in an interview said that the Polish army was beaten because of the crushing superiority of Germany in the air and also the relentless manner in which they used their vastly superior mechanised forces.

The Germans, he said, freely used aerial torpedoes and bombs not only on military objectives but on anything they could see. The slightest sign of anything moving was sufficient for the Germans to let loose all the fury of their guns and planes. The shelling and bombing was carried out without the slightest considerations of humanitarianism or even conforming to the smallest rules of warfare.

The Ambassador paid a glowing tribute to the magnificent heroism of the Poles, who fought to the death. Where the opposing forces were equal, he said, the Poles were infinitely superior fighters. Another factor which contributed to the early defeat of the Poles was the widespread system of espionage which the Germans had set up. Whenever the Government or state authorities moved, the spies would communicate the news to the Germans and the place was blasted almost out of existence by the German planes.—Reuter Bulletin.

Italy Sees Allied Success

LONDON, Sept. 26. The first mention in the Italian Press of the possibility of a collapse of the Siegfried Line is contained in a leading article in the *Gloria*.

which will mean an increase in the cost by about 20 per cent. It is emphasised that if the Germans continue the unrestricted submarine campaign it will paralyse the Swedish export trade. A Norwegian telegram has left for London to discuss the question with the British Government.

In addition to the Swedish ships, two Finnish vessels have been sunk so far.—Reuter Bulletin.

d'Italia, which was broadcast on the Italian wireless, and stated that the Allied Governments and nations should bear in mind that even the collapse of the German Western wall will probably bring the Allied armies in contact with the stronger German troops.—Reuter.

Artillery Active

Paris, Sept. 26. French and German guns have been exchanging violent cannonades on the Western Front. For the first time since the outbreak of war there has been prolonged artillery action on the stretch along the Rhine between Strasbourg and the Swiss frontier.

After a week spent in consolidating the gains, the French have moved up artillery batteries and are now within good range of the Siegfried Line.—Reuter.

German Plans Being Made

Paris, Sept. 26. With the war approaching the end of the first month, military circles foresee an early German invasion of Switzerland or Holland, or both. An attack via Switzerland will give a long front line of 200 kilometres while an attack via Holland will permit the German forces to skirt behind Belgium's first line defences and head for the heart of Flanders.

The authoritative *Petit Parisien* says that in addition to evacuating Aix-la-Chapelle, which presupposes eventual violation of Dutch neutrality, there are three large masses of troops in the neighbourhood of the German-Swiss frontier, behind the Rhine, from Basel to Schaffhouse. The German plan would be to organise large scale operations via Neuchâtel into the Jura mountains. The natural defences in the Jura mountains, in addition to the powerful forts constructed there, would permit the French to hold up the enemy advance with ease.

Military circles hold the opinion that the Germans are doing their utmost to discover the strength of the French forces before venturing an offensive. The Germans are also preoccupied with the French advance, which puts certain parts of the Siegfried Line under the range of French artillery.—United Press.

German Claim Reduced

LONDON, Sept. 26. Great activity continues on the Western Front, chiefly confined to artillery duels. There have also been several spectacular aerial encounters between Allied and German planes. The Germans claim that they brought down five French planes, although previously they had put the number at eight. The French admit having lost two machines.

The Germans dropped pamphlets which read: One Führer, one people, one Reich. The French replied with Liberty, Equality, Fraternity.—Reuter Bulletin.

West Reich
Strewn With
Leaflets
More Excursions
By The R.A.F.

LONDON, Sept. 26. The Air Ministry announces that the Royal Air Force again carried out successful reconnaissance over western and north-west Germany on Monday. Attacks by enemy aircraft were repulsed and the British machines returned safely to their bases.

Last night further reconnaissance were carried out over Germany and leaflets dropped. All the machines landed safely.—Reuter.

Eighteen Million Pamphlets

LONDON, Sept. 26. A Ministry of Information bulletin states that since the beginning of the war the Royal Air Force has dropped 18 million pamphlets in various parts of Germany.

The British aircraft, continues the bulletin, penetrated far into the interior of the Reich visiting the north, the centre as well as the Western Front. British machines have travelled thousands of miles over German territory during the past twenty days. The pamphlets were dropped tied in bundles the size of a brick. The raids were mostly carried out at night and the fact that most of the pamphlets dropped in the right places testified to the skill of the airmen.—Reuter Bulletin.

Latest News From China War Front

Chungshan Quiet
But Changsha
Threatened

CHUNGSHAN, Sept. 26.—The Chinese militia are still holding Cheungkapin, Taiwan, Siuyan and Laichuen, north-east of Shekhi, which were scenes of fighting last week. These fronts were very quiet yesterday with the exception of some minor Chinese raids against the Japanese remaining at Tawangtau and Sanchow. As a precaution most of the Japanese there return to their warships at night.

Two Japanese warships remain off Tawangtau with three at Wangmoon. The warships at Tawangtau fired intermittently towards Cheungkapin.

On Sunday afternoon two Japanese planes flew over Shekhi and machine-gunned the Chinese positions. No planes visited Shekhi yesterday. Some of the traders who have returned to Shekhi are now opening shops at night in order to avoid being bombed.

Kongmoon Desertion

Shiuhing, Kwangtung, Sept. 26. More than 200 puppet vanguards stationed at Kongmoon have deserted. Other Japanese-employed Chinese irregulars in Sunwei are reported to have mutinied because they have not been paid for three months.

A lot of them have surrendered to the Chinese.—Central News.

Chinese Successes

Shekhi, Sept. 26. Chinese successes in Tsungfu and Fayun were spectacular, as a Shiuhing report claims that the Japanese casualties included over 300 cowboys, 600 infantrymen and the death of a detachment commander with the rank of major-general. Many Japanese retreated in confusion to Shenkong, and several officers were killed by the guerrillas, who sniped at them.

Heavy losses were also sustained on the Chinese side, as the Japanese brought into action over 200 Japanese bombing planes, necessitating the Chinese counter-attacks only at night or during bad weather.—Special.

Japanese Consolidating

Maeco, Sept. 26. An unexpected development in the Japanese hostilities in Chungshan was the sudden and unexplained withdrawal of large numbers of the invading troops, on Friday last. The Chinese defenders on the Wangmoon front were given a much needed respite, but the Japanese appeared off Tai Lam and Siu Lum Islands, midway between San Cho Island and the mainland of Tau Moon, close to Pak Chiu.

On the Wangmoon front the Japanese have not withdrawn entirely, and are in occupation of Pak Tong Tap Hill, where about 200 Japanese troops and a similar number of labourers brought by the Japanese from elsewhere in China, are busy engaged in the erection of barbed wire barricades and other works. Pak Tong Tap Hill occupies a very strategic position, overlooking the foreshore of Wangmoon Channel, and it is possible that the Japanese are fortifying the place with the object of covering future landings at the spot.

Meanwhile, the Chinese villagers, who have been holding out against the Japanese for so long in Chungshan, have been reinforced by the arrival of Chinese irregulars from various other districts in South China. The newly arrived troops possess better arms and equipment than the district guards.

Refugees are returning to their homes, in spite of the presence of Japanese warships off the coast and occasional visits by Japanese planes.—Our Own Correspondent.

Tenghai Evacuation

Hingmai, Kwangtung, Sept. 26. Tenghai, a town on the eastern Kwangtung coast, 12 miles north-east of Swatow, was evacuated by the Chinese yesterday after heavy fighting.—Central News.

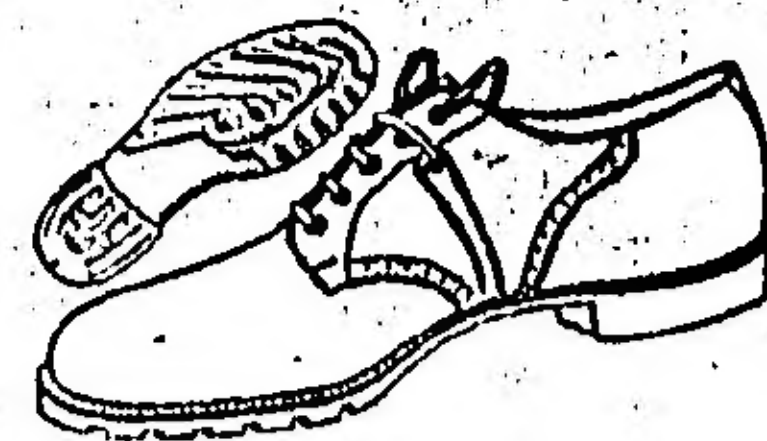
Changsha Threat

Hankow, Sept. 26. Having covered 25 miles since Saturday the vanguards of the Japanese in north-eastern Hunan today were within 40 miles of Changsha.

Two units of Japanese on Monday afternoon crossed the Mi River. A Japanese naval landing party which landed on the east shore of Tungting Lake, occupied Lushan Island west of the Hankow-Canton Railway, on Monday morning.—Domei.

Chinese Resistance

Changsha, Sept. 26. Large-scale fighting is raging in a wide area lying between the Sin-



LOTUS "DORMEONE" SHOES are very old and tried favourites. They have two special features—the LOW HEEL and the "DORMEONE" STRAP.

The heel is only $\frac{3}{4}$ " high. This means that the weight of the body is thrown well back and a correct stance is enforced. Almost as good as the ideal—the barefoot stance.

The "DORMEONE" strap acts like a veritable extra ligament, bracing the arch of the foot constantly and taking away the strain of the low heel. It is adjustable both for position and tension. It permits a full day's golf without foot fatigue.

\$39.50—Less 10% Cash Discount.

MACKINTOSH'S LTD.

MEN'S WEAR
SPECIALISTS

TRADE 'KEPLER' MARK
COD Liver Oil with MALT Extract

A vital force for health



If you would have your children happy, healthy, adventurous and self-reliant, see that they get this energy-giving food. 'KEPLER' COD Liver Oil with MALT Extract meets all the requirements of growth and energy.

Bottles of two sizes
All Chemists and Stores

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.
(PROPRIETORS) THE WELLCOME FOUNDATION LTD., LONDON, ENGL.
LONDON AND SHANGHAI

FOR PERFECTION
AND COOLNESS.

HAVE YOUR
Summer
Wear
DRY CLEANED
THIS BETTER
WAY!

ZORIC
Odourless
Air Condition
Dry Cleaning



THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Head Office & Works 57032
Hong Kong Depot, Tel. 21270. Gloucester Bldg., 2nd Flr., Tel. 28938.
Peak Depot, Tel. 20352. Kowloon Depot, Tel. 58345.



THE
HONGKONG
PENINSULA HOTEL;
HONGKONG HOTEL; REPULSE BAY HOTEL;
&
SHANGHAI
ASTOR HOUSE; PALACE HOTEL;
HOTELS
LIMITED

In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking

AT POPULAR PRICES.

PHOTO NEWS

BANK NOTICES

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Head Office:—15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.3.
 Authorised Capital £1,000,000
 Subscribed Capital £1,000,000
 Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
 Reserve Fund and Rest £1,237,719

BANKERS:
 The Bank of England & Midland Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES:
 Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Hongkong, India, Japan, Madras, Malacca, Penang, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Siam, Soerabaya, Yokohama.

HONGKONG BRANCH:
 Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
TRUSTS AND EXECUTORSHIP UNDERTAKEN.
 Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at rates that may be ascertained on application.
 D. BENSON, Manager.

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LIMITED.

Authorised Capital \$10,000,000.00
 Paid-up Capital \$5,500,000.00
 Reserve and Undivided Profits \$2,833,333.33

HEAD OFFICE:—HONGKONG
 10, Des Voeux Road, Central.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
 Mr. Shouson Chow, Chairman.
 Mr. K. K. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
 Amoy, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1823
 Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
 Reserve Liability of Proprietors £1,000,000
 Reserve Fund £1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—LONDON
 25, Abchurch Lane, E.C.4.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:
 Agra, Amritsar, Bangalore, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Ceylon, Hongkong, India, Japan, Madras, Malacca, Penang, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Siam, Soerabaya, Yokohama.

HONGKONG BRANCH:
 Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
TRUSTS AND EXECUTORSHIP UNDERTAKEN.
 Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at rates that may be ascertained on application.
 D. BENSON, Manager.

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LIMITED.

Authorised Capital \$10,000,000.00
 Paid-up Capital \$5,500,000.00
 Reserve and Undivided Profits \$2,833,333.33

HEAD OFFICE:—HONGKONG
 10, Des Voeux Road, Central.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
 Mr. Shouson Chow, Chairman.
 Mr. K. K. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq., Mr. K. H. Kwok, Esq.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
 Amoy, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Members of New York Cotton Exchange
 Chicago Board of Trade
 Winnipeg Grain Exchange
 Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York
 Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc., Montreal
 New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange
 Manila Stock Exchange
 Hongkong Sharebrokers Association
 Shanghai Stock Exchange

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA AND SINGAPORE
 Cable Address: Swanstock

P. & O. S. N. Co.

WE HAVE A PASSENGER STEAMER

SAILING FOR

SHANGHAI

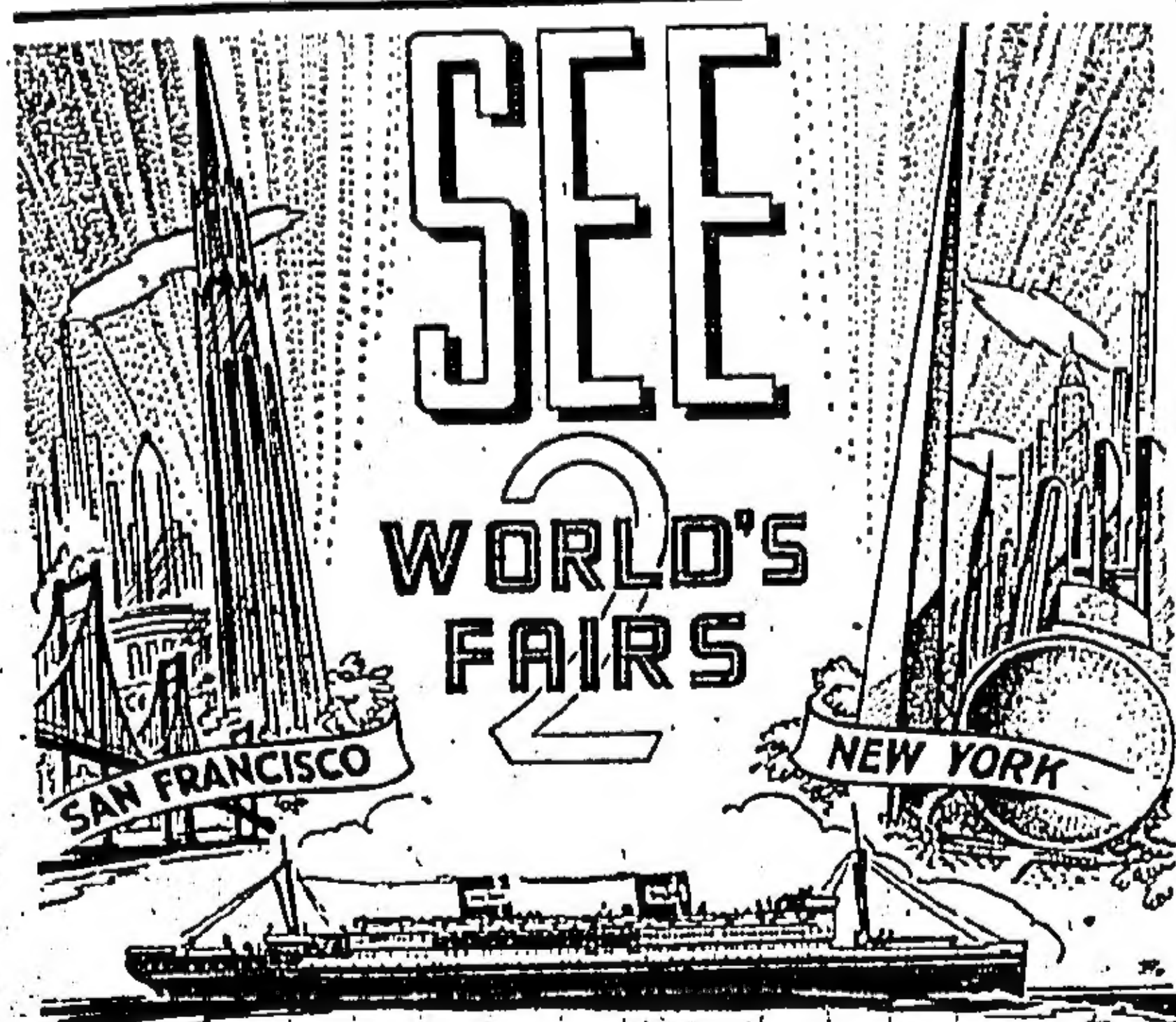
THIS
WEEK

FARES:— 1st Class £12
 2nd Class £7-6-8

Apply:

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.

Phone 27721



ROUND TRIP FARES to SAN FRANCISCO
 Valid for Six Months

S.S. President Coolidge FIRST CLASS .. U.S.\$637.00
 S.S. President Pierce FIRST CLASS .. U.S.\$382.00
 S.S. President Taft FIRST CLASS .. U.S.\$392.00
 S.S. President Cleveland TOURIST CLASS .. U.S.\$322.00

12, PEDDER STREET

TELEPHONE 28171.

AMERICAN-PRESIDENT LINES
 * ROUND-WORLD SERVICE *



This remarkable photo is first ever made of England's newest torpedo boat. The speedy craft carries two torpedo tubes, one on each side. Here are two torpedoes being launched simultaneously while the craft manoeuvres at full speed into firing position.



Striking dairy farmers near Mt. Upton, N.Y., determined that no milk would reach New York City, so they opened the valve of this tank truck, allowing the contents to flow into the gutter. Violence and raids on trucks marked the strike as New York's milk supply was cut in half.



Soviet Premier Molotov, centre, signs that world-shaking Nazi-Soviet non-aggression pact in Moscow. Stalin, second from left. Von Ribbentrop, left.



Bluejackets from the Naval Training Station at San Diego, Calif., charge through a gas screen as they train for the Navy's Relief Carnival in that city. Sailors and Marines will stage sham battles on a miniature battlefield as a spectacular carnival feature.

The Hongkong Telegraph NINTH ANNUAL AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC COMPETITION

June—September, 1939
\$250 CASH PRIZES \$250

(Donated by "Hongkong Telegraph")
TWO SILVER TROPHIES, VALUED \$250
 (Donated by ILFORD, Ltd., London)
 SEND YOUR ENTRIES IN NOW
 CLOSING DATE & TIME: 29th SEPT. AT 5 P.M.

THE ILFORD TROPHIES WILL BE AWARDED TO THE BEST AND SECOND. BEST ENTRIES IN THE COMPETITION, IRRESPECTIVE OF CLASS.

Prizes will be allotted as follows:		
SECTION ONE: For Story-Telling Pictures. 1st. \$30. 2nd. \$15. 3rd. \$10.	SECTION THREE: Portraits, Informal Close-ups, Human Studies. 1st. \$30. 2nd. \$15. 3rd. \$10.	SECTION FOUR: Still Life and Table-Top Studies. 1st. \$30. 2nd. \$15. 3rd. \$10.
SECTION TWO: General Pictorial Section: Landscapes, Seascapes, Architectural, Street Scenes, etc. 1st. \$30. 2nd. \$15. 3rd. \$10.	SECTION FIVE: Snapshots taken by children under fourteen years. 1st. \$15. 2nd. \$10. 3rd. \$5.	

RULES

- The following Rules will govern the Competition.
- The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.
- No employee or member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.
- The prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be pasted on back of entry.
- The right to publish any or all of the entries is reserved to the Hongkong Telegraph.
- All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.
- No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to entries.
- All entries to be either black, sepia, or toned pictures, and must be mounted. Coloured photographs are ineligible.
- Pictures submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a smaller print in black and white.
- No picture to entered in more than one Section.
- Mounts to be only white or cream, and, except in the Children's Section, must be of one of the following sizes:—10x12, 10x20.
- No correspondence will be entered into in connection with the Competition.
- Entries in the Children's Section must bear the entrant's name, age and address on the entry form, counter-signed by a parent.
- Members of the Staffs of the Hongkong Telegraph and the South China Morning Post are not permitted to compete.
- The decisions of the Judges shall be final.
- At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the Telegraph office within seven days.

USE THIS FORM

AND PASTE IT

ON THE

BACK OF EACH ENTRY

ENTRY FORM

NAME
 ADDRESS
 DATE
 Please use block letters and paste this on back of each entry. If entered in Children's Section, parent please counter-sign here.

Gland Discovery Restores Youth In 24 Hours

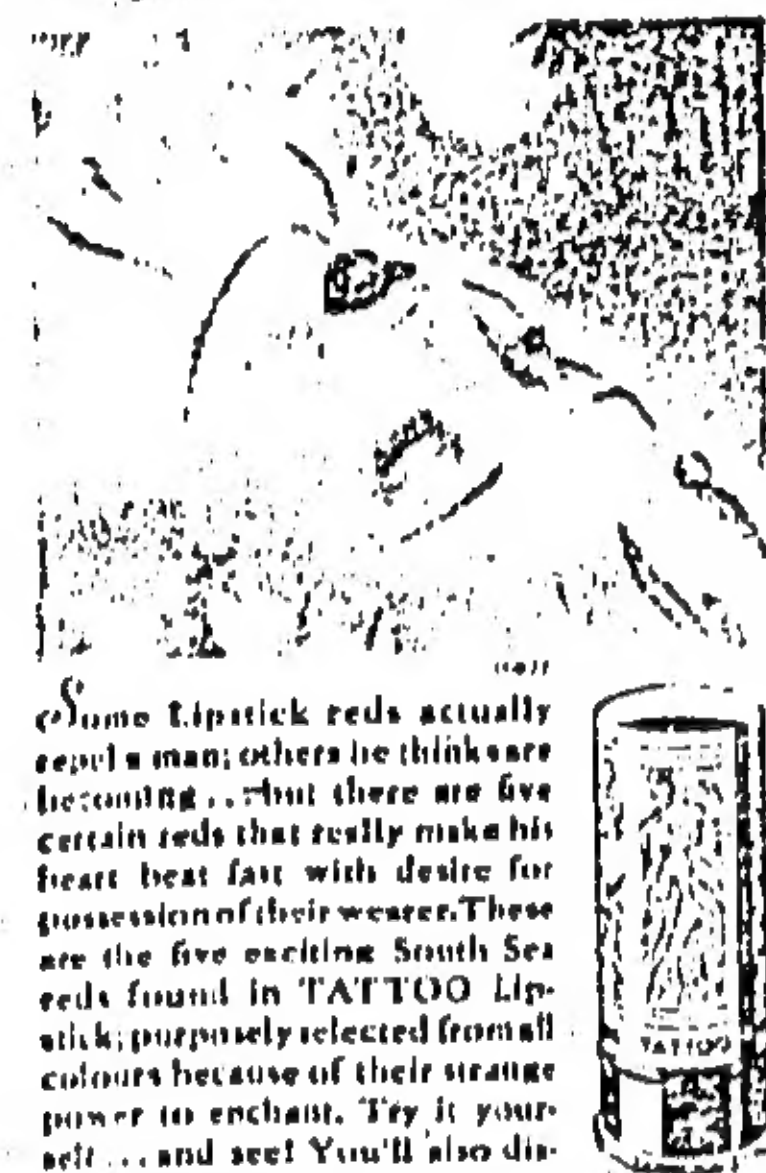
Sufferers from loss of vigor, nervousness, weak body, impure blood, failing memory, and who are old and worn-out before their time will be delighted to learn of a new gland discovery by an American Doctor.

This new discovery makes it possible to quickly and easily restore vigor to your glands and body, to build rich, pure blood, to strengthen your mind and memory and feel like a new man in only 24 hours. In fact, this discovery which is a home medicine in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, does away with gland operations and begins to build new vigor and energy in 24 hours, yet it is absolutely harmless and natural in action.

The success of this amazing discovery, called Vi-Tabs has been a great in America that it is now being distributed by all chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction or money back. In other words, Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigor and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the empty package and get your money back. A special double-strength bottle of 48 Vi-Tabs costs little and the Vi-Tabs guarantee protects Restores Manhood and Vitality.

PUT THIS NEW COLOUR-THRILL ON YOUR LIPS!

Lustrous, transparent South Sea Colour...the most glamorous reds ever put into lipstick.



Some lipstick reds actually repel a man; others he thinks are becoming. But there are few certain reds that really make his heart beat fast with desire for possession of their wearers. These are the five exciting South Sea reds found in TATTOO Lipstick, purposely selected from all colors because of their strange power to enchant. Try it yourself...and see! You'll also discover that TATTOO is the most famous lipstick in the world, and that it actually makes your lips softer, smoother, oh so much more beautiful! See these five exciting colors at your favorite store. There are various sizes at prices to suit all purses.

KORAL, TROPIC, NATURAL, PEARL, HAWAIIAN

For your complete beauty treatment, use Tattoo Powder, Rouge and Mascara (Cream with brush).
Sole Distributor:
Aur-Pit Seng Trading Co., Ltd.,
Hongkong.



One drop on ACHING CORNS relieves pain in three seconds! Apply Gets-It two or three times and the corn will peel right off. Millions, all over the world, use this faithful friend of corn-sufferers—**GETS-IT**



Protect health and improve the value of your home with efficient sewage system—quickly—economically installed. Let us advise and submit an estimate. No obligation.

Phone 20269

C. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.

St. George's Bldg.
Chater Road

COUNT THE "TELEGRAPHS" EVERYWHERE

You're going to look taller



Highly coloured quilts stand high on a black hat. The quilt shows a typical autumn silhouette. High, wide, and well-padded shoulders, a long light-fitting jacket trimmed with what looks like astrakhan but is actually a new kind of embroidery.

The scarf is a striped silk one, and it might easily belong to a blouse, because so many of them are satin, silk, or foulard widely or narrowly striped. Gloves are satin backed.

Try These "Special" Little Cakes

It is always a good plan on baking days to make an assortment of small cakes which, if kept in airtight tins, will remain fresh for several days and can be produced if unexpected guests arrive.

I am going to give you a few recipes of "specials" which are simple to prepare, and also delicious. For Raspberry Specials rub 3 ozs of butter into 1½ lb of flour, and add 3 ozs of sugar and a teaspoonful of baking powder. When you have made a well in the centre, add one well beaten egg, and enough milk to make a stiffish dough. Divide into ten pieces and, using a little flour, roll each piece into a ball. Grease and flour a tin and lay the balls on this, making a small hole in the top of each one. Fill with raspberry jam (not too much) and pinch the hole together again. Press the balls down slightly, brush them with milk, sprinkle them with sugar, and bake in a moderate oven.

You will find that, when the balls are properly cooked, they will open on top showing the raspberry jam.

Oatmeal Specials

This is the way to make Oatmeal Specials. After creaming 4 ozs of butter, add 2 ozs of brown sugar, ½ lb of coarse oatmeal, and two or

three tablespoonfuls of syrup. Mix well together. Take a baking tin (a flat one) butter and flour it, and press out the mixture in this keeping it about ¼ inch thick. Bake in a moderate oven for half an hour, then shake a little icing sugar over the top, and cut into portions while still hot.

Orange Specials are delicious. Blanch 4 ozs of almonds and shred them finely. Grate the rind and squeeze out the juice from two oranges. When you have creamed 3 ozs of butter with 4 ozs of caster sugar, add the orange rind and juice. Mix in 2 ozs of sieved flour and drop spoonfuls of the mixture on a greased baking-tin. Bake in a hot oven until the edges of the Orange Specials turn brown—about ten minutes—and when nearly done, put the almonds on top.

Here is a recipe for Butter Specials. Sift ½ lb of self-raising flour, 2 ozs of caster sugar, and a pinch of salt in a basin. Rub in 2 ozs of butter with your fingers, and then stir in 2 ozs of sultanas and half an ounce of currants, previously cleaned. Add two beaten eggs and sufficient milk to make a fairly stiff dough. Roll out on a floured board to three-quarters of an inch thickness, and cut into rounds.

Bake in a hot oven for 15 minutes on a buttered baking dish. When cooked, split, and spread with butter; serve hot.

Ann Rutledge



Forward tilted black hat trimmed with a cocker's head and high tail feathers. Black silk streamers hang down the back. The black suit has the long hip-line but with fullness at the back on jacket and skirt.

Butter Problem

DURING hot weather, the problem of keeping the butter fresh is a worrying one. One of the best ways to solve it is to fill a basin, a large cooking one, with cold water. To this add a quarter of a tea-spoonful of bicarbonate of soda. Put butter into the basin and leave it for several hours. You will find that not only has the butter been sweetened but also that it is once more firm.

O. S. M.

Nurse loses 40-lbs. of fat in 6 weeks

with pleasant, reducing method. Mrs. Francis Riddell, a trained nurse writes: "Other remedies had failed to reduce me, but BonKora took off 40-lbs. in 6 weeks. Now my stout patients are reducing the same way." BonKora is a safe and healthy, taking off fat the new "stage" way. Triple action, triple speed. Take a little BonKora daily. EAT DIO MRALS as explained in BonKora package. No drug, no danger. Don't delay. Get BonKora to-day.

Sole Agents: W. S. Sherry & Co. 20 Queen's Rd. C.

PARIS.

IT isn't the detail that matters so much in a general review of the Paris dress shows as how the details are co-ordinated to produce a representative silhouette. And the fact that jackets are lengthening to below the hip-line and hats are going up high (like Eric's feather-trimmed one which can make you look at least 12 inches taller), provide an autumn silhouette which is good news for those who can't afford to concede inches to their six-footed neighbours.

Principal change in the contour is brought about by those jackets that fit squarely over the bust-line, go in to a normal waist, and then continue over the hip to about six inches below.

Creed, who knows more about the moulding of tweed than almost anyone else in the world, uses this length jacket practically throughout his collection.

With his suits in black and caramel, green and deep red, he puts tall feather-trimmed hats by Rose Valois, shoes and angle-high boots by Baller-Grand, and gloves, which are short, tight-fitting and sometimes backed with contrasting colours, by Ilda.

★ ★ ★

Another thing which adds to the illusion of height is the adoption of high collars on jumpers and dresses. Ruched lace is introduced into some of them, and I've yet to see anything more charming than a high neck-line with a starched frilled collar which sticks out higher in front than the back.

Coats are, in the main, straight in the front with any fullness concentrated in the back. It comes in pleats, flares, and, of course, the bustle.

Velvet, corduroy, heavy velvet, and chifon velvet are extremely popular materials, and Chanel uses them a great deal for complete suits and evening frocks.

Creed trimmed a number of his suits and coats with it.

Velvet also makes collars, cuffs, pockets, buttons, and gloves. It is slimming, especially in black, and the simplified line demanded for these suits adds considerably to height.

It is used, too, for tam o'shanter which stand up high on one side with military precision.

"I simply adore this lovely perfume"



THERE is nothing so fragrant—so delightfully haunting—as the old-world perfume of lavender which is incorporated to perfection in Erasmic Old London Lavender Toilet Soap. This perfume has stood the test of time. It was as much a favourite in grandmother's day as it is now. No other perfume is so refreshing—so delicate—so pleasing.

And the soap—the rich, creamy lather, soft and soothing to the skin. How well it cleanses! How comforting it feels! It is a real beauty treatment in itself.



ERASMIC Old London LAVENDER TOILET SOAP

Agents: JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

PAIN after EATING



A SIGN OF ACID STOMACH!

Relief in a few seconds with 'BISURATED' MAGNESIA

It is excess acid in the stomach that causes indigestion, stomach upset and pain, sour the food and creates wind and heartburn. It attacks the delicate stomach lining and may eventually cause dangerous ulcers. What are you going to do to check it? Medical search and X-ray test—prove 'Bisurated' Magnesia the quickest acting stomach remedy—that is why doctors use it. Not merely a palliative for pain, but a complete stomach treatment which neutralises acidity and soothes and heals the acid-seared stomach lining. Noted English doctor says: "Bisurated" Magnesia is the only thing that keeps me free from pain after meals." You must use it too!

Universal Magnesia cuts bile from any food chemical or drug stores. Only the real BISURATED sign on the package.

BISURATED MAGNESIA

quickest stomach relief

THE "TELEGRAPH" will send a Staff Photographer to all events of public interest. Requests should be addressed to the Pictorial Editor.

PEPSODENT TOOTH PASTE and POWDER

CONTAIN IRIUM FOR GREATER CLEANSING POWER



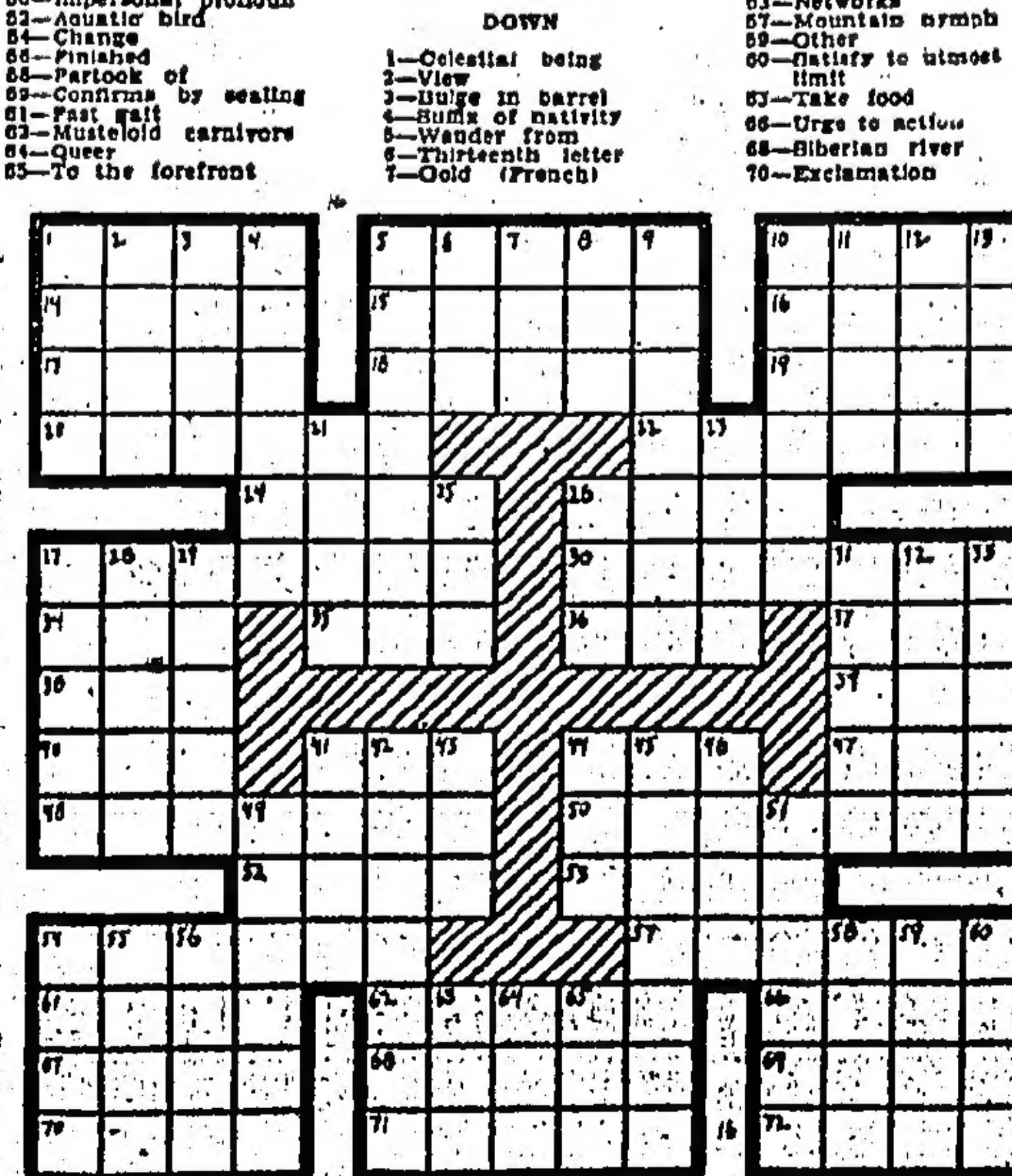
Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS

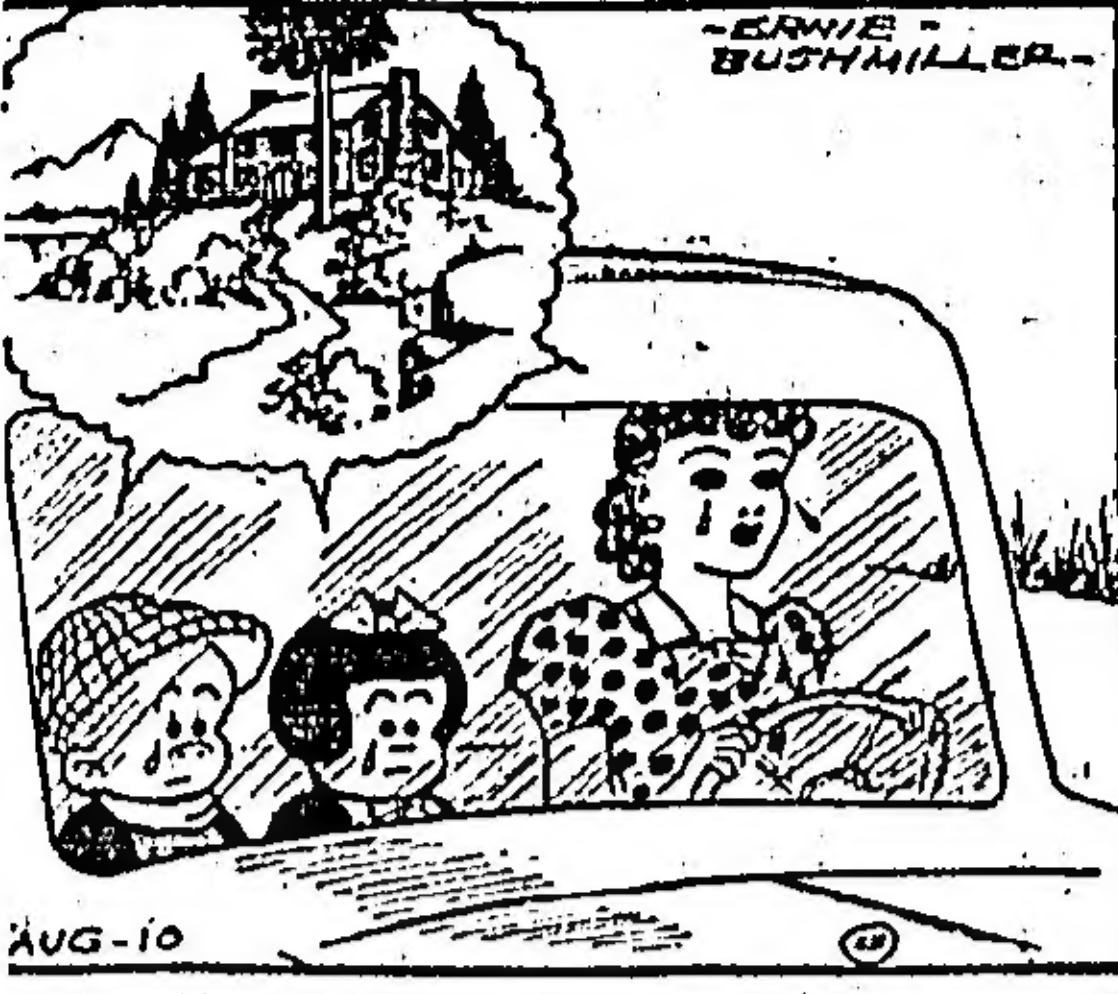
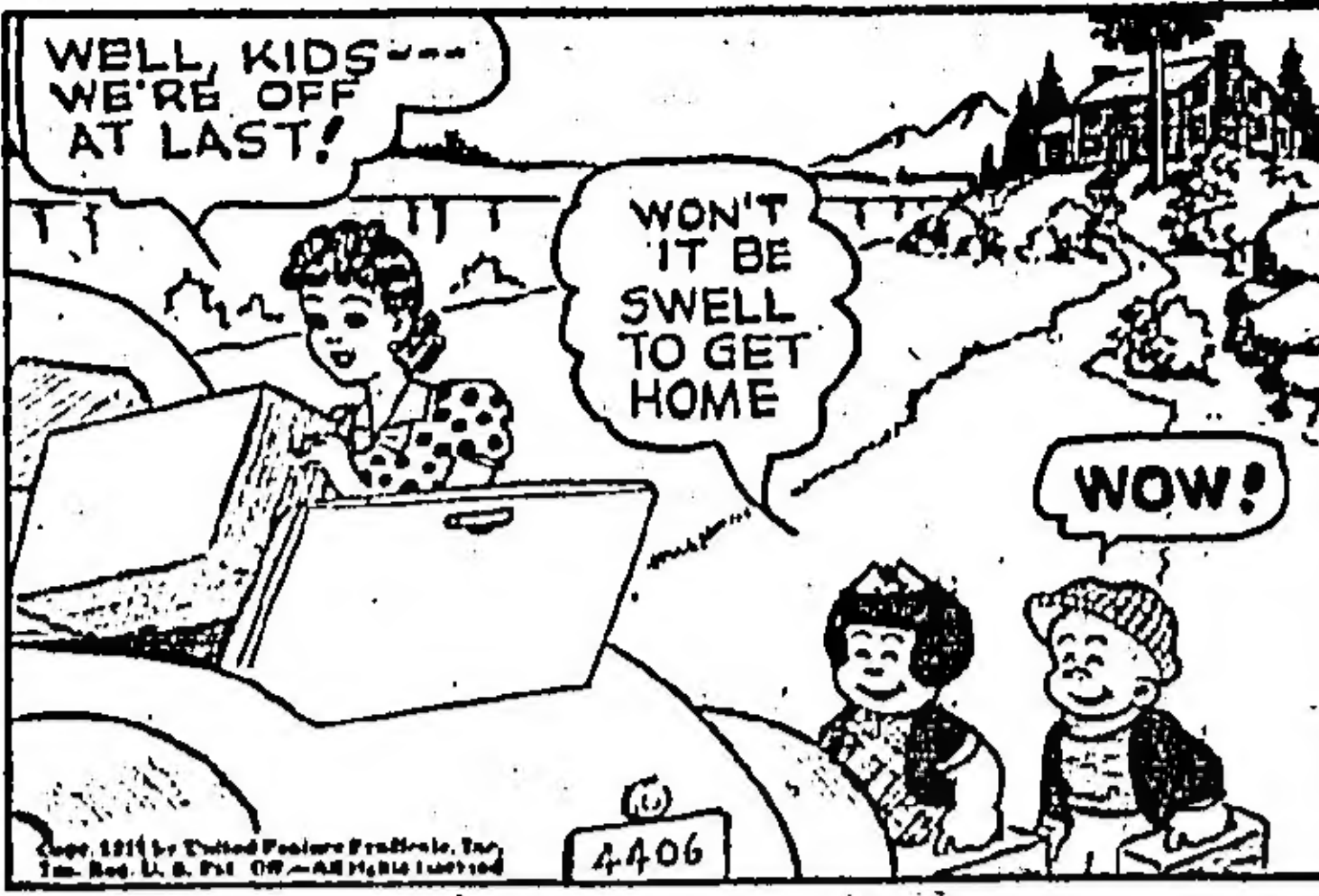
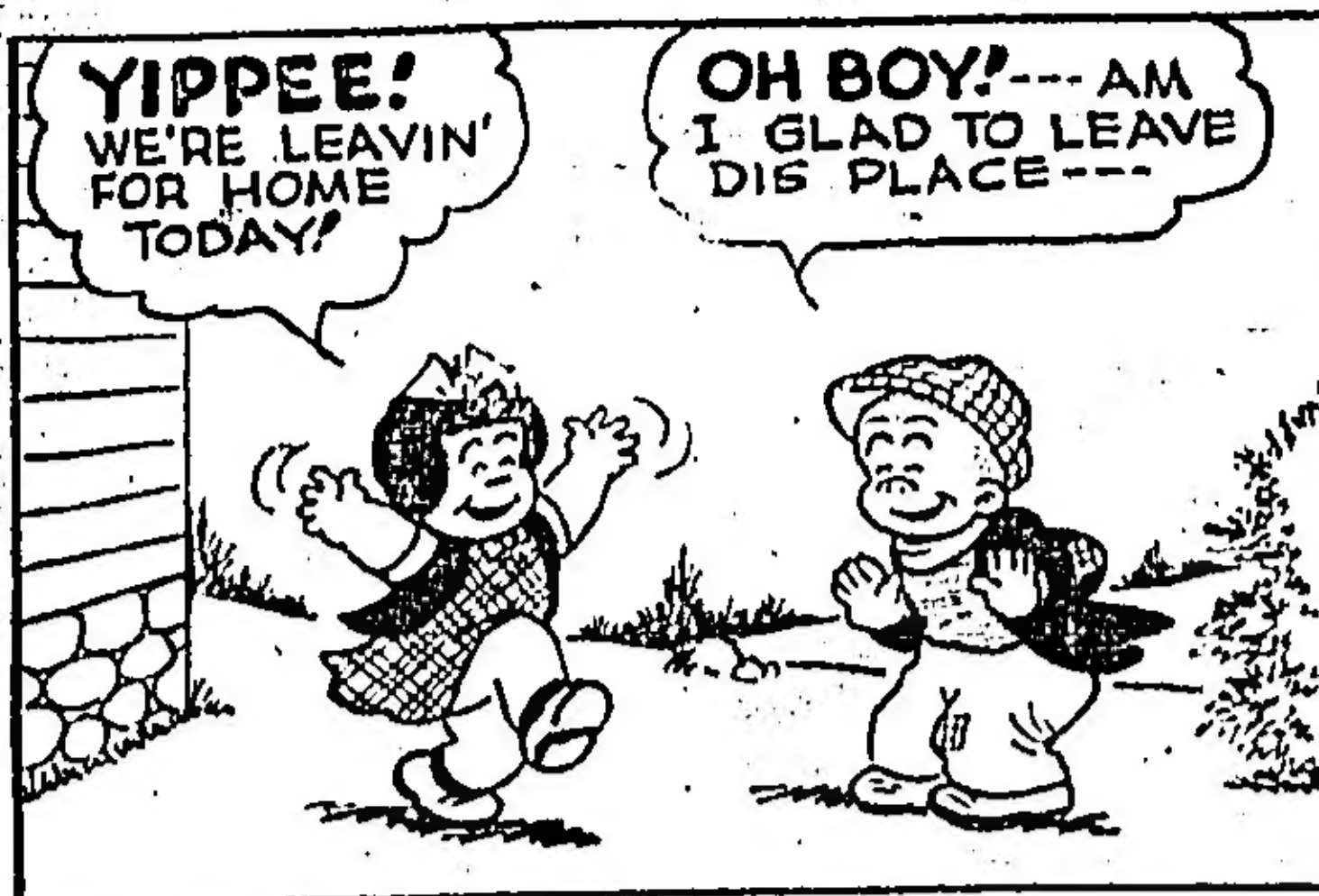
ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE

ACROSS
1—Crepelling stem
7—Purpose
13—Compendium
16—Inhale
18—Lapse angry
19—With maiden name
20—Without delay
21—Anglice (abbr.)
22—Come out
23—Cooking utensil
24—Vital (abbr.)
27—Ancient middle
28—Former U. S. Army
30—Interjection
31—Mainly marshes during World War
32—One used in electric signs
33—Wherefore
34—Almond
37—Pique
38—Freed
39—Shade
40—Shade
41—Shade
42—Mother of Achilles
43—Giles
44—Of ability
45—Ordnance
46—Impersonal pronoun
47—Angry bird
48—Change
49—Finished
50—Partook of
51—Confirms by seating
52—Fast exit
53—Musteloid carnivore
54—Lure
55—To the forefront

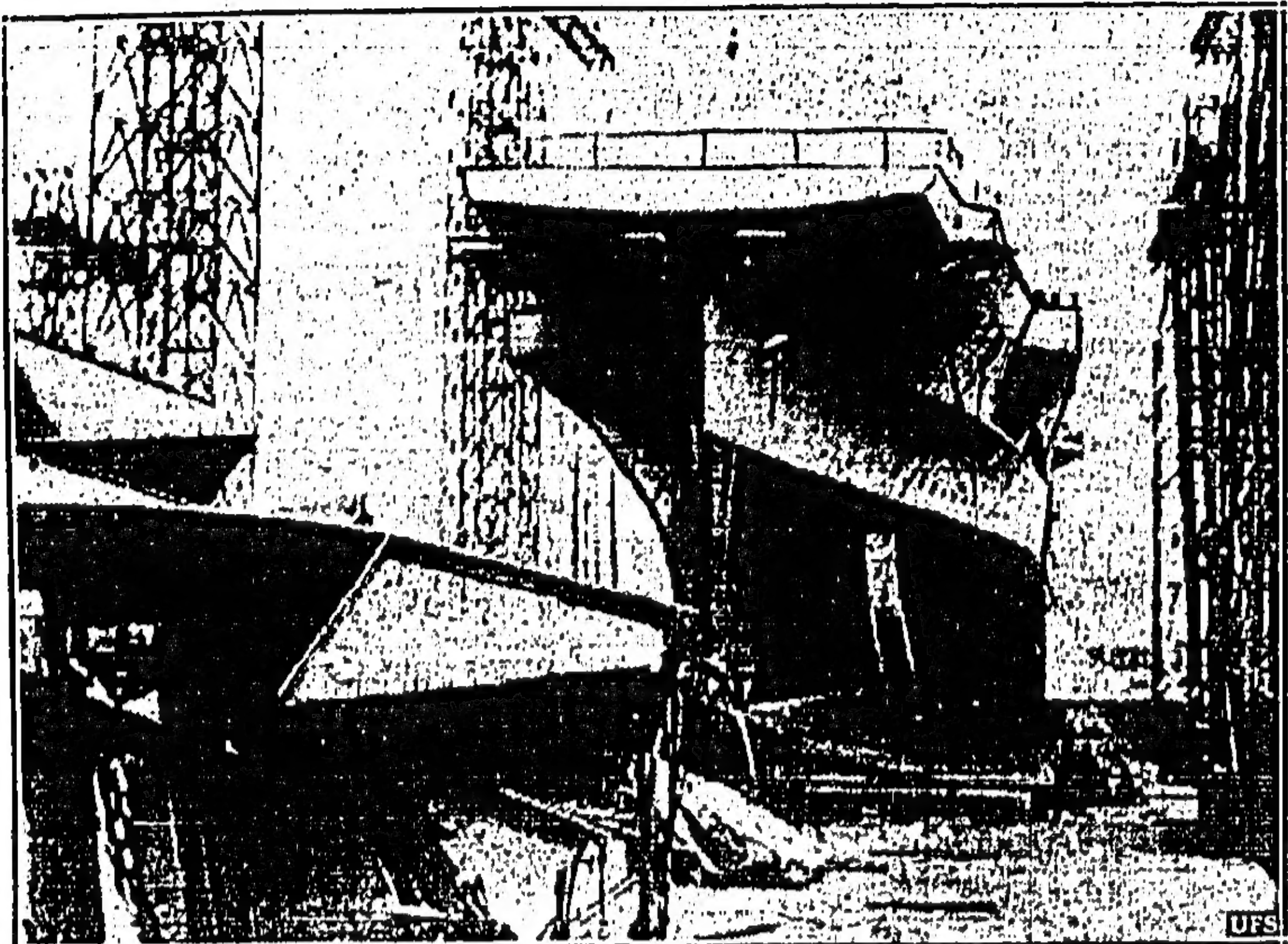
DOWN
2—Small ornaments
3—Dangerous situation
4—Rustic convict shelter
5—Maroon state
6—Game played with rackets
8—Ability to do work
9—Away with these
10—Make errors
11—Postage stamps
12—Feminine sheep
14—Modern devil
15—Whipped with former
17—Instrument of punishment
18—Oriental cubic measure
19—Different
20—Faster than
21—Nongolian river
22—Nongolian river
23—Fruit of European shrub (Prov. Eng.)
24—Last sonnet of
25—Pace
26—Monstrously secured
27—Property
28—Windings
29—Fringings of race
30—Networks
31—Mountain nymph
32—Other
33—Fidelity to utmost
34—Take food
35—Urges to action
36—Libertine river
37—Exclamation



NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller



BOY BURIED ALIVE IN SANDPIT

SOUTHAMPTON.
EIGHTEEN men, some using their hands, others using any implements that happened to be handy, dug desperately in an unavailing attempt to save the life of Dennis Ivan Lawes, an 11-year-old Sholing (Southampton) boy who, while playing, had been buried alive by a fall of sand.

Dennis and some friends were trying to cut steps in the side of a sandpit when suddenly the sand gave way. Dennis was smothered. Another boy, Joseph Robinson, tried to pull him out by his leg, but another fall of sand covered him completely. Men working nearby rushed to the pit. One described the rescue effort as the most terrible experience he had known.

JUST DUG AND DUG

"None-of-us-spoke-a-word," he said. "We just dug and dug until our muscles ached. We had shifted five or six feet of sand when one of the boys' legs was uncovered. Several of us gathered round in a circle and frenziedly scooped the sand off the boy with our hands like

CYCLING P.C.'S 50 M.P.H.

P. C. Davies, attached to King's Cross Road Police Station, stated in the witness box at Clerkenwell recently that he had ridden an ordinary bicycle at 50 m.p.h.

(L. Vanderstuyt, holder of the world's cycling truck records, has covered 70 miles 504 yards in an hour.)

Dennis lived with his parents and two sisters at Pinegrove Road, Sholing.

NATIONAL DAY

Macao Observation

Macao, Sept. 26.
The anniversary of the establishment of the Portuguese Republic will be celebrated on October 5 and a special feature of the festivities this year will be the re-opening of the reconstructed St. Raphael's Hospital and the opening of the Macao Municipal Primary School.

St. Raphael's Hospital, dating from 1597, is one of the oldest hospitals in the world, and has suffered many changes since its establishment, but the recent alteration represented a complete reconstruction of the building, which now presents a fine, imposing appearance.

The Municipal School is an entirely new edifice, built in the modern style, within the old Vasco da Gama Park, and permits the removal of the present schools for boys and girls to more congenial surroundings.

It is stated that the usual ball will not be included in the festivities this year, and it is believed that the money will be devoted to local charities instead.—Our Own Correspondent.

OBITUARY

Colony Resident Dies After Short Illness

The death occurred in the Queen Mary Hospital yesterday, after a short illness, of Mr. Herbert Hatch, an old resident of the Colony.

Mr. Hatch came to Hongkong from Cornwall nineteen years ago as an Engineer for the Hongkong Electric Company. He remained with the firm until three years ago when he retired, owing to ill health. Since then he had been living with his daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Wyllie.

Mr. Hatch was 58 years of age and was a widower, his wife having died several years ago. He is survived by his only child, Mrs. Wyllie. In his later years Mr. Hatch lived a very quiet life owing to his health.

China And Powers

Hankow, Sept. 26.
Mr. Solomon Kato, Japanese Minister-at-Large in China, who has been ordered home, arrived here from North China on Monday en route to Tokyo.

To the press, Mr. Kato said that Mr. Wang Ching-wei's movement for the organization of a new Central Government in China was making progress.

Britain, he said, is not in a position to continue her assistance to the Chiang Kai-shek regime. Moscow authorities will not abandon the Chiang Kai-shek regime, even assuming that negotiations between Japan and the Soviet Union are in progress, Mr. Kato added.—Domei.

Murder Trial Ends

Two Convicted, Two Acquitted For Shauiwan Crime

"Each of you have been found guilty of murder and the law provides only one punishment. It is now my duty to pass that sentence on you," said the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, at the Criminal Sessions yesterday in sentencing to death Wong Yin, 22, and Tang Lai, 25.

The Jury coupled a plea of recommendation for mercy with their verdict in the case of Tang Lai. Two other men, Chan Lam, 19, and Wong Kee-shan, 23, were acquitted of a similar charge.

Defendants were accused of murdering Li So, 30, at Main Street, Shauiwan, on the night of July 22. The two found guilty were represented by Mr. H. C. Macnamara instructed by Mr. C. D'Almada, and the other two were defended by the Hon. Mr. Leo D'Almada Jnr., instructed by Mr. F. H. Loseby.

Mr. J. Whyatt, assisted by Inspector L. R. Whant, prosecuted.

Members of the Jury were Messrs. V. A. Benson (Foreman), M. A. Prata, H. J. A. Hearne, W. Mok, Cheung Tin-lee, U. Tat-chee and Hool Yip-beng.

Inspector W. A. Russell said he had gone to Main Street at 10.25 p.m. on July 22. He saw a man sitting outside No. 53 with a wound on the back and another on the head. He gave instructions for a search for weapons.

Mr. F. W. Shaftain said he conducted an identification parade. Accused were there and were picked out by witnesses.

Inspector L. R. Whant said he had examined first accused's clothing and had found what appeared to be blood stains on the trousers and singlet. There were minor abrasions on both hands. The abrasion on the knuckle of the right hand was not sufficient to cause blood stains on the trousers.

Accused Alleges Assault
Wong said he lived in an unnumbered hut on a hill at Tai Fu Street, Shauiwan. He was married, and was a boiler maker. He had known the other three accused for eight or nine months. He did not know Li So the allegedly murdered man.

On the night of July 22 he left his hut shortly after 9 o'clock and went to Yip So-kee's tin kau gambling den to look for a clansman, but did not find him. He remained in Yip's establishment for half an hour, and as he left he saw Cheng Sum-chui with six other people waiting to attack him.

"As soon as I left the door and turned towards Shauiwan, Cheng Sum-chui hit me once on the right side of the body with a weapon. The weapon appeared to be a piece of iron and the blow was not very heavy. The others came up in order to corner me and I ran away."

Mr. Macnamara said you suggest any reason why they should assault you like this?

Threat by Secret Society
Wong: Sometime in May and June he had asked me to join the Shum Yak Wai and I refused. He also asked me to pay \$3 as membership fee and said that if I became a member and if I should be attacked by anyone the members of the Society would take their revenge. Later I saw him and told him that I would not join his Society and he said that if I refused to join them I would be attacked very soon."

Wong further said that previously he had had some words with Chen Shum-chai. After he was hit he ran towards the Praya and at Tai Hong Street two men attacked him. One of these was Cheng Sum-chui. Cheng tried to hit him with an iron bar, and by striking Cheng's hand with a torch light he managed to obtain the bar. One man held him by the neck from behind, and he hit the man with the bar. He was then free and ran away. Later he met fourth accused who said he was hiring a boat in which to sleep.

Smoked Heroin
Continuing Wong said eventually he and the other accused and a stranger went on board a sampan. He smoked heroin, pills and it was towards 3 a.m. that the Police arrived. Wong said that the bloodstains on his clothes came from his nose. There was a possibility that an abrasion on his hand had caused those stains. It was not true that he had been seen striking Li So with something in a newspaper.

Mr. Macnamara pointed out that Wong's fight and Li's incident were not one and the same. This was Wong's alibi.

The other defendants did not testify. Mr. Whyatt summarized the prosecution's case and said an issue was whether accused were or were not members of the gang of six.

Evidence had been given that first accused had been given that first

accused had been given that first

accused had been given that first

accused had been given that first

accused had been given that first

accused had been given that first

accused had been given that first

accused had been given that first

accused had been given that first

accused had been given that first

accused had been given that first

accused had been given that first

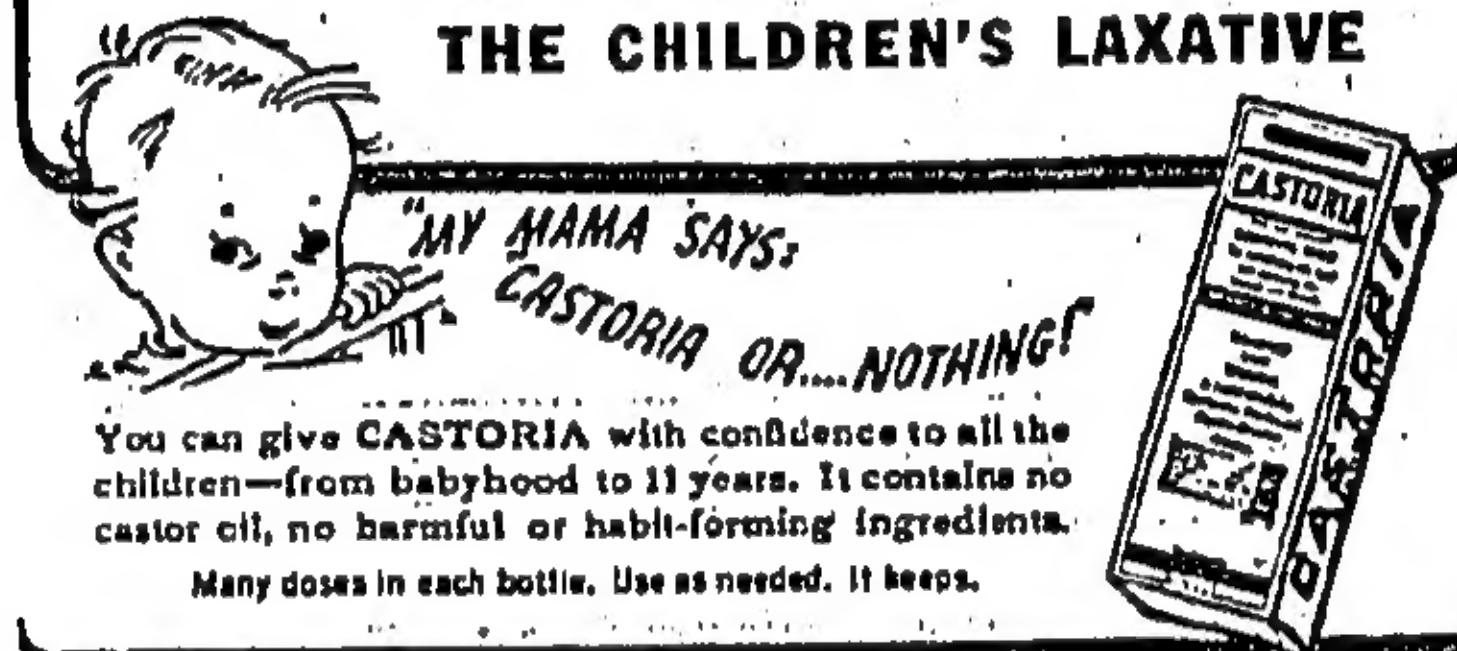


I WON'T! I WON'T!

Fits of temper—tantrums—breaking up the party may not be serious to grown-ups but it's tragedy to childhood. There's something wrong with this "bridegroom". What he probably needs is CASTORIA, the children's laxative. Nervousness and fits of temper are not natural in children. At the first sign of irritation, temper, give them CASTORIA, the laxative made especially for children. It's pleasant, gentle, mild and thorough.

Don't let real tragedy grip your children. Insure their happiness with CASTORIA, the laxative which blends perfectly with their delicate, sensitive systems. Get a bottle today. Keep it in your home.

CASTORIA THE CHILDREN'S LAXATIVE



Max Malini

The Magician

AT THE

ROOF GARDEN

HONGKONG HOTEL

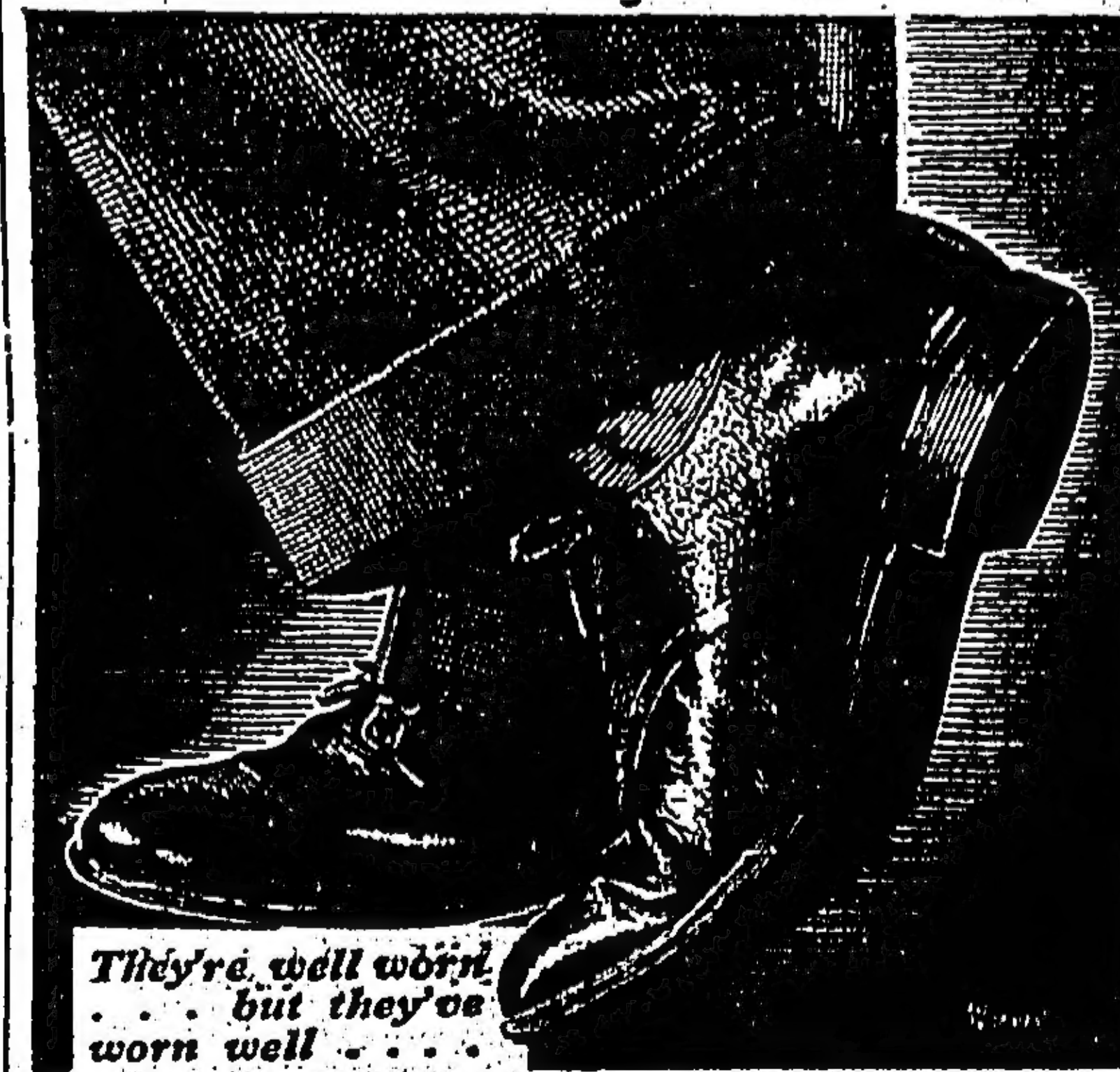
Thursday and Friday

OCTOBER 5 and 6

AT 9.30 P.M.

BOOKING AT THE HOTEL

ADMISSION \$3.00 INCLUDING TAX



thanks to KIWI

BLACK POLISH . . . TAN POLISHES

Polishes, Protects and Preserves . . . White Cleaner and Shoe Creams



4718

LAST TWO DAYS

OF OUR

SPECIAL OFFER

YOU GET ONE RAINCOAT FREE

VISIT US AND ENQUIRE

K. WEISS

SITUATED IN THE HEART OF TOWN

CHINA BUILDING, 8 PEDDER ST.

Opposite Hongkong Hotel

Robson's Garments in Stock

COMING SOON!



KINCE

AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.



LET US LIVE

MAUREN O'SULLIVAN • FONDA • BELLAMY

ALSO
Latest COLOUR CARTOON "Horse on The Merry-Go-Round" 3 STOOGES COMEDY "Healthy, Wealthy and Dumb"

FRIDAY "SUEZ" 20th Century Fox Picture with TYRONE POWER - LORETTA YOUNG

ORIENTAL

THEATRE

2 DAYS ONLY TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
ANOTHER KORDA'S EXCITING SCREEN PRODUCTION!

Here's one of the finest dramas ever made in a British Studio, the story is fast moving and packed with thrills. A GOOD PICTURE THAT SHOULD NOT BE MISSED!



FRI. SAT. FLOYD GIBBONS "TRUE ADVENTURES"
MATINEES 20c-30c-40c-50c-70c-80c-90c-100c-110c-120c-130c-140c-150c-160c-170c-180c-190c-200c-210c-220c-230c-240c-250c-260c-270c-280c-290c-300c-310c-320c-330c-340c-350c-360c-370c-380c-390c-400c-410c-420c-430c-440c-450c-460c-470c-480c-490c-500c-510c-520c-530c-540c-550c-560c-570c-580c-590c-600c-610c-620c-630c-640c-650c-660c-670c-680c-690c-700c-710c-720c-730c-740c-750c-760c-770c-780c-790c-800c-810c-820c-830c-840c-850c-860c-870c-880c-890c-900c-910c-920c-930c-940c-950c-960c-970c-980c-990c-1000c

MAJESTIC

THEATRE

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
AN AMAZING AND FASCINATING NEW SLEUTH!



FRIDAY, ONE DAY ONLY
Return of one of the greatest "Old Favourites"! WILLIAM POWELL "THE THIN MAN" MYRNA LOY in A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Comedy-Thriller!

Count the "TELEGRAPHS" everywhere

"REAL PROFITEERS" Mr. Champkin Condemns Freight Rates

Strong condemnation of what he termed the real profiteers in Hongkong was made by Mr. C. Champkin when he spoke on increased shipping freight rates at yesterday's meeting of the Union Council.

In answer to Mr. Champkin's question regarding the increase in Pacific rates, the Chairman (Mr. H. R. Butters) replied that the notice issued on September 15 by the Trans-Pacific Freight Bureau of Hongkong, increasing freight charges by 50 per cent, had been upended on September 15, substituting 20 per cent, for 50 per cent. An increase of 20 or 25 per cent was general, he said, and was based on the increased cost of fuel, supplies and war insurance. Incidentally, remarked Mr. Butters, the rates fixed by the Bureau referred to outward shipments and therefore could not affect the prices of imported food.

In response to this reply, Mr. Champkin declared: May I say, with great respect, that I have never heard of a less convincing answer to any question raised in this Council. The first part has no relevance at all to my enquiry. If I ask why my house is being burgled, it is no satisfaction to me to be told that the burglar, on second thoughts, has decided to unpack my silver spoons. Since I put these questions I have learned that trans-Pacific insurance rates have been advanced by no less than 250 per cent, and the Hongkong-Europe rates by the fantastic increase of 2,400 per cent.

What hope is there of stabilizing food prices in the face of these preposterous and outrageous demands? As to the specious plea that these staggering impositions are intended to apply only to the Colony's exports, are we to understand that these complacent dictators have no knowledge of the elementary fact that, if you strangle your exports by these prohibitive charges, you automatically strangle your imports? Do they hold the childish view that a commercial community can live on a one-way trade?

"Real Profiteers"
I hope as a result of this publicity that the Food Control Committee will cease to harass the small shopkeepers, who are sensibly making a little hay in this general sunshine, and will turn its attention to the real profiteers in the Colony. At least your reply has established that the price of food, like the price of liberty, is eternal vigilance. For my part I hope I have made it clear that I am not much impressed by these climb-down by the Trans-Pacific Freight Bureau. I believe that in this time of war the public will suffer the extravagant pretensions of these unrelenting autocrats for no longer than housewives will put up with the petty persecutions of the importers. Mr. Butters: I would only say that in time of war it is not unnatural for certain increases, however regrettable they may be, to be imposed on the price of food. This Colony is not self-sufficient, and it must import a large quantity. With regard to the second paragraph and my answer to that, I can assure you that every effort will be made to prevent profiteering, and by profiteering I mean any undue increase in the prices of food.

Dr. Ware Welcomed
Those present at the meeting were: Mr. H. R. Butters (Chairman), Dr. T. W. Ware (Vice-Chairman), Hon. Mr. A. B. Purves (Director of Public Works), Dr. R. A. de Castro Basto, Mr. A. J. Avelin, Dr. S. N. Chau, Mr. H. Wong Tapp, Mr. Tang Shiu-ling, Mr. C. Champkin, Hon. Mr. Li Tse-fung, Mr. C. J. Roe (Secretary) and Mr. Im Ping-tseung (Assistant Secretary). The Chairman said Mr. Todd went sick with malaria a week ago, but was now out of hospital and it was hoped he would be able to resume his duties shortly. He extended a welcome to Dr. Ware, who was taking his place for the first time as Deputy Chairman of the Council. Dr. Ware was appointed to serve on the following committees:—Animals and Birds, Basements, Cattle, Swine, Sheep or Goats, Drifts and Milk Shops, Eating Houses and Restaurants, Food Factories, Food Shops, Markets, Prevention and Mitigation of Epidemic, Endemic, Contagious or Infectious Disease and Linewashing, and Wells and Pools in Place of the Director of Medical Services.

It was decided to hold the next meeting on October 11, instead of October 10.

Applications for licences for a milk shed, a laundry, an eating house and a restaurant were approved and refused.

The following applications were refused: Eating house for 58, Electric Road, ground floor.

Milk shop for the premises on Island Lot No. 5370, King's Road.

Milk shop for the basement at 18, Village Road.

Food factory for No. 45, Stanley Street, ground floor.

Relations With America

Remarking that Admiral Nomura has been appointed because he has many closely-associated friends in the United States including President Roosevelt, the Japan Advertiser recalls that Admiral Nomura was appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese naval forces in Shanghai at the time of the Chapeau fighting in 1932. Before the world war, Admiral Nomura was stationed at Berlin and Vienna. Later he attended the Versailles Conference and then the Washington Naval Conference.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Japanese Policy

Rapprochement With America

Tokyo, Sept. 26.
The Asahi Shimbun declares that the new Foreign Minister, Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura, will establish an independent foreign policy on the principles announced by Premier Abe. The Government will modify the attitude towards the anti-Communist axis and conduct its policies on the basis of Japan's own standpoint, attaching paramount importance to the settlement of the China Affair. It will pursue a policy designed to eliminate unnecessary disputes with Russia. Forecasting an extensive reshuffle of Japan's diplomatic service, the paper points out that Mr. Masayuki Tani, former Japanese Minister-at-Large in China, will be appointed Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs. Mr. Renzo Sawada, the present Vice-Minister, will be Ambassador to Paris. Mr. Eiji Amau, Minister to Switzerland, will be nominated Ambassador to Rome and Mr. Oshima, Ambassador at Berlin and Mr. Horinouchi, Ambassador at Washington, will be recalled home. Mr. Kuriyama, Minister to Sweden, will be promoted to Ambassador.

Relations With America

Remarking that Admiral Nomura has been appointed because he has many closely-associated friends in the United States including President Roosevelt, the Japan Advertiser recalls that Admiral Nomura was appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese naval forces in Shanghai at the time of the Chapeau fighting in 1932. Before the world war, Admiral Nomura was stationed at Berlin and Vienna. Later he attended the Versailles Conference and then the Washington Naval Conference.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

Domest.

ALHAMBRA

NATHAN RD. KOWLOON DAILY AT 2.30-5.30-7.30-9.30-TEL. 30688

SHOWING TO-DAY

GRANDLAND

Motion Picture Corp.

presents

"THE DEVIL'S PARADISE"

With An Entire Chinese Cast

NEXT CHANGE : Paramount Films presents Cecil De Mille's "UNION PACIFIC"

QUEEN'S

DAILY AT 2.30-5.15-7.20-9.30-TEL. 31455

TO-DAY, TO-MORROW & FRIDAY

DEANNA DURBIN

Nan GREY • Helen PARRISH

3 SMART GIRLS GROW UP

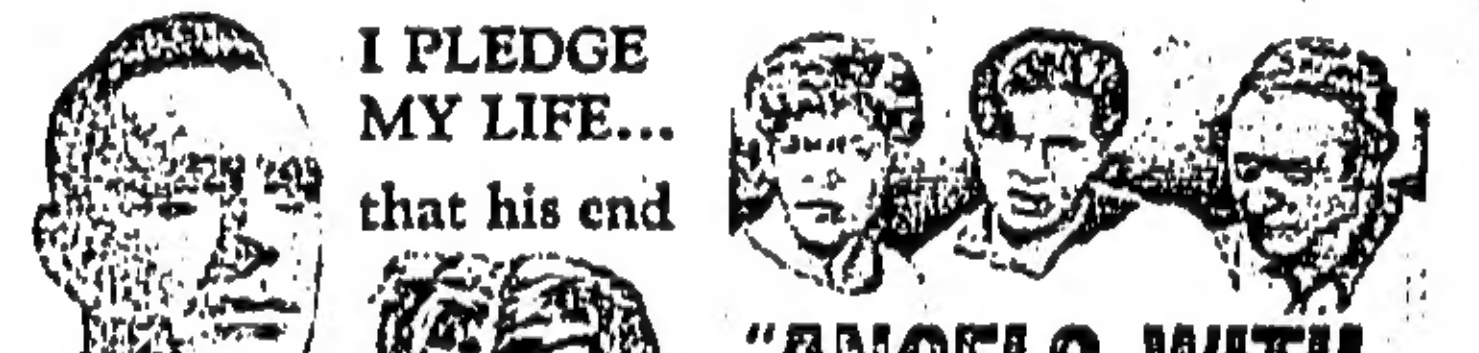
ROBERT CUMMINGS • CHARLES WINNINGER • WILLIAM LUNDIGAN

SATURDAY A Paramount Picture - CECIL B. DEMILLE'S "UNION PACIFIC"

STAR

HANKOW ROAD KOWLOON TEL. 57795

TO-DAY ONLY



shall not be their end!

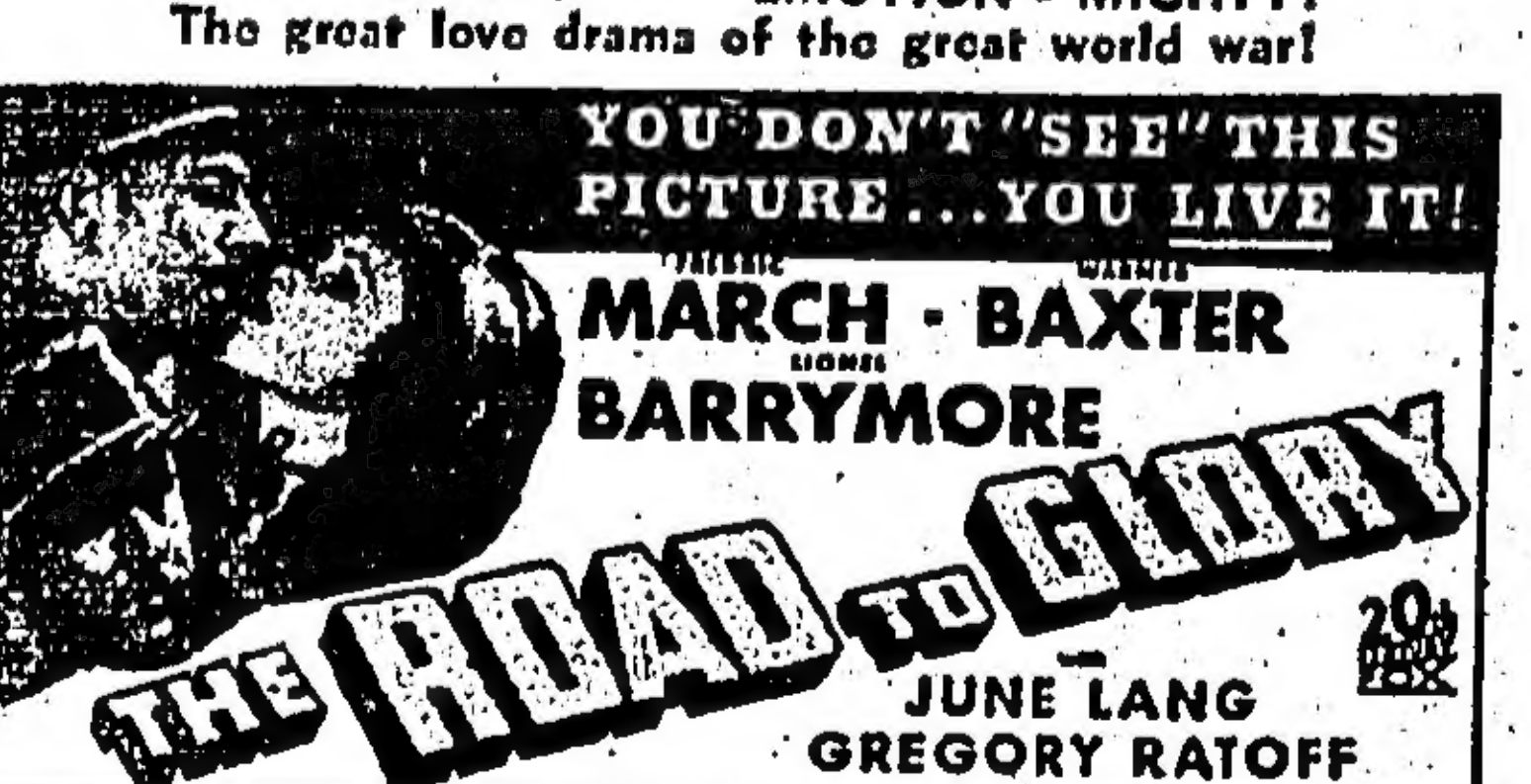
JAMES CAGNEY PAT O'BRIEN

TO-MORROW "TOP OF THE TOWN" A New Universal Musical

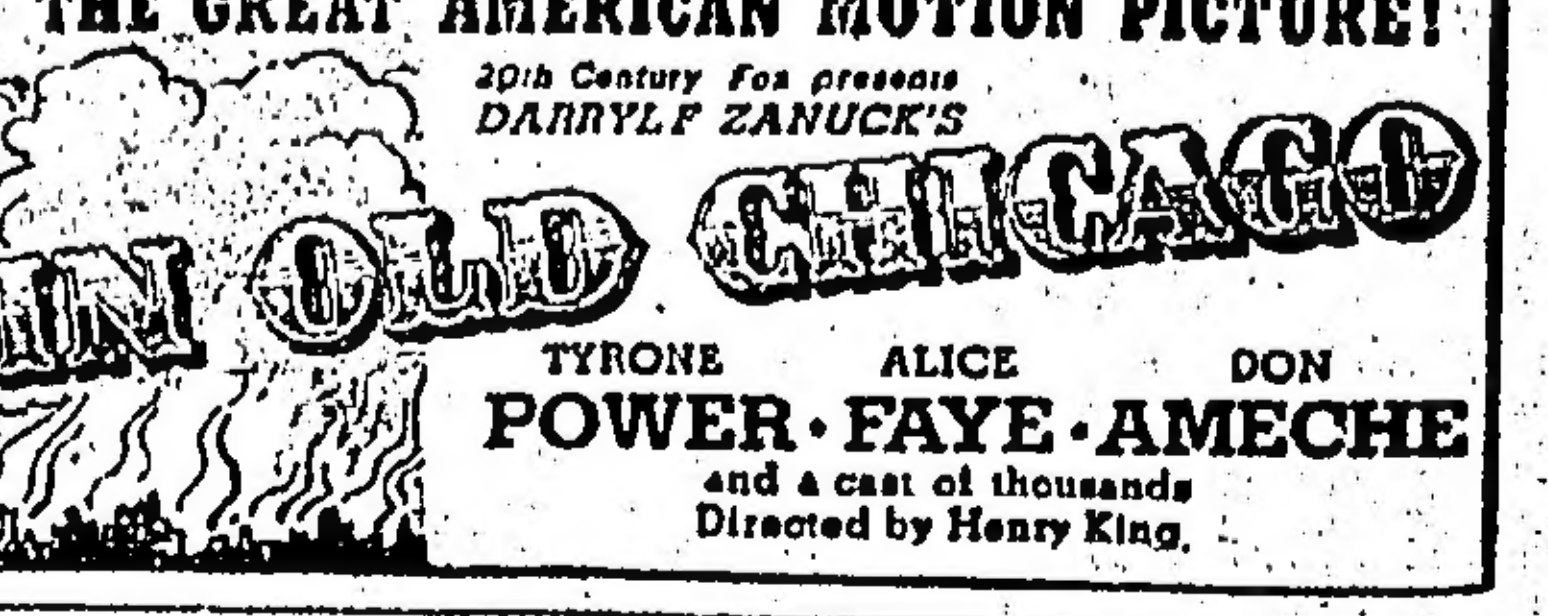
CATHAY

DAILY AT 2.30-5.15-7.20-9.30 P.M. MATINEES 20c-30c-40c-50c-70c-80c-90c-100c-110c-120c-130c-140c-150c-160c-170c-180c-190c-200c-210c-220c-230c-240c-250c-260c-270c-280c-290c-300c-310c-320c-330c-340c-350c-360c-370c-380c-390c-400c-410c-420c-430c-440c-450c-460c-470c-480c-490c-500c-510c-520c-530c-540c-550c-560c-570c-580c-590c-600c-610c-620c-630c-640c-650c-660c-670c-680c-690c-700c-710c-720c-730c-740c-750c-760c-770c-780c-790c-800c-810c-820c-830c-840c-850c-860c-870c-880c-890c-900c-910c-920c-930c-940c-950c-960c-970c-980c-990c-1000c

SPECIAL FOR TO-DAY, ONE DAY ONLY! STAR - GREAT! EMOTION - MIGHTY! The great love drama of the great world war!



TO-MORROW ONLY!



FRI. SAT. "JUST AROUND THE CORNER"

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FREDERICK PEARCE FRANKLIN, at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.

Gordon's Special Offer in Shoes

FITTINGS
A - AA - AAA
SPECIAL DISCOUNT
of 25% off
ALL WHITE
WHITE & BROWN
WHITE & BLUE
ONLY

FOR THREE DAYS
SEPT. 28th - 29th - 30th

GORDON'S LTD.

Kayamally Building

"Chevrolet for 1939 — Leads the Motor Parade—Because Only Chevrolet Gives So Much for So Little—A Truly Economical Car—29.4 H.P. 22 Miles per gallon — Smart — Comfortable — Proven Performance — Choice of Two Canadian Models with a Wealth of Super Equipment."

Master "85" Trunk Sedan with Conventional front axle HK\$3,600.00

Master "de Luxe" Trunk Sedan with Independent Front Suspension and Remote Control Gear Shift HK\$3,900.00

ABOVE CASH PRICES STRICTLY NETT INSTALMENT PRICES SLIGHTLY HIGHER

FAR EAST MOTORS
THE FAR EAST AVIATION COMPANY, LIMITED,
25, Nathan Rd., Kowloon. Telephone 59101.

PRINTED & PUBLISHED BY
W. W. W. W.
Dollar T.T.—1s. "Hongkong Telegraph"
No. 10043
Low Water—14.40.

The

Hongkong Telegraph

SECOND EDITION

DUNLOP Fort



FOUNDED 1861 三拜禮 號七廿月九英港香 WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1939. 日五十月八 SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS \$3.00 PER ANNUM

Rival Sub. Fleets At Outbreak of the War

AN idea of the strength of the German and British submarine fleets at the outbreak of hostilities is provided by the following table:

BRITAIN		
	Displacement	Total Tonnage
15 Triton class	1,090	16,350
6 Porpoise class	1,520	9,120
3 Thames class	1,805	5,415
4 Rainbow class	1,475	
5 Parthian class	1,475	22,125
6 Odin class	1,475	
3 Oberon class	1,311 to 1,349	4,014
3 L class	760	2,280
8 Shark class	670	5,360
4 Swordfish class	460	2,560
3 Unity class	540	1,620
9 H class	410	3,690
Total: 69 submarines. Total tonnage, 72,534 tons.		
GERMANY		
	Displacement	Total Tonnage
8 U.37-U.44	740	5,920
5 U.64-U.68	740	3,700
2 U.25-U.26	712	1,424
11 U.45-U.55	517	5,687
10 U.27-U.36	500	5,000
3 U.69-U.71	517	1,551
25 U.1-U.24	250	6,250
8 U.56-U.63	250	2,000
Total: 72 submarines. Total tonnage, 31,532 tons.		

Intensity of Fire Doubled FRENCH POUND SIEGFRIED LINE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

PARIS, Sept. 26 (UP).—French messages reported that heavy artillery fire has splintered some of the German fortifications in the Rhineland, and that a Nazi counter-attack has been repulsed. Also, that the civil evacuation of East Saarbrücken has been speeded up.

French communique No. 46 says: "An early morning surprise attack was repulsed on the Lauter front. There was activity by the enemy artillery in the region south of Zweibrücken and south of Pirmasens."

It is reported that there is fighting in the area extending from Saarbrücken to the Rhine. The Germans have raised a new type of captive balloon defence, which have been named the "Aerial Siegfried Line." It is reported that they are electrically wired so that the ground crew can explode them, destroying nearby planes. There has been brisk aerial activity all along the Saarbrücken and Lauter fronts, the French claiming two victories over Nazi combat squadrons. It is understood that the French have taken advantage of recent gains to set up advanced artillery positions, doubling the intensity of the fire, which is unofficially reported to be visibly destructive effect on the Siegfried positions.

Dawn Assault Repulsed
PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—This evening's official communique records activity by enemy artillery in the region south of Zweibrücken and south of Pirmasens.

At dawn an assault was repulsed on the Lauter front.

Nazi H.Q. Claim

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Sept. 26 (UP).—The German High Command claims two

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

MYSTERY NAVAL BATTLE REPORTS PERSISTENT

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

OSLO, Sept. 26 (UP).—Civilians at Christiansand report having witnessed a naval battle this morning.

They assert that three battleships or cruisers were visible off the coast, that airplane motors were audible and that nearly a dozen freighters sought shelter near shore to avoid the battle. It was not possible to see the details of the fight.

Short Engagement

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A naval engagement, in which warships, including submarines and aircraft participated, took place in the North Sea, according to an unconfirmed report from Listerford and Farsund on the southern tip of Norway.

U-BOAT CAMPAIGN

SILESIA SINKING

Alarm And Indignation In Scandinavia

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The torpedoing of the Swedish steamer Silesia (1,800 tons) has caused fresh alarm and indignation in the Scandinavian countries.

Nineteen of the crew were picked up by another Swedish vessel. The Silesia is the third Scandinavian steamer to be sunk by Nazi submarines in the last few days. No more cellulose, wood pulp and timber is to be exported from the north, and exporters are to take steps to meet the U-boat campaign by shipping their products overland to Norwegian ports for Britain. This will entail a 20 per cent. increase in costs.

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

Churchill Reveals Dramatic Victory Against U-Boats

NAVY HAS CONQUERED THE SUBMARINE MENACE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—The Royal Navy appears to have conquered the U-Boat menace.

Possibly one-third of the German submarines at sea have been destroyed, according to a statement in the House of Commons to-day by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty.

Since the outbreak of war, Britain has lost 141,000 tons of shipping.

But Britain has seized 208,000 tons of German shipping—67,000 tons more than Britain has lost.

The Allied forces hunting submarines will be increased threefold before the end of October.

Mr. Churchill did not reveal the exact number of U-Boats destroyed, but said that six or seven, the figures mentioned by the Premier last week, would be an understatement.

SPEECH IN FULL

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).

A vivid and reassuring picture of Britain's increasing naval efforts, to combat the German submarine menace was given by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, in the House of Commons to-day.

After stating that the convoy system was now in full operation both ways, Mr. Churchill said that Britain's second reply to the U-boat attack was to turn all merchant vessels and fast liners with defensive equipment, both against the U-boat and the aerial plane.

In the past fortnight armed ships had been continually leaving British harbours in large numbers. Some went with convoys, others independently. Thus, in a short time, immense mercantile marine of the British Empire would be armed.

"As we usually have 2,000 ships on the sea every day, this is a considerable operation," Mr. Churchill declared. "But all guns and equipment are now ready at the various armament stations, with trained gunners to man the guns and to instruct the crews."

The third reply is the British attack on the U-boats, which is being delivered with the utmost vigour and intensity."

1914 And Now
Making comparison with the problem 25 years ago, Mr. Churchill said the advantages Britain possessed to-day were much greater in coping with the U-boats.

Very often, in hunting down a U-boat in 1914, it was necessary to use a flotilla of 15 or 20 destroyers, working together for a whole day on the vaguest of indications.

Now two destroyers, or even one, can maintain a prolonged and relentless pursuit. "A very large number of attacks had been made by flotillas and hunting craft, and attacks on German U-boats had been five or six times as numerous as in any equal period in the last war, in which, after all they did not beat us."

U-boat Fleet Crippled
Taking the Premier's figure of six or seven U-boats destroyed in the first fortnight of the war, Mr. Churchill said that represented one-tenth of the total enemy submarine fleet as it existed at the declaration of war, and probably a quarter, or perhaps even a third, of all the U-boats which had been actively employed.

But the British attack upon U-boats is only just beginning. "Our hunting forces are getting stronger every day. By the end of October we expect to have three times the hunting force which was operating at the outbreak of the war. At the same time, the number of targets open to U-boats on the vast expanses of seas and oceans will have been greatly reduced by the use of convoys, and the U-boats' means of attacking them will be heavily clogged and fettered."

Air Arm's Part
"In all this very keen and stern warfare, the R.A.F. and fleet air-arm are being given excellent food."

She herself, she writes, is able to go where she pleases "and if my husband were not interned, I would hardly realise there is a war on."



WINSTON CHURCHILL

PREMIER SURVEYS FIRST MONTH OF WAR

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Making his fourth war statement in the House of Commons to-day, the Premier, Mr. Neville Chamberlain recalled that on September 20 he referred to the problems confronting the Rumanian Government by the passage of Polish troops, etc., in Rumania.

"His Majesty's Government were watching with sympathy the efforts of the Rumanian Government to meet these problems, when they learned of the cowardly assassination of M. Cullnesu on September 21."

"His Majesty's Minister at Bucharest was immediately instructed to convey to the Rumanian Government an expression of horror by the British Government, at this outrage, and their sincerely heartfelt condolence in the great loss Rumania thereby suffered."

Western Front Gains Hold
Mr. Chamberlain proceeded to say that on the Western Front the French continued to make progress in certain localities, and had succeeded, notwithstanding the increasingly energetic German reaction, in maintaining intact all their gains.

In the air, the normal work of reconnaissance and anti-submarine patrol in co-operation with the Royal Navy had been continued.

After referring to the R.A.F. flying-boat's rescue of the crew of the Kensington Court, Mr. Chamberlain said that many attacks had again been made on enemy submarines.

The great developments in the endurance, speed and reliability of aircraft since the last war enabled them to play a most important part in the work of defeating the submarines.

The work of the coastal command patrols had proved of utmost assistance to the navy in combating the submarine menace.

In The Dominions
Mr. Chamberlain proceeded to say: "In the Dominions, the preparations of His Majesty's Government continues with gathering momentum."

"Dominion naval vessels are co-operating with our own. The Dominion air strength is being made ready for use overseas. As a result of close co-operation, supplies of finished munitions, raw materials and foodstuffs from the Dominions are being made available in an ever increasing volume for the common cause."

Dealing with civil defence, Mr. Chamberlain again emphasised that nothing must be done, either by way of relaxing restrictions or reducing the scale of preparations, which would be likely to make Britain less capable of meeting the air menace.

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

"Courageous Hand-to-Hand Fighting"

WARSAW'S SIEGE NEARING CLIMAX

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Sept. 26 (UP).—As a climax to a three weeks' siege, German troops have now entered the fringe of Warsaw, a German High Command communique stated to-day.

The Germans claim the capture of Fort Mokotowski, which is only five miles from the centre of the city, as well as a section of the surrounding district "after courageous hand-to-hand fighting."

The entry followed the failure of the German efforts "to convince the Polish commander of the horrible uselessness of resistance," the communique said. The Germans admit that fierce fighting is continuing in the suburbs of the Polish capital, but are firmly of the opinion that the fall of the city is near.

Reds Go Lyrical
MOSCOW, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A lyrical description is given by a Soviet journalist of the occupation of Poland by the Red Army. Polish soldiers, he alleges, "ardently welcomed our forces, who scattered the Polish landlords. Polish girls threw flowers on our tanks. One girl took off her coral necklace and threw it into the vehicle. Another girl kissed our commander and tied a shawl round his neck. The whole crowd then broke into song."

"Sovietising" Poland
MOSCOW, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The task of making the occupied areas in Poland Soviet is being carried out.

Tension In Baltic
LONDON, Sept. 27 (Reuter).—MOSCOW radio broadcast last night a statement which declared that the Estonian explanation of the escape of the interned Polish submarine from Tallin, the capital and seaport of Estonia, was "insufficient."

The Soviet said the broadcast found it necessary to take steps to safeguard its waters from foreign submarines. The only explanation of the Polish submarine's escape, it was alleged, was that the Estonian authorities had provided the craft with petrol and supplies sufficient for a long voyage.

The broadcast alleged that secret submarine bases existed not far from Tallin, which stands at the mouth of the gulf of Finland. It said that the Polish submarine had been sighted near the coast of Finland.

Royal Sceptre Crew Saved
After All Hope Had Been Abandoned
LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A cable from Bahia in Brazil confirms that the crew of the Royal Sceptre, who were set adrift after the ship had been torpedoed by a U-boat on September 22, have landed safely at Salvador, a small port near Bahia, which is now the capital of the Salvador republic.

GERMANS ATTACK K.L.M. PLANE OVER N. SEA
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
AMSTERDAM, Sept. 26 (UP).—A K.L.M. Douglas plane arrived at the local airfield from Copenhagen this afternoon with the tail of the plane riddled by machine-gun bullets from a foreign plane, presumably a German.

Authorities are investigating but thus far refuse to give out any details.

Passenger Killed
STOCKHOLM, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A Dutch civil aeroplane operating an air service between Malmö and Amsterdam, was raked with machine-gun fire by a German military plane over the North Sea, some 70 miles north-west of Høllgöland, at an altitude of 2,400 feet.

A Swedish civil engineer, Gustav Lamm, one of nine passengers, was killed by a machine gun bullet. The plane, although damaged, succeeded in landing at Amsterdam.

See Back Page For Further Late News

LATEST

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 words \$2.00
for 3 days prepaid

WANTED KNOWN.

FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS.
Reliable tested and of strong
germination of best varieties for
immediate sowing. For sale at Grace
Co., 10 Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Steamship

Bringing Cargo from Marseilles via
Sailon.

Consignees are hereby informed
that their goods with the exception of
Opium, Treasure and Valuables are
being landed and stored into the
Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon
Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kow-
loon, whence delivery may be
obtained immediately after landing.
All claims must be sent in to me
on or before 2nd October, 1939, or
they will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages will be examined
by the Company's Surveyor
Messrs.—Goddard and Douglas in the
presence of the Consignees at 10 a.m.
on Thursday, 28th September, 1939.
Consignees must have a Revenue
Officer in attendance when any duti-
able goods are examined by the Com-
pany's Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected
by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL
Agent.

SILESIA SINKING

(Continued from Page 1.)

If wood pulp supplies continue to
be sunk by U-boats, Sweden's trade
will almost be at a standstill, for
wood pulp constitutes half of her
exports. Nine-tenths of this goes to
Britain.

To-day's Scandinavian newspapers
devoted much space to criticism of
the Nazi U-boat campaign. The Dan-
ish state press will continue
shipping as far as possible.
Meanwhile a Norwegian delegation
is coming to London from Oslo to
discuss questions connected with
Norwegian shipping.

Ships Will Sail

Stockholm, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—
Swedish ships with cargoes of cellu-
lose have not been recalled, contrary
to earlier reports.
Ships have been ordered to proceed
and to use neutral waters as far as
possible.

"Defence Measures"

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—
German comment on the sinking of
Scandinavian shipping from the Ger-
man radio quotes the "Deutsche Dienst"
the semi-official newspaper.
It says that Germany had to take
"due measures for defence", adding
that woodpulp and cellulose could be
used in the manufacture of explo-
sives.

Maintaining Trade

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—The
President of the Board of Trade, Mr.
Oliver Stanley, stated in the House
of Commons to-day that the Govern-
ment was anxious to maintain trade
with the Baltic countries and Finland
as far as the war permitted.
British trade officials were still at
their posts in the Baltic ports and
the Government meant to keep them
there.

Mr. Stanley also stated that every
effort would be made to see that our
export capacity was used as far as
possible after essential home needs
had been met.

WARSAW'S SIEGE NEARING CLIMAX

(Continued from Page 1.)

Poland "Soviet minded" continues
satisfactorily, says a Soviet com-
munique.

Landlord and shopkeepers have
been thrown into prison.
Many landlords were captured in the
marches by bands of communists
organised by the Soviets. These
peasant bands are also hunting for
Polish officers who are in hiding and
have been without food for several
days.

"Otherwise," the communique
claims, "life in Poland is normal."
Committees have been formed to
reorganise the industrial and com-
mercial life, and organisations from
the Soviet are explaining the new
order of things to the peasants.

World Deeply Moved

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—"The
Poles have not yet given up the
struggle against the Nazi invaders,"
said the Premier, Mr. Neville Cham-
berlain, during his review of the war
in the House of Commons to-day.
"The whole world is deeply moved
by the heroism of the defenders of
Warsaw and the Hela Peninsula,"
Mr. Chamberlain continued.

Spread Of Conflict Feared In Rome

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
TOKYO, Sept. 26 (Domes).—A
Rome dispatch to the "Japan Times"
claims that Italian political circles
believe that the rejection of Mus-
solini's "peace" overtures has in-
creased the danger of an extension
of the conflict.

Political circles in Rome believe
that the conflict may not only spread
in Europe, but may also affect Asia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

What to do to help a child

Anyone knowing of a child who
has been assaulted, neglected, or
ill-treated in a manner likely to
cause unnecessary suffering or injury
to health, or knowing of a parent
who is seeking advice on any matter
concerning a child, would be doing
an act of kindness by communicating
at once with—
The Hon. General Secretary,
H.K.S.P.C., Old City Hall.
The Inspector, 40, Pokfulam Road,
1st floor.
The Inspector, 16, Star St., Wanchai.
The Inspector, 12, Sai Yeung Choi
St., Kowloon.
The Inspector, 52, Argyle St.,
Kowloon.

All further steps will be taken, and
expenses borne, by the Society.
The Informant's name will be
kept strictly private, except in cases
where malice is proved.

PREMIER SURVEYS FIRST MONTH OF WAR

(Continued from Page 1.)

with which they were constantly
threatened.

Economic Warfare

Speaking of the work of the Minis-
try of Economic Warfare, Mr. Cham-
berlain said it would carry out the
functions, broadly speaking, which
were carried out by the Ministry of
the Blockade in the last war. The
general object of the Ministry was to
disrupt Germany's economic
structure to such an extent as to make
it impossible for her to carry on the
war.

If Britain could prevent Germany
from importing the raw materials
essential for the functioning of her
war industries, the result would be
effectively to cripple her power for
long hostilities.

Mr. Chamberlain, however, uttered
a word of warning against over-
optimism, he stated, al-
though possessed stocks of varying
size of raw materials which she had
required to import, and quick results,
therefore, could not be expected from
the Ministry of Economic Warfare.

Continuing, the Premier declared:
"Our command of the seas means that
from the day the war broke out,
Germany was cut off from many of
her sources of supply."

Nazi Propaganda

"German propaganda, meanwhile,
had been active alleging that the
British Government control would
have no effect on Germany as she
was self-sufficient, and would, on the
other hand, completely strangle neutral
trade."

"I don't know which of these
statements is further from the truth.
The fact is, we made it plain from
the beginning of the war that we
are anxious to take account of the
bona fide trading needs of neutral
countries, and His Majesty's Govern-
ment would gladly consider any
suggestion neutral governments might
put forward for this purpose."

Mr. Chamberlain said that he was
sure neutral opinion would make its
own comparison between Britain's
clearly declared policy on the one
hand, and on the other the thinly
voiced menace of Germany towards
the neutrals—a menace which in the
past few days had been translated
into action by the sinking of three
neutral ships under circumstances
constituting a clear breach of inter-
national law.

Mr. Chamberlain said that the
German Government should be the
last to make the accusation that
Britain was conducting an illegal
and inhumane blockade.

"German submarines are attack-
ing all shipping coming to these is-
lands with complete and callous dis-
regard of humanity and the rules of
submarine warfare to which they
had solemnly agreed," he said.

The Prime Minister dealt with the
change in the purpose of industry
and on its concentration on war
needs. He stated that the Govern-
ment were ready and anxious to
take any steps that might be neces-
sary to secure the goodwill of labour.
It was the Government's view that
the support of employers and work-
ers organisations was essential if this
country was to put forth the maxi-
mum effort.

They had been much encouraged
in the initiative shown by the re-
sponsible leaders of the engineer-
ing industry in preparing for an ex-
tension of labour supply.
The trade unions, which had agreed
under proper safeguards to relax
their normal conditions, had saved
them from the difficulties of the last
war and had made a contribution for
which the whole country was grateful.

Britain's Attitude

Mr. Chamberlain concluded with a
statement on Britain's general attitude
towards the war, declaring:
"No one can doubt that in modern
warfare it is on the determination,
courage and endurance of the ordi-
nary men and women that victory
ultimately depends."
"No one familiar with the condi-
tions of this country can have any
doubt as to where we stand in this
respect."

"Never have our people been more
united or more determined. They are
resolved, and the simple fact cannot
be too often pressed—to rid them-
selves once and for all of the
perpetual threat of German aggres-
sion, of which Poland is the latest
instance."

"We and France entered the war to
defend ourselves and the world of
that menace.
"If our people are united, as they
have never been united before, in
their resolve to achieve that pur-
pose."

Exchange At A Glance

SELLING

T.T. London	1/211
Demand Shanghai	1/330
T.T. Singapore	52 1/2
T.T. Japan	103 1/2
T.T. India	82 1/2
T.T. U.S.A.	24 1/2
T.T. Manila	49 1/2
T.T. Batavia	44 1/2
T.T. Bangkok	150 1/4
T.T. Saigon	107 1/4
T.T. France	10.85
T.T. Germany	100
T.T. Switzerland	1/0 1/2
T.T. Australia	1/0 1/2

BUYING

4 m/s L/C London	1/37 1/2
4 m/s D/P do.	1/37 1/2
4 m/s L/C U.S.A.	25 1/2
4 m/s France	11.45
30 d/s India	84 1/2
U.S. Cross rate in Lon.	4.02
New York	4.00 1/2

FRENCH POUND SIEGFRIED LINE

(Continued from Page 1.)

French balloons and five French air-
planes have been brought down on
the Western Front.

Artillery fire on the Rhineland front
to-day was "followed by advance
guard skirmishes," the report states.
It charges that French planes flew
over Belgian soil.

Neutral Observations

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—The
Paris radio announced that accord-
ing to neutral observers, a very large
part of the German armies that
operated in Poland have now been
transferred to the Western Front.

Reports of concentrations of
German troops at Aix-la-Chapelle
and the Black Forest appeared to be
confirmed, although no information
was available regarding their
strength.

Aix-la-Chapelle and other towns
near the Siegfried Line had been
almost completely evacuated.

According to the same source, work
in proceeding day and night to
strengthen the defence system be-
tween Metz, Saarbrücken, and
Wissemburg, concrete gun pits being
constructed, and blockhouses and
shelters being hurriedly erected.

Flora Bombardment

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—"Le
Matin" commenting on the Western
Front fighting, says that intensive
German artillery fire on one sector
is not likely to preclude a large-scale
attack, in view of the fact that the
enemy will have to cross the Rhine
and then come up against the Maginot
Line.

The newspaper queries the reason
for the fierce bombardment, and
hints that some other operation near
Basle may be contemplated by the
Germans.

Flacard Propaganda

Another correspondent in the same
newspaper says that a new factor may
arise. Yesterday German troops
hoisted large placards on top of the
pillboxes reading: "Ein Volk! Ein
Reich! Ein Fuehrer!"

The soldiers retailed
with placards reading: "Liberty,
Equality, Fraternity."

Extension Southwards

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—The
scene of operations on the Western
Front continues to be in the country
west of Hainaut, which forms a kind
of link between the Saar line and
the forest of Hainaut.

The nature of the operations are
unchanged. Activity consists of ar-
tillery duels and local engagements
carried out by forces never stronger
than a battalion at a time on either
side.

German artillery fire, which has
been harassing the French lines, has
now dwindled, and the position is re-
latively calm, except for a sector east
of Zweibrücken, where appreciable
activity continues.

NOW WE KNOW WHY

(Continued from Page 1.)

professional men engaged in news-
paper work."

Sir Edward Griggs said that Lord
MacMillan recognised that the
situation required investigation
(laughter and cheers).

Mr. Davidson (Labour) ejaculated:
"It requires investigation!"
Sir Edward Griggs added that Lord
MacMillan had already taken steps
to enable an investigation to be
made.

Rush To Defence

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—The
fact that the Ministry of Information
does not originate news was
emphasised by Lord MacMillan in
the House of Lords to-day in re-
viewing the Ministry's functions.
He declared that it was a mis-
conception that the Ministry was a
mine of information on every sub-
ject. Actually it had no means of
obtaining information and news, and
the newspapers do, and was de-
pendent upon other Government de-
partments for its information.

COMMUNISTS SUPPRESSED

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

PARIS, Sept. 26 (UP).—The dis-
solution of the French Communist
Party has been ordered by the
Council of Ministers.

No action will be taken against the
72 Communist Deputies and Senators,
unless they violate the law.

The ban has resulted in the sup-
pression of two famous Paris news-
papers, "L'Humanité" and "Le Sol-
eil" as well as hundreds of provincial
publications.

NAVY HAS CONQUERED THE SUBMARINE MENACE

(Continued from Page 1.)

have played an important part, both
in directing hunting destroyers upon
their quarry, and in actually attack-
ing themselves."

Mr. Churchill explained that it was
to bridge the gap between what
Britain had ready at the beginning
of the war and what she had ready
now that the Admiralty had decided
to use aircraft-carriers with some
freedom in order to bring in unarmed,
unorganised and unconvoyed traffic
then approaching British shores in
large numbers.

Sinking Of Courageous

"The Courageous was attended by
four destroyers, but two had to go
and hunt a U-boat attacking a mer-
chant ship coming towards England.
When the Courageous turned into the
wind at dusk in order to enable her
own aircraft to land upon the deck,
she happened, by what
had been a 100 to one chance or
more, to meet a U-boat in her un-
predictable course."

"But this hard stroke of war in
no way diminishes our confidence in
the methods now at our disposal.
On the contrary, our confidence in
them has grown with every day they
have been employed. I believe their
potency will become more apparent
in proportion as great numbers of
new vessels come into action, and
our hunting officers get the knack
of using depth charges by frequent
practice."

"Therefore, I cannot feel at the
end of the first three weeks of
naval warfare that the judgment
formed by the Admiralty before
the war about these new methods
stands in any need of revision, ex-
cept perhaps in a favourable sense."

Great Troop Convoys

"Meanwhile the whole vast busi-
ness of our world trade continues
without interruption and without
prospect of diminution."

"Great convoys of troops are being
escorted to their various destinations.
Enemy ships and commerce have
been swept from the seas."

"Two million tons of German
shipping is sheltering in German or
neutral harbours."

Mr. Churchill revealed that Britain
had actually arrested, seized and con-
verted to her own use 67,000 tons or
more of German merchandise than
had been sunk in British ships
(cheers).

"Even in all where we were un-
lucky to lose some tankers, we lost
60,000 tons in the first fortnight, and
gained 50,000 tons from the enemy,
apart from enormous additional stores
which we brought to England in the
ordinary way."

"Again, I reiterate caution against
over-sanguine deductions, but we now
have got most supplies in this country
than we should have if no war
had been declared, and if no U-boats
had come into action. At that rate it
will take a long time to starve us
out."

Speaking about the character of the
war, Mr. Churchill said: "For some
time German U-boat commanders
tried their best to behave with
humanity. We have seen them give
food and warning, and also endeavour
to help the crew to find their way to
port."

Courteous German

"One German captain signalled
to me personally the position of
the ship which he had just sunk.
He signed his message 'German
Submarine', and I was in some
doubt as to what address I should
direct my reply."

"However, is now in our
hands, (laughter) "and is treated
with all consideration" (Hearts)

"But many cruel and ruthless acts
have been committed. Mr. Churchill
mentioned the Athenia, Royal Sceptre and Hazelde.
Britain, he said, could not recognise
this type of warfare as other than
contrary to all the acquired and ac-
cepted traditions of the sea, and a
violation of the laws of war to which
the Germans themselves in recent
years, had so lustily subscribed."

Mr. Churchill mentioned that steps
had been taken to replace the tonnage
lost. Old ships which were laid up,
were being refitted and prepared for
sea.

In addition, an enormous building
programme of new ships of all
character, and they therefore hoped to
have a larger margin in the future to
meet new forms of attack.

Statement Welcomed

Mr. Clement Attlee said that the
whole House welcomed the robust
and cheerful statement by Mr.
Churchill, and they all joined in the
admiration for the work of the navy
and air force in combating the
U-boat menace.

They welcomed the very close co-
operation with the French in every
respect.

Mr. Attlee urged that the economic
side of the war should always be in
the minds of those directing it.

He expressed the opinion that the
morale of the people of Britain was
very high, and he emphasised that it
should be kept so.

Sir Archibald Sinclair, leader of
the Liberal Opposition, criticised the
last leaflet dropped on Germany, and
said he did not believe it would have
the effect upon the German people it
was supposed to have.

Sir Archibald Sinclair said that the
delay in making the best use of our
man-power might have fatal results.
He added that Herr Hitler meant to
end the war in six months, and so
they needed vigorous preparation
and organisation to withstand the
perils to which they would be op-
posed.

BOSCO RADIO CORPORATION

SUB DISTRIBUTORS FOR:

Westinghouse RADIOS

SHOWROOM, HOLLAND HOUSE

TEL. 32227

DAVIE BOAG & CO., LTD.



"NO SUCH SUBSTANCE? ALL RIGHT—WE'LL MAKE ONE!"



Like the jungle explorer, the
electrical research worker must
constantly deal with the unknown.

Through the long history of
electricity, the engineers in West-
inghouse Research Laboratories
have known the thrills of develop-
ing entirely new materials needed
for new products. Kodal, Kosal,
Micarta, Hiperul and Hipernic, for
example, are new materials devel-
oped by Westinghouse. While
these may be strange names to
you, without them you would be
without many of electricity's ser-
vices that you enjoy today.

This is one of the reasons why
Westinghouse has remained one
of the most important names in
electricity. And the Westinghouse
record of accomplishment in re-
search is matched by its reputation
for quality and dependability in
the electrical products it builds.

Whatever your electrical need
... be it for your home, for gen-
eration and transmission, for in-
dustry or elsewhere ... you can
select the products of Westing-
house with assurance of getting
the utmost in performance and
satisfaction.

LISTEN TO Westinghouse International Short Wave Radio Station W8XK

Westinghouse

MAKER OF FINE ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS

REFRIGERATORS • RADIOS • RANGES • WASHERS • WATER HEATERS • VACUUM-CLEANERS
PANS • IRONS • IRONERS • AIR CONDITIONING • LAMPS AND LIGHTING EQUIPMENT
SWITCHES AND SOCKETS • "MICA" • X-RAY • ELEVATORS • METERS • RELAYS
INSULATORS • WELDERS • MOTORS • TRANSFORMERS • GENERATORS • STEAM
TURBINES • CIRCUIT-BREAKERS • LIGHTNING ARRESTERS • TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT • RECTIFIERS

SOLD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD BY WESTINGHOUSE DISTRIBUTORS

DAVIE, BOAG & Co., LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:

CHARTERED BANK BLDG.

Tel. 28116.

SHOWROOMS:

GLOUCESTER BUILDING

Des Voeux Rd. C.

Tel. 31141.

Westinghouse

Kitchen-proved REFRIGERATOR

Iron Guard Leader Executed

BUCHAREST, Sept. 26, (UP).—It
is officially announced that a lawyer
named Hercelegiu, a former Iron
Guard leader, was arrested and ex-
ecuted last night, on the grounds that
he was a ring-leader in the assassina-
tion of M. Calinescu.
It is understood that there have
been scattered executions at other
places. Otherwise the country is
"completely calm."

B.E.F. TO ISSUE COMMUNIQUE

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—
When the British expeditionary force
is in action against the enemy, com-
munique, similar to the regular
French communique, concerning
operations on the Western Front, will
be issued, according to a statement
by Mr. Leslie Hore-Beelish, the War
Minister, in the House of Commons
to-day.

Queen Elizabeth In London

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—The
Queen returned to London from
Scotland to-day.
While in Scotland Her Majesty
paid many visits, especially to the
mothers and children who had been
evacuated from Glasgow to houses
and cottages on the royal estate at
Balmoral, and to schools where the
evacuated children were being taught.

DEWAR'S
"White Label"
The Right Label



GENUINE SCOTCH THAT NEVER VARIES!

Sole Agents:—A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
 WINE DEPT. TEL. 20616.

LATEST H.M.V. DANCE RECORDINGS

- BD5488—Deep Purple, F.T. Jack Harris's Orch.
 I'm Building A Sallboat of Dreams, F.T.
 BD5489—The Spider and The Fly, F.T. Fats Waller's Orch.
 Taint What You Do, F.T.
 BD5484—Gypsy Tears, F.T. Jack Hylton's Orch.
 Chopsticks-Quick-step.
 BD5483—Apple Blossom Time, F.T. Jack Hylton's Orch.
 Poor Contrary Mary, F.T.
 BD5481—Small Town, F.T. Gerald's Orch.
 I Fald for The Lie that I Told You, Waltz.
 BD5482—Begin the Beguine, F.T. Gerald's Orch.
 Little Sir Echo, Waltz.
 SWING-Played by the WORLD FAMOUS ARTISTS
 BD8006—Deep Purple, F.T. Artie Shaw's Orch.
 Begin the Beguine, F.T.
 BD8005—Sweet Sue, Just You, F.T. Tommy Dorsey's Orch.
 Sweet Sue, Just You, F.T. Benny Goodman's Orch.
 BD8013—Changes, F.T. Paul Whiteman's Orch.
 Louisiana, F.T.
 BD8008—Topsy, F.T. Benny Goodman's Orch.
 Smoke House Rhythm, F.T.
 BD8007—Black Bottom, F.T. Benny Berigan's Orch.
 Trees, F.T.

Messrs. S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.

YORK BUILDING Tel. 20527 CHATER ROAD.

China Motor Agencies & Sales Co.

REPRESENTING

THE DAIMLER CO., LTD., COVENTRY, ENGLAND.
 THE LANCHESTER MOTOR CO., LTD.,
 COVENTRY, ENGLAND.
 THE B.S.A. CO., LTD., BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.
 MACK-INTERNATIONAL MOTOR TRUCK
 CORP., NEW YORK, U.S.A.

WE STOCK THE FOLLOWING:

"AERO" VALVE SPRINGS
 "CLUPET" PISTON RINGS
 "KLINGER" GASKETS & GASKET SETS
 "WESTRIC" TRICKLE CHARGERS
 "HEAVYBERD" BATTERY CHARGERS
 "TUMBLER" POLISHING KITS
 BATTERIES, SPARK PLUGS & OTHER MOTOR
 ACCESSORIES FROM LEADING BRITISH AND
 AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS.

JUST ARRIVED:

"KOOL" FIBRE MATTING SEAT COVERS FOR
 ALL POPULAR AMERICAN CARS
 "STADIUM" PICNIC SETS FOR MOTORISTS

OUR SERVICE DEPT. has the most
 up-to-date equipment for all kinds of
 Motor Repair Work.
 Cars Overhauled and Serviced.
 Cars Repainted
 Bodywork & Upholstery Repaired.
 Batteries Charged.

157-158-159 GLOUCESTER ROAD
 WANCHAI. TEL. NO. 22157.
 P. O. BOX 673

Count the
"TELEGRAPHS"
 everywhere

The car that made
 14 h.p. motoring
 famous.

The **NEW**
VAUXHALL
14 SIX

Manufacturing schedules were
 trebled to catch up with the
 demand for this livelier, bigger,
 more luxurious Vauxhall 14, 30
 m.p.g. at 30 m.p.h. independent
 springing, all synchromesh gears,
 hydraulic brakes, etc.

May we demonstrate?

HONGKONG HOTEL
GARAGE

Stubbs Rd. Tel. 27778-9

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

Wyndham St., Hongkong
 Phone 26615
 September 27, 1939

Liquid Gold

HITLER has acquired a considerable amount of booty in his latest plundering drive across Europe. Polish gold, arms and armament works, a great fleet of modern aeroplanes, and a useful stretch of food-producing land have fallen into his hands.

To that extent, the Reich is stronger and better equipped for warfare against the Allies on the western front. But its conquest has failed to give it the one raw material without which it cannot hope to indefinitely continue a major war—oil.

Had the Soviet not stepped in, Hitler would have seized the great Polish oil-fields east of the Vistula. But these are claimed by Russia, which, paradoxical as it may seem, has done the Allies a service in preventing the area from falling into the hands of the Nazis. Russia, too, has cut off Germany's contact with the Rumanian frontier, so that Hitler cannot now invade Rumanian soil without first violating the territory of Hungary, Yugoslavia or Bulgaria.

Modern armaments are infinitely more lethal than ever before in history but they are also more dependent. Oil-fuel is their life-blood. Great air fleets and mechanised armies require enormous quantities. Unless Germany can import sufficient oil supplies, her bombers will in due course be immobilised and her striking power blunted.

In peace-time alone Germany consumed something like 6,500,000 tons of liquid fuel a year. Her requirements now are probably four or five times that figure.

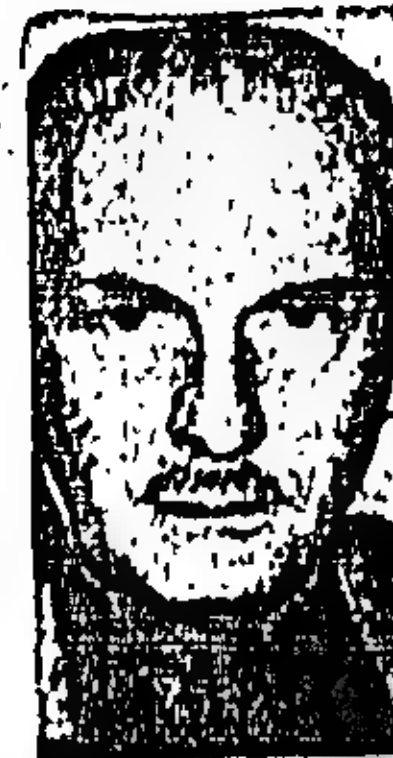
In recent years, oil has been discovered in a number of places in the Reich, and domestic production has been rapidly expanded. Even so, Germany's output of domestic crude oil was only some 550,000 tons last year.

Conscious of her dangerous deficiency, she has worked feverishly at the production of oil from coal. But her total production of mineral oils from all kinds of domestic raw materials in 1938 was not much over 2½ million tons.

In short, Germany's capacity to wage a long modern war with Great Britain and France depends to a decisive extent on her getting imports from abroad. If the British blockade succeeds in cutting these off, the war will be shortened. Before the war, Germany's chief foreign sources of supply were the Dutch East Indies, the United States and Rumania. The first two of these are already lost to her. Before the war, she imported Rumanian oil by ships passing through the Mediterranean. This route is also cut off, and the more direct overland route is accessible only along tortuous mountain paths through third nations. Between Germany and the Rumanian oilfield are the Carpathian Alps. They are a wide and rugged range of mountains, rising to as much as 9,000ft. Germany must provide her own fleet of motor trucks to bring the vital fuel across these mountains.

We cannot but deplore Russian aggression against Poland. But Russian aggression has at least robbed the Nazis of the parts of Poland which, to war-time Germany, are by far the most necessary.

To-day, Germany's only hope is that Russia herself will provide the fuel for her bombers and mechanised units. Without Russian aid, Hitlerism will meet swift justice.



DILL
 £500 for his head



GORT
 The V.C. Peer



WAVELL
 The "Shocker"



ADAM
 Army's brains



IRONSIDE
 To-day's Kitchener?

Brass-hats of to-day are all right

THE British Army to-day is in the hands of men who have more experience of real fighting than any peacetime commanders of British troops in the past.

Men like French and Haig and Smith-Dorrien when they led into action the "Contemptibles" of 1914 had behind them only a few small colonial campaigns, of which the mismanaged rounding-up of some thousands of Boer farmers was the largest.

To these commanders of 1914, their blundering plunges across South Africa constituted "the War." To "Tiger" Gort or "Tiny" Ironside, "the War" means 1914-18; and that vast struggle was the training-field for the men whose duty it may be, under these two leaders, to take our Regular Army into action.

John Standish Surtees Prendergast Vereker, Sixth Viscount Gort, was the only peer to win a Victoria-Cross during the Great War. Twice wounded, near the Canal du Nord, in 1918, he personally led a platoon of his battalion down a sunken road that took them to the flank of their "impossible" objective.

He personally brought up, under heavy fire, the "stray" tank that could help his men forward.

He lost so much blood that at one time he was directing his battalion from a stretcher. But he got on his feet again to lead the assault, and organised the defence of the captured ground before he collapsed.

He is Chief of the Imperial General Staff, the Cabinet's military adviser, the man who chooses the Army's leaders. But his personal qualities are more those of a commander than of a staff officer.

He is 53, the youngest Chief of General Staff our Army has ever had. He was promoted to his present job over the heads of thirty-two generals. When this roused indignation from old men in London clubs, Sir Ian Hamilton answered: "Thank God we are now under a proper soldier and shall not be shot sitting."

General Sir Edmund Ironside, six-foot-four and therefore called "Tiny," is Inspector-General of the Overseas Forces. This is the position Sir John French held in 1914, before war broke out. Sir Edmund is Commander-in-Chief of the B.E.F. in France.

A sharp tongue and a critical dia. The other heads the Aldershot Command.

But because of this quality he was given the heart-breaking jobs to do—and carried them through.

He was given Canadians to command, and made his 99th Brigade terrible—in the literal sense of the word. They scared anyone they came across. He saw to it that they worked off their energy on the Germans.

At the age of 39 he was given the worst job of the lot; command of the Allied Army in North Russia.

He did better work in that ill-fated command than could have been expected, partly because he insisted with all his immense energy that when the job was through, it was through, and the troops must be withdrawn.

He is possibly Britain's future Kitchener. The job of Secretary of State for War may be too much the job for a technical soldier, at the beginning of a world struggle, for any civilian politician to hold.

At 59, Ironside is the oldest of the new group of generals on whose shoulders the burden of war would fall. He bulks largest also. And his name alone might be worth an army corps to us.

Two other men stand out. One is in charge, already, of the largest force of British troops outside England and India.

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty



"Boys, the president of the club is pretty sick—the least we could do to show our sympathy, is to play only nine holes!"

which crossed the channel to France last week. As lately as last May he was in France to study the Maginot line.

He is an Ulster man, with Irish wit and charm. The Aldershot Command is usually given only to very senior generals; but Sir John was only given his present rank in 1936.

He is 57. His fighting experience includes recent command in Palestine. An Arab rebel there offered £500 for his head. It is worth more than that.

Quarter-Master General, the man on whom rations and "Ammo" depend, buttons, billets, beef and bread, is Lieutenant-General Venning, who has been getting to bed late at nights since the war started.

The war we none of us want may, most of us realise all too clearly, soon come very close home to England until the bombers are mastered—as they will be. An immense responsibility may fall on the general commanding the London District. He is Major-General A. F. A. N. Thorne.

He commanded a Guards Brigade towards the end of the war. Later he served as Military Attaché in Berlin. A gossip-writer has described him as "winning the personal friendship of Hitler."

But a friend of Hitler is not the right label for this stocky, quick-stepping general. At 53, he is one of the Army's coming men.

Two "mystery men" close the list. One is Mr. Hore-Bellisha's military secretary. Previous occupants of the job have become Chief of the Imperial General Staff (Lord Gort) and Director-General of the Territorial Army (Lt-General Brownrigg). Lieutenant-General Gifford, who now holds this post, has served mainly in the Colonies. He has been in Africa so much that few Londoners know him.

Last, perhaps most important of all, is 52-year-old Sir Ronald Adam. Deputy Chief of the Imperial General Staff, his promotion during recent years has been even more rapid than that of others in the new group of commanders.

He is said to be "the brains of the Army."

He is so professional that one feels "this is a foreign soldier, not an English one; English soldiers are always rather amateur."

But, in fact, nothing could be less foreign than his reserve, the cover of casual phrase with which he hides the penetration of his comments and questions. Here is the rare type of mind that is always searching for essentials.

This is the team, or part of it. It is head and shoulders above that of 25 years ago.

OVERNIGHT
NEWS PAGERumanian
Fears

LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—The "Exchange Telegraphs" Bucharest correspondent states fears of a Soviet coup are expressed in responsible circles. It is stated that 100 Soviet divisions are advancing, one on the Bessarabian border. Air raid precautionary measures were put into operation in Bucharest last night.

THE GRAND
DUCHY
Luxemburg Relies
On Neutrality

Luxemburg, Sept. 26. Luxemburg relies on the belated Powers to maintain treaties and keep their renewed verbal assurances to respect the Grand Duchy's neutrality, stated the Minister of State, M. Pierre Dupong, at an interview.

"Our neutral rights will be fully respected," said M. Dupong, "while our neutrality is based on the same principles as that of Belgium, Holland and Switzerland, there is no difference in our case since we have no Socialist Government."

"While the country hopes to escape war, there will be difficulties, especially economic ones. Our steel industry which produced one-tenth of the world's output last year and imported coke from Germany, ore from France and ship steel from all parts of the world without difficulties, is bound to suffer."

Asked if the number of unemployed in the Grand Duchy really totalled 275,000, he replied that 2,000 was accurate.

M. Dupong, who has a modest office in the Central Post Office building, said that the food situation in Luxemburg was much better now than at the outbreak of the World War. In a splendid condition, although there is a shortage of maize for cattle which he has at present an exportable surplus, he said. "We are short of fats, lard and wheat, which is mixed with home-grown produce, good quality flour, also sugar, salt, spices and cocoa, M. Georges Thunis, former Premier of Belgium, is sailing for the United States shortly to negotiate for Belgium and Luxemburg for these supplies."

M. Dupong, who is in his early fifties, welcomes visitors in a quiet and friendly manner. He concluded his interview by saying that the Grand Duchy this year was celebrating its 100 years of independence. "Published by the Treaty of London on the conclusion of the Belgian revolution in 1839, the exact frontier of Holland, Belgium and Luxemburg was established," United Press.

U-Boat Scourge

Survivors
Tell Of
Experience

LONDON, Sept. 26. Survivors of the British steamer Hazelside which was sunk by a German submarine to-day gave the story of their ordeal when the ship was attacked.

They said that the ship was first shelled and then torpedoed. The hero of the affair was the wireless operator, who though wounded in the face, leg and arm by shell splinters, continued to send messages and had to be carried to the boat when the ship was abandoned.

The captain steered a zig-zag course but eventually had to stop the engine and abandon the ship. The second engineer, who had an arm blown off, went down to the engine room to carry out orders and was never seen again. Two of the lifeboats were smashed by the gunfire and all the crew had to go in the Captain's jolly-bow which was so crowded that they could not use the oars and had to bail the water out with sea-boats. Soon after, a British destroyer arrived and dropped a depth charge but it was not known whether the submarine was sunk.—Reuter Bulletin.

Counter-Measures Discussed

LONDON, Sept. 26. In connection with the sinking of the Swedish freighter Gertrud Bratt by a German submarine, it is confirmed that nineteen of the crew were picked up by another Swedish steamer and landed safely in Norway. This is the third neutral steamer sunk by the Germans during the past few days. The Swedish Government has temporarily suspended the shipping of cellulose, and exporters are said to be taking action to meet the situation. It is stated that such cargo will have to be transported to Norway and re-shipped from there.

WARSAW HOLDS OUT WHILE
FRENCH ADVANCE ON SAAR

The Russians and the Germans continue to occupy new territory in Poland in what is said to be in accordance with their mutual plans. The Russians have reached the frontier of Estonia and it is reported that they have closed the Rumanian frontier.

The German troops have not eased their bombardment of Warsaw which is now running short of ammunition. The Poles, however, repelled another Nazi assault by hand-to-hand fighting. President Moscicki of Poland, who fled into Rumania, has been interned together with General Smigly-Rydz. It is reported that the President is contemplating resignation in favour of a Pole in France for the purpose of establishing a new Polish government on French soil.

In Nazi occupied Poland the Jews are being severely dealt with. They have been refused food and all the shops where the Jews have been taken over by the Germans. On the Western Front the French artillery pounded the German lines and made advances in the Saar sector. The Germans on the other hand claim to be attacking in French town from three sides.

Budapest, Sept. 26. An unconfirmed report states that the Germans blew up the Drobobycz oil wells before handing over to the Russians.—Reuter Special.

Red Army's Advance

Moscow, Sept. 26. A Red Army communiqué reports that the troops have reached the towns of Suvalki and Gomel and are now on a line running thence through Surazh, Yanov, Opalin, Dubenka, Podgalehiki, Unistche, Rybnik and Kozlowa.—Reuter.

Forming Guerilla Bands

Paris, Sept. 26. The bands forming in Poland are modelled on those which Marshal Pilsudski directed in the last war and which contributed effectively to the country's resurrection, declares General Duval writing in the Journal des Debats.—Reuter Special.

Pounded To Dust

London, Sept. 26. Despite the unrestricted warfare waged by the Germans in which the ruthlessness of the military operations has known no bounds, Warsaw is still bravely holding out and will continue to hold out until there is no further strength and breath in us, stated the announcer of Radio Warsaw in a broadcast to-day.

He said that Warsaw was undergoing the eleventh day of artillery bombardment which had been almost ceaseless since it began. Heavy guns were indiscriminately continuing to shell the city into dust. All the big buildings had gone one by one and now the smaller ones were going the same way. All the while, continued the tragic message, hundreds of bombs were falling from the air, destroying and killing on a scale unparalleled in history. Tens of thousands of civilians were dead and wounded, but it seemed impossible to kill the spirit of the people. The latest sign of the indomitable spirit of the people came from the women. Ready to die with their men folk, large squads of armed women were now fighting side by side with the soldiers.

The Germans claim to have penetrated into parts of the suburbs and state that they have captured the southern suburbs. The Red Army claims to be still advancing and state that they are carrying out mopping up operations in the Ukraine and in White Russia.

It is stated that the work of making the Poles Soviet-minded is going on very successfully. The Soviet military authorities had organised peasant corps which were going about scouting for Polish officers who are in hiding in the forests.—Reuter Bulletin.

Envoy Returns

Paris, Sept. 26. The French Ambassador to Poland who has just returned to Paris, in an interview said that the Polish army was beaten because of the crushing superiority of Germany in the air and also the reckless manner in which they used their vastly superior mechanised forces.

The Germans, he said, freely used aerial torpedoes and bombs not only on military objectives but on anything they could see. The slightest sign of anything moving was sufficient for the Germans to let loose all the fury of their guns and planes. The shelling and bombing was carried out without the slightest consideration of humanitarianism or even conforming to the smallest rules of warfare.

The Ambassador paid a glowing tribute to the magnificent heroism of the Poles, who fought to the death. Where the opposing forces were equal, he said, the Poles were infinitely superior fighters. Another factor which contributed to the early defeat of the Poles was the widespread system of espionage which the Germans had set up. Wherever the Government or state authorities moved, the spies would communicate the news to the Germans and the place was blasted almost out of existence by the German planes.—Reuter Bulletin.

Italy Sees Allied Success

London, Sept. 26. The first mention in the Italian Press of the possibility of a collapse of the Siegfried Line is contained in a leading article in the Giornale.

which will mean an increase in the cost by about 20 per cent. It is emphasised that if the Germans continue the unrestricted submarine campaign it will paralyse the Swedish export trade. A Norwegian delegation has left for London to discuss the question with the British Government. In addition to the Swedish ships, two Finnish vessels have been sunk so far.—Reuter Bulletin.

d'Italia, which was broadcast on the Italian wireless, and stated that the Allied Governments and nations should bear in mind that even the collapse of the German Western wall will probably bring the Allied armies in contact with the stronger German troops.—Reuter.

Artillery Active

Paris, Sept. 26. French and German guns have been exchanging violent cannonades on the Western Front. For the first time since the outbreak of war there has been prolonged artillery action on the stretch along the Rhine between Strasbourg and the Swiss frontier.

After a week spent in consolidating the gains, the French have moved up artillery batteries and are now within good range of the Siegfried Line.—Reuter.

German Plans Being Made

Paris, Sept. 26. With the war approaching its end of the first month, military circles foresee an early German invasion of Switzerland or Holland, or both. An attack via Switzerland will give a long front line of 200 kilometres, while an attack via Holland will permit the German forces to skirt behind Belgium's first line defences and head for the heart of Flanders.

The authoritative Petit Parisien says that in addition to evacuating Alsace-Lorraine, which presupposes the eventual violation of Dutch neutrality, there are three large masses of troops in the neighbourhood of the German-Swiss frontier behind the Rhine, from Basle to Schaffhouse. The German plan would be to organise large scale operations via Neuchâtel into the Jura mountains. The natural defences in the Jura mountains, in addition to the powerful forts constructed there, would permit the French to hold up the enemy advance with ease.

Military circles hold the opinion that the Germans are doing their utmost to discover the strength of the French forces before venturing an offensive. The Germans are also preoccupied with the French advance, which puts certain parts of the Siegfried Line under the range of French artillery.—United Press.

German Claim Reduced

London, Sept. 26. Great activity continues on the Western Front, chiefly confined to artillery duels. There have also been several spectacular aerial encounters between Allied and German planes. The Germans claim that they brought down five French planes, although previously they had put the number at eight. The French admit having lost two machines. The Germans dropped pamphlets which read: One Führer, one people, one Reich. The French replied with: Liberty, Equality, Fraternity.—Reuter Bulletin.

West Reich
Strewn With
Leaflets
More Excursions
By The R.A.F.

London, Sept. 26. The Air Ministry announces that the Royal Air Force again carried out successful reconnaissance over western and north-west Germany on Monday. Attacks by enemy aircraft were repulsed and the British machines returned safely to their bases.

Last night further reconnaissances were carried out over Germany and leaflets dropped. All the machines landed safely.—Reuter.

Eighteen Million Pamphlets

London, Sept. 26. A Ministry of Information bulletin states that since the beginning of the war the Royal Air Force has dropped 18 million pamphlets in various parts of Germany.

The British aircraft, continues the bulletin, penetrated far into the interior of the Reich visiting the north, the centre as well as the Western Front. British machines had travelled thousands of miles over German territory during the past twenty days. The pamphlets were dropped in bundles the size of a brick. The raids were mostly carried out at night and the fact that most of the pamphlets were dropped in the right places testified to the skill of the airmen.—Reuter Bulletin.

Latest News From China War Front

Chungshan Quiet
But Changsha
Threatened

CHUNGSHAN, Sept. 26.—The Chinese militia are still holding Cheungkapin, Taiwan, Siuyan and Laichuen, north-east of Shekki, which were scenes of fighting last week. These fronts were very quiet yesterday with the exception of some minor Chinese raids against the Japanese remaining at Tawangtau and Sanchow. As a precaution most of the Japanese there return to their warships at night.

Two Japanese warships remain off Tawangtau with three at Wangmoon. The warships at Tawangtau fired intermittently towards Cheungkapin.

On Sunday afternoon two Japanese planes flew over Shekki and machine-gunned the Chinese positions. No planes visited Shekki yesterday. Some of the traders who have returned to Shekki are now opening shops at night in order to avoid being bombed.

Kongmoon Desertion

Shiuhing, Kwangtung, Sept. 26. More than 200 puppet vanguards stationed at Kongmoon have deserted. Other Japanese-employed Chinese irregulars in Suwai are reported to have mutinied because they have not been paid for three months.

A lot of them have surrendered to the Chinese.—Central News.

Chinese Successes

Shekki, Sept. 26. Chinese successes in Tsunkin and Fayun were spectacular, as a Shiuhing report claims that the Japanese casualties included over 350 cavalrymen, 800 infantrymen and the death of a detachment commander with the rank of major-general. Many Japanese retreated in confusion to Shenkong, and several officers were killed by the guerrillas, who sniped at them.

Heavy losses were also sustained on the Chinese side, as the Japanese brought into action over 200 Japanese bombing planes, necessitating the Chinese counter-attack only at night or during bad weather.—Special.

Japanese Consolidating

Macao, Sept. 26. An unexpected development in the Japanese hostilities in Chungshan was the sudden and unexplained withdrawal of large numbers of the invading troops, on Friday last. The Chinese defenders on the Wang moon front were given much needed respite, but the Japanese appeared off Tai Lum and Siu Lum Islands, midway between San Cho Island and the mainland of Tau Moon, close to Pak Chiu.

On the Wangmoon front the Japanese have not withdrawn entirely, and are in occupation of Pak Tong Tap Hill, where about 200 Japanese troops and a similar number of bombers brought by the Japanese from elsewhere in China, are busily engaged in the erection of barbed wire barricades and other works. Pak Tong Tap Hill occupies a very strategic position, overlooking the foreshore of Wangmoon Channel, and it is possible that the Japanese are fortifying the place with the object of covering future landings at the spot.

Meanwhile, the Chinese villagers, who have been holding out against the Japanese for so long in Chungshan, have been reinforced by the arrival of Chinese irregulars from various other districts in South China. The newly arrived troops possess better arms and equipment than the district guards.

Refugees are returning to their homes, in spite of the presence of Japanese warships off the coasts and occasional visits by Japanese planes.—Our Own Correspondent.

Tenghai Evacuation

Hingning, Kwangtung, Sept. 26. Tenghai, a town on the eastern Kwangtung coast, 12 miles north-east of Swatow, was evacuated by the Chinese yesterday after heavy fighting.—Central News.

Changsha Threat

Hankow, Sept. 26. Having covered 25 miles since Saturday the vanguards of the Japanese in north-eastern Hunan today were within 40 miles of Changsha.

Two units of Japanese on Monday afternoon crossed the Mi River. A Japanese naval landing party which landed on the east shore of Tungting Lake, occupied Luishishan west of the Hankow-Canton Railway, on Monday morning.—Domei.

Chinese Resistance

Changsha, Sept. 26. Large-scale fighting is raging in a wide area lying between the Sin-

LOTUS "DORMEONE" SHOES are very old, and tried-favourites. They have two special features—the LOW HEEL and the "DORMEONE" STRAP.

The heel is only 3/4" high. This means that the weight of the body is thrown well back and a correct stance is enforced. Almost as good as the ideal—the barefoot stance.

The "DORMEONE" strap acts like a veritable extra ligament, bracing the arch of the foot constantly and taking away the strain of the low heel. It is adjustable both for position and tension. It permits a full day's golf without foot fatigue.

\$39.50—Less 10% Cash Discount.

MACKINTOSH'S LTD.

MEN'S WEAR
SPECIALISTS

TRADE 'KEPLER' MARK

COD Liver Oil with MALT Extract

A vital force for health



If you would have your children happy, healthy, adventurous and self-reliant, see that they get this energy-giving food.

'KEPLER' COD Liver Oil with MALT Extract meets all the requirements of growth and energy.

Bottles of two sizes
All Chemists and Stores

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.
(INCORPORATED IN THE NETHERLANDS)
LONDON AND SHANGHAI

FOR PERFECTION
AND COOLNESS

HAVE YOUR
Summer
Wear

DRY CLEANED
THIS BETTER
WAY!

ZORIC
Odourless
Air Condition
Dry Cleaning



THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Head Office & Works 87032
Hong Kong Depot, Tel. 21278. Gloucester Bldg., 2nd Flr., Tel. 28938.
Peak Depot, Tel. 20352. Kowloon Depot, Tel. 58545.



THE
HONGKONG
PENINSULA HOTEL;
HONGKONG HOTEL; REPULSE BAY HOTEL;
&
SHANGHAI
ASTOR HOUSE; PALACE HOTEL;
HOTELS
LIMITED

In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking

GREATER REPRESENTATION IN LAWN BOWLS INTERNATIONAL INDICATED

Australia And Wales Each Need One Player To Complete A Rink

Present indications are that there will be a greater representation in the Cutierrez International Lawn Bowls Competition this year than there was last year. England, Scotland, Portugal, India, Malaya, China and Philippines have entered for the tournament once again, and in addition, Eire and Switzerland have also signified their intention of taking part.

If sufficient players are forthcoming, Wales and Australia will also join the competition. So far only three names have been received for each of these two countries, but as entries have not yet closed it is very likely that the remaining places will be filled before the tournament commences.

Actually entries should have been sent back to Mr. R. P. Phillips, Hon. Secretary of the H.K.L.B.A., at the latest, on Monday; but up to yesterday entries had yet to come from the Police R.C., Prison Officers' Club, Hongkong F.C., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong Electric R.C. and the Yacht Club.

Bowls conveners of these clubs are requested to communicate with Mr. Phillips at once. As usual England and Portugal lead the field in the number of entries, there being 19 from the former and 17 from the latter. So far Eire and Switzerland have just got enough to form a rink each.

The only Dutch entry is H. Van C.C.

FULL ENTRIES
The following are the entries received to date:
England—F. Goodwin, R. S. Meadows, W. H. Hobbs (K.C.C.), B. Zelebach, E. Strange, R. R. Wood, W. R. Hillyer.

Here And There With "Abe"

We Are Lucky To Have Any League Cricket

ALTHOUGH the final voting was in favour of continuing the League on the same lines as last year—i.e. playing League matches from January to March—it was a close thing at one time whether we were going to have any League cricket at all. The first poll resulted in four votes in favour of the League continuing in spite of the war, four for abolishing the League and having only friendly matches, and two for not only having the League but also having home and away League matches. Thus there were three camps at the meeting. But when no support was forthcoming for home and away League matches, the Club de Reccelo and Indian R.C. representatives, who were the movers of this scheme, probably taking the view that one round of League matches was better than none, promptly withdrew their motion and voted for the League carrying on. Therefore the final voting was six for the continuation of the League and four for having only "friendlies". In view of the existence of the war, we are fortunate to have the League at all, and it is not surprising, therefore, that there was no support at the meeting for home and away League matches for the First Division. The scheme, which was popular amongst a number of local players, seems a trifle ambitious with the present conditions prevailing, but I

am certain that when the war is over and things get back to normal the question will crop up once again.

Eight-Ball Over

THE eight-ball over is to be utilised in Hongkong during the forthcoming cricket season. The eight-ball over was introduced in Australia in 1918 and has been pronounced a success ever since. In it was tried out in all first-class matches in England during the summer with very good results. Time-saving is one of its advantages, and it only for this reason alone it is bound to be popular in Hongkong in view of the fact that the majority of our matches are Saturday afternoon games.

Sorry For University

I COULD not help feeling sorry for the University representative who applied for permission to play in the First Division and was rejected. For the life of me I could not see why the application was refused. The undergraduates, wishing to improve their cricket, think and quite rightly, that they can be of use by playing in the First Division, where they can play against the leading players of the Colony from whom they can learn. It was all very well for the Chairman of the meeting to suggest to the University that they could arrange friendly matches against First Division teams but how many First Division teams would be willing to arrange fixtures with a junior side? The general practice in Hongkong, as is well-known, is for senior teams to play with senior teams, and junior teams with junior teams. There may have been instances of senior sides playing against juniors, but these are the exceptions rather than the rule. As it was pointed out that the University finished up in fourth position in the Second Division last year, this might have prejudiced the voting. If it was thought that the undergraduates are not yet strong enough to play in the First Division I should have imagined that the applicants were the people who would have been affected most. If they chose to play in the First Division and be beaten week after week, surely that is up to them? Anyhow, we have had no proof that they are likely to be weaker than some of the other teams in the League.

Should Be Encouraged

MY own view is that if a team wishes to play in the First Division it should be given every

Home Soccer Resumes Next Month

LONDON, Sept. 25 (Reuter).—The Scottish Football League announces that football will be resumed in Scotland on October 14 on the basis of two regional Leagues, each of 16 clubs.

It is expected that the English regional plan of seven groups will start on the same day.

HONGKONG BEATEN

Shanghai, Sept. 26. The Lawn Bowls Association Committee beat the Hongkong team 20-18 today after scoring eight shots in the first two hours. Hongkong drew level in the 13th head, 13 all, and led in the next two heads, but the local men again took the lead in the 10th head, 15-14, after which they steadily drew away for victory. Bradbury, Hall, Duncan and Omar played for Hongkong and the Committee players were S.S. Wilkinson, H. Wallace, C. M. Sequeira and K. L. Swartzell.

Hongkong will play the last match against the Police to-morrow. The team will sail aboard the Tricolor.

INTERPORTERS' RETURN

The Hongkong lawn bowlers, who won the interport against Shanghai are due to leave Shanghai to-morrow, arriving here on Sunday.

Encouragement to do so. The trouble with most people in Hongkong is that they fight shy of playing in the highest local class. If they have choice of playing in either "A" or "B" Divisions, most of them would choose the "B" even if they were good enough for the "A". The undergraduates should have been welcomed into the First Division of the League. I think, with open arms instead of being told "Nothing doing." Though they finished fourth in the League this season, they were one of the best junior sides and at one stage had a chance of winning the championship. With due respect to the Kowloon C.C. seconds, who won the Junior championship, they were not much better than the University. I am glad that members of the K.C.C. who will meet with me in the K.C.C. and if the K.C.C. seconds are champions of the Junior League, had applied for permission to play in the First Division, would the League have refused the application? I have no doubts. Not that I am implying any discrimination by the League officials; merely that as champions the K.C.C. seconds would have commanded greater respect. And yet they were not much better than the undergraduates, as I have already stated.

A Harsh Decision

THIS decision of the League in rejecting the application of the University to play in the First Division seems a bit harsh. Admitting that the present team is nothing like those which won the First Division championship in 1922-23, 1927-28 and 1932-33, it should have been remembered by the League officials that the University came down from the First Division on their own a couple of seasons ago when they lost the services of Dr. A. M. Rodriguez, Dr. E. L. Gosno, Dr. H. L. Orazio and several others. They then felt that they had nothing like a team good enough for the First Division, and of their own motion they asked to be allowed to relinquish their position in the First Division and go down to the Second. There being no automatic promotion and relegation in the Cricket League, what was to prevent the University from keeping their place all these years if they had wanted to? By going down to the second division their team was far too weak, the undergraduates revealed they knew their capabilities. Now that they want to go up to the First Division again, I am sure they have good reason for thinking that they will feel at home there. One outcome of this rejection may be that in future no matter how weak they are, First Division teams will think twice before going down to the Second because of the possibility that when they are strengthened later they may not be able to regain their status. The University now is a case in point.

All To The Good

AS it is constituted at present, the local Cricket League has been bottom heavy for years. The number of teams participating in the Second Division is generally almost double that in the First and probably for this reason things are more lively with the juniors than in the seniors. With only seven or eight teams in the First Division, there are only six or seven League matches during a season which extends over a period of five or six months, and a sure interest die out from this section of the League much quicker than from the other. It would have been a good idea if the University had been allowed to play in the First Division, thereby evening the balance a bit.

Wholesale Cancellation Of Sport At Home

(By Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, Sept. 7.—The Management Committee of the Football League met at Crewe on September 6 and considered the position of League clubs. At the conclusion Mr. F. Howarth, the secretary, said that they had decided to rescind the instructions sent out to clubs to ask their players to stand by in case of a partial resumption. He added that all League competition had been cancelled, but not necessarily for the season. The Football League would have to await the instructions of the Government and the Football Association.

Softball

ANNUAL MEETING OF LEAGUE Fifteen Teams To Take Part

At the second meeting of the Hongkong Softball League, held at the Brook Club under the chairmanship of Mr. L. R. Hildebrand, 15 teams were admitted to participate in the 1939 season. One team, the Chanticleer Sports Club, was vetoed because it bore a commercial name, but it is possible that it will enter under another name.

The following are the entries:

Victoria Recreation Club, International Athletic Club, Liga Portuguesa, U.S.S. Mindanao, Hongkong Ball Club, Chung Hwa, English Forum, Canadian Chinese, Hongkong Baseball Club, Club de Reccelo (two teams), Tropics, Central British Association, Filipino Club and the Machine Gunners.

The Committee agreed to the Club de Reccelo entering two teams subject to restrictions regarding "A" players from turning out for the "B" team, but allowing "B" players to play for the "A" more than twice. Should any "B" player appear in the senior team more than twice, he will be considered to have qualified as an "A" player and will no longer be allowed to go back to the junior team.

Although no definite ground arrangements have yet been made, the following were elected to serve on the Grounds Committee: Nip Lum, D. Leonard, F. J. Molten, Kenneth Wong, J. Higgin and J. H. Lawrence.

EMERGENCY COMMITTEE

An effort will be made to eliminate unenthusiastic conduct on the field of play, and for this purpose an Emergency Committee, composed of J. H. Lawrence, G. Chow, H. A. Barros, F. J. Molten and Lt. Goodman, was elected to deal with any such incidents.

The Hong League also met and decided to keep the entry list open until such time as ground arrangements have been made.

Officers of the League are as follows:

President.—Mr. L. R. Hildebrand.
Hon. Secretary.—A. H. Ribeiro.
Asst. Secretary.—Stan Leonard.
Hon. Treasurer.—F. Rodrigues.
Representatives to serve on Association Committee.—H. Noronha, P. Castilho and T. Baynam.

PONY CLASSIFICATION

The following are the latest alterations and additions to Hongkong Jockey Club classification lists, dated June 20:

Australian ponies.—Atlas to B Class.
China ponies.—Dragonfly, March Brown and The Mink to E. Class.

Hockey Practice Postponed

The practice match arranged for this afternoon by the Hongkong Hockey Club has been postponed until Wednesday owing to the inclement weather.

ROOM BATH
CENTRAL CLEAN COMFORTABLE
\$6

Id. 28151.

JAEGER

A NAME FOR VALUE.

----- INTRODUCING -----
THE FAMOUS JAEGER TWIN-SETS
IN

PURE CASHMERE,
ANGORA and WOOL,

AMONG THE CAMEL HAIR
NEW SHADES CHERRY

ARE NEW TAN
DUSTY PINK
POWDER BLUE.

JAEGER...

LANE CRAWFORD'S

The House of Quality & Service

Here's Luck!

EWO BEER



MILD, MEDIUM AND
FULL STRENGTH

PACKED IN
1, 2, 4 and 6 oz.
AIR-TIGHT TINS



Shek-O Golf Tourney

An Eclectic Golf Competition was held by the Shek-O Golf Club at the the weekend and resulted in a win for Lt. Col. H. B. Rose, who returned a score of 52 (2 1/2) 49 1/2.

Other scores in order of merit were Lt. Col. E. J. R. Mitchell 52 (0) 52, Lt. Col. H. B. L. Dowling 59 (5) 54, Dr. H. Burton 58 (2) 56.

The competition was over 17 holes, over half handicap.

SPORT ADVTS.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms for the Eighth Extra Race Meeting to be held on Saturday, 7th and Tuesday, 10th October, 1939. (Weather permitting) may be obtained at the Secretary's Office, Exchange Building; the Club House, Happy Valley; the Hong Kong Club; the Sports Club; and the Stables, Shan Kwong Road. Entries close at 12 o'clock NOON on Thursday, 28th September, 1939.

By Order,
C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.

FRIDAY AT THE KING'S

AT LAST! THE PICTURE YOU HAVE BEEN WAITING FOR!

He conquered the black sinoon that ships might sail the desert... while the love of two women tore at his heart!

SUEZ

A 20th Century-Fox Picture with
LORETTA
TYRONE
POWER-YOUNG
ANNABELLA
J. Edward Bromberg
Schickel
Henry Stephenson

AT POPULAR PRICES.

RAINY DAYS
Smooth Worn TYRES ARE Dangerous
Save 50%
The HONGKONG TYRE Company
392 Hennessy Rd.
Tel. 28539

Gland Discovery Restores Youth In 24 Hours

Restores from loss of vigor, nervousness, weak body, impaired vision, memory, and all the old and worn-out before their first and only discovery in form of a new gland discovery by an American doctor.

This new discovery makes it possible to quickly and easily restore vigor to your glands and body, to build rich, pure blood, to strengthen your mind and memory and to live like a new man in only 24 hours. In fact, it is a new discovery which is a home medicine in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, does away with gland operations and begins to build new vigor and energy in 24 hours, yet it is absolutely harmless and natural in action.

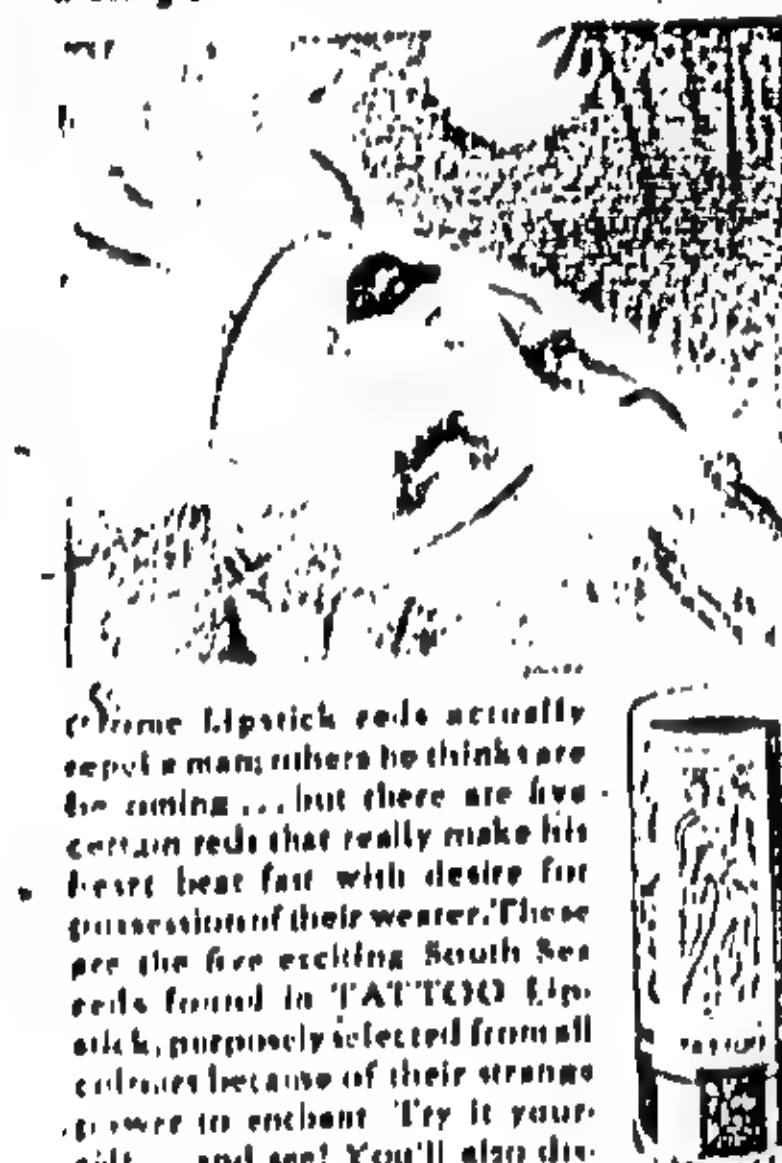
The success of this amazing discovery, called Vi-Tabs, has been great in America that it is now being distributed by all chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction or money back. In other words, Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigor and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the money. Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigor and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the money. Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigor and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the money.

Vi-Tabs guarantee complete satisfaction or money back. In other words, Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigor and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the money.

Restores Manhood and Vitality

PUT THIS NEW COLOUR-THRILL ON YOUR LIPS!

Iridescent, transparent South Sea Colour...the most glamorous reds ever put into lipstick.



These lipstick reds actually excite a man's senses. He thinks you are a queen...but there are live lips that really make him feel like a king. These are the five exciting South Sea reds found in TATTOO Lipstick, purposely selected for their colour because of their strange power to enchant. Try it yourself...and see! You'll also discover that TATTOO is the most fastidious lipstick ever used, and that it actually makes your lips softer, smoother, also much more luscious! See these five exciting colours at your favourite store. There are various sizes at prices to suit everyone.

TATTOO
YOUR LIPS for romance!

For your complete beauty treatment, use Tattoo Powder, Rouge and Mascara (Cream with brush).

Sole Distributor:
Auw Pli Sang's Trading Co., Ltd.
Hongkong.



One drop on
ACHING CORNS
relieves pain in three seconds! Apply Gels-It two or three times and the corn will peel right off. Millions, all over the world, use this faithful friend of corn-sufferers—

GETS-IT

7-10-2



Protect health and improve the value of your home with efficient sewage system—quickly—economically installed. Let us advise and submit an estimate. No obligation.

Phone 20269
**C. E. WARREN
& CO., LTD.**
St. George's Bldg.
Chater Road

COUNT THE
"TELEGRAPHS"
EVERYWHERE

You're going to look taller



Highly coloured quilts stand high on a black hat. The suit shows a typical autumn silhouette. High, wide, and well-padded shoulders, a long, tight-fitting jacket trimmed with what looks like astrakhan but is actually a new kind of embroidery.

Try These "Special" Little Cakes

It is always a good plan on baking days to make an assortment of small cakes which, if kept in airtight tins, will remain fresh for several days and can be produced if unexpected guests arrive.

I am going to give you a few recipes of "specials" which are simple to prepare, and also delicious. For Raspberry Specials rub 3 ozs of butter into 1 1/2 lb of flour, and add 3 ozs of sugar and a teaspoonful of baking powder. When you have made a well in the centre, add one well beaten egg, and enough milk to make a stiffish dough. Divide into ten pieces and, using a little flour, roll each piece into a ball. Gypase and flour a tin and lay the balls on this, making a small hole in the top of each one. Fill with raspberry jam (not too much) and pinch the hole together again. Press the balls down slightly, brush them with milk, sprinkle them with sugar, and bake in a moderate oven.

You will find that, when the balls are properly cooked, they will open on top showing the raspberry jam.

Oatmeal Specials

This is the way to make Oatmeal Specials. After creaming 4 ozs of butter, add 2 ozs of brown sugar, 1/2 lb of coarse oatmeal, and two or

three tablespoonfuls of syrup. Mix well together. Take a baking tin (a flat one) butter and flour it, and press out the mixture in this keeping it about 1/4 inch thick. Bake in a moderate oven for half an hour, then shake a little icing sugar over the top, and cut into portions while still hot.

Orange Specials are delicious. Blanch 4 ozs of almonds and shred them finely. Grate the rind and squeeze out the juice from two oranges. When you have creamed 3 ozs of butter with 4 ozs of caster sugar, add the orange rind and juice. Mix in 2 ozs of sieved flour and drop spoonfuls of the mixture on a greased baking-tin. Bake in a hot oven until the edges of the Orange Specials turn brown—about ten minutes—and when nearly done, put the almonds on top.

Butter
Here is a recipe for Butter Specials. Sift 1/2 lb of self-raising flour, 2 ozs of caster sugar, and a pinch of salt in a basin. Rub in 2 ozs of butter with your fingers, and then stir in 2 ozs of sultanas and half an ounce of currants, previously cleaned. Add two beaten eggs and sufficient milk to make a fairly stiff dough. Roll out on a floured board to three-quarters of an inch thickness, and cut into rounds.

Bake in a hot oven for 15 minutes on a buttered baking dish. When cooked, split, and spread with butter; serve hot.

Ann Rutledge

PARIS.
It isn't the detail that matters so much in a general review of the Paris dress shows as how the details are co-ordinated to produce a representative silhouette. And the fact that jackets are lengthening to below the hip-line and hats are going up high (like Eric's feather-trimmed one which can make you look at least 12 inches taller), provide an autumn silhouette which is good news for those who can't afford to concede inches to their six-footed neighbours.

Principal change in the contour is brought about by those jackets that fit squarely over the bust-line, go in to a normal waist, and then continue over the hip to about six inches below.

Creed, who knows more about the moulding of tweed than almost anyone else in the world, uses this length jacket practically throughout his collection.

With his suits in black and caramel, green and deep red, he puts tall feather-trimmed hats by Rose Valois, shoes and angle-high boots by Ballet-Grand, and gloves, which are short, tight-fitting and sometimes backed with contrasting colours, by Hida.

Another thing which adds to the illusion of height is the adoption of high collars on jumpers and dresses. Ruched lace is introduced into some of them, and I've yet to see anything more charming than a high neck-line with a starched frilled collar which sticks out higher in front than the back.

Coats are, in the main, straight in the front with any fullness concentrated in the back. It comes in pleats, flares, and, of course, the bustle.

Velveteen, corduroy, heavy velvet, and chiffon velvet are extremely popular materials, and Chanel uses them a great deal for complete suits and evening frocks.

Creed trimmed a number of his suits and coats with it.

Velvet also makes collars, cuffs, pockets, buttons, and gloves. It is slimming, especially in black, and the simplified line demanded for these suits adds considerably to height.

It is used, too, for tam o'shanter which stand up high on one side with military precision.



Forward tilted black hat trimmed with a cockerel's head and high tail feathers. Black silk streamers hang down the back. The black suit has the long hip-line but with fullness at the back on jacket and skirt.

Back of the jacket above the waist is made of bright contrasting material. A blouse to match the back is worn beneath.

Butter Problem

DURING hot weather, the problem of keeping the butter fresh is a worrying one. One of the best ways to solve it is to fill a basin, a large cooling one, with cold water. To this add a quarter of a tea-spoonful of bicarbonate of soda. Put butter into the basin and leave it for several hours. You will find that not only has the butter been sweetened but also that it is once more firm.

C. S. M.

Nurse loses 40-lbs. of fat in 6 weeks

with pleasant, reducing method. Mrs. Francis Rudolf, a trained nurse writes: "Other remedies had failed to reduce me, but Dr. Bock's took off 40-lbs. in 6 weeks. Now my stout patients are reducing the same way." Dr. Bock's is safe and reliable, taking off fat the new "p-stage" way. Triple action, triple speed. Take a little Bock's daily. EAT BIG MEALS as explained in Dr. Bock's package. No dangerous drugs. Don't delay. Get Bock's today.

Sole Agents—W. S. Sherry & Co.
20 Queen's Rd. C.

"I simply
adore this lovely
perfume"



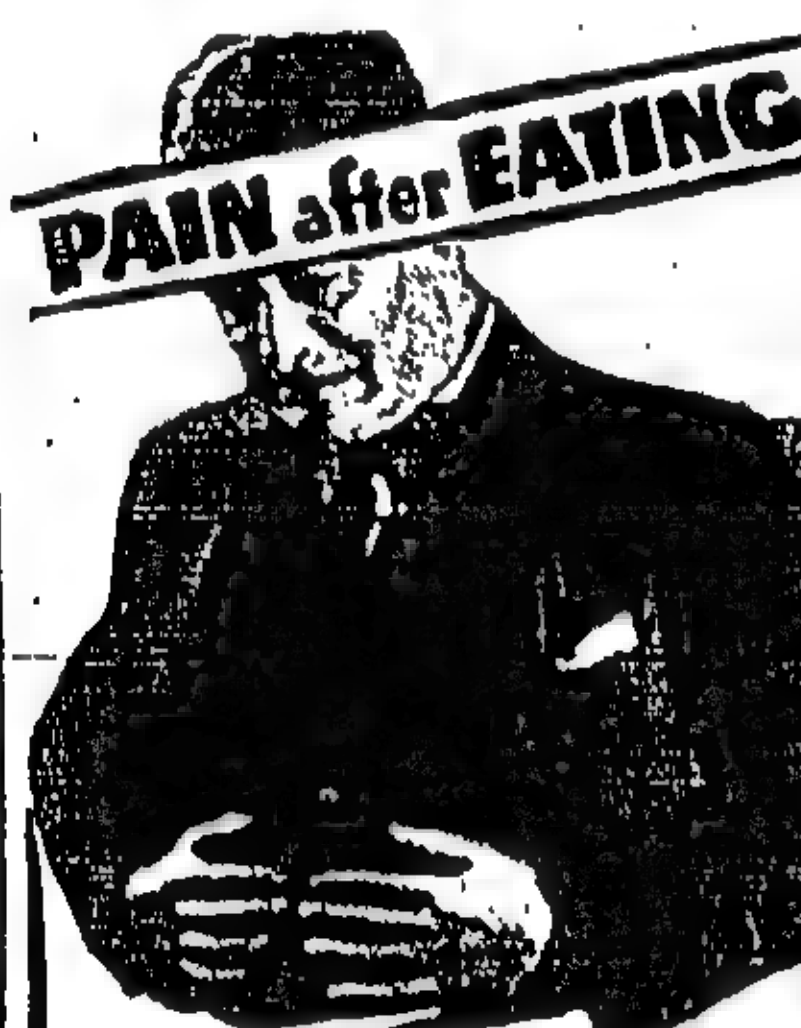
THERE is nothing so fragrant—so delightfully haunting—as the old-world perfume of lavender which is incorporated to perfection in Erasmic Old London Lavender Toilet Soap. This perfume has stood the test of time. It was as much a favourite in grandmother's day as it is now. No other perfume is so refreshing—so delicate—so pleasing.

And the soap—the rich, creamy lather, soft and soothing to the skin. How well it cleanses! How comforting it feels! It is a real beauty treatment in itself.



**ERASMIC
Old London LAVENDER
TOILET SOAP**

Agents: JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.



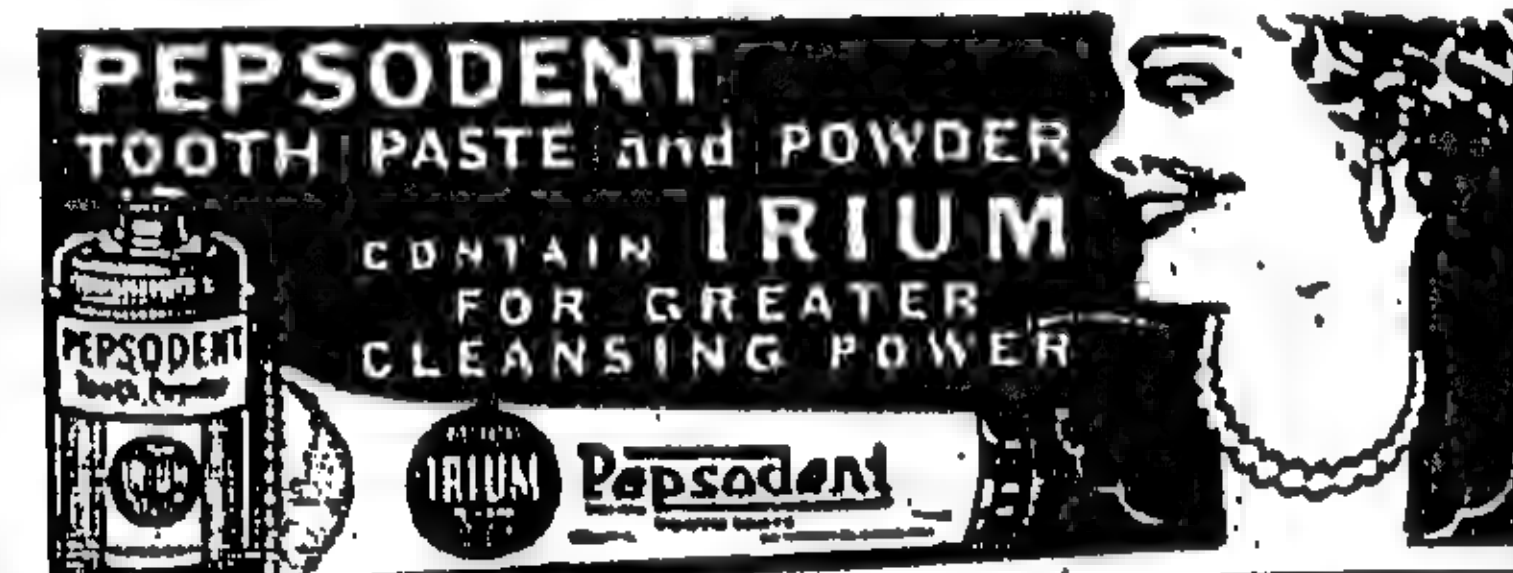
"A SIGN OF ACID STOMACH!" Relief in a few seconds with "BISURATED" MAGNESIA

It is excess acid in the stomach that causes indigestion, stomach upset and pain sour the food and creates wind and heartburn. It attacks the delicate stomach lining and may eventually cause dangerous ulcers. What are you going to do to check it? Medical research and X-ray test prove "Bisurated" Magnesia the quickest acting stomach remedy—that is why doctors use it. Not merely a palliative for pain, but a complete stomach treatment which neutralises acidity and soothes and heals the acid-seared stomach lining. *Noted English doctor says: "Bisurated" Magnesia is the only thing that keeps me free from pain after meals.* You must use it too!

"Bisurated" Magnesia soils little from any food, drink or drink. BISURATED sign on the package.

**BISURATED
MAGNESIA**
quickest stomach relief

THE "TELEGRAPH" will send a Staff Photographer to all events of public interest. Requests should be addressed to the Pictorial Editor.



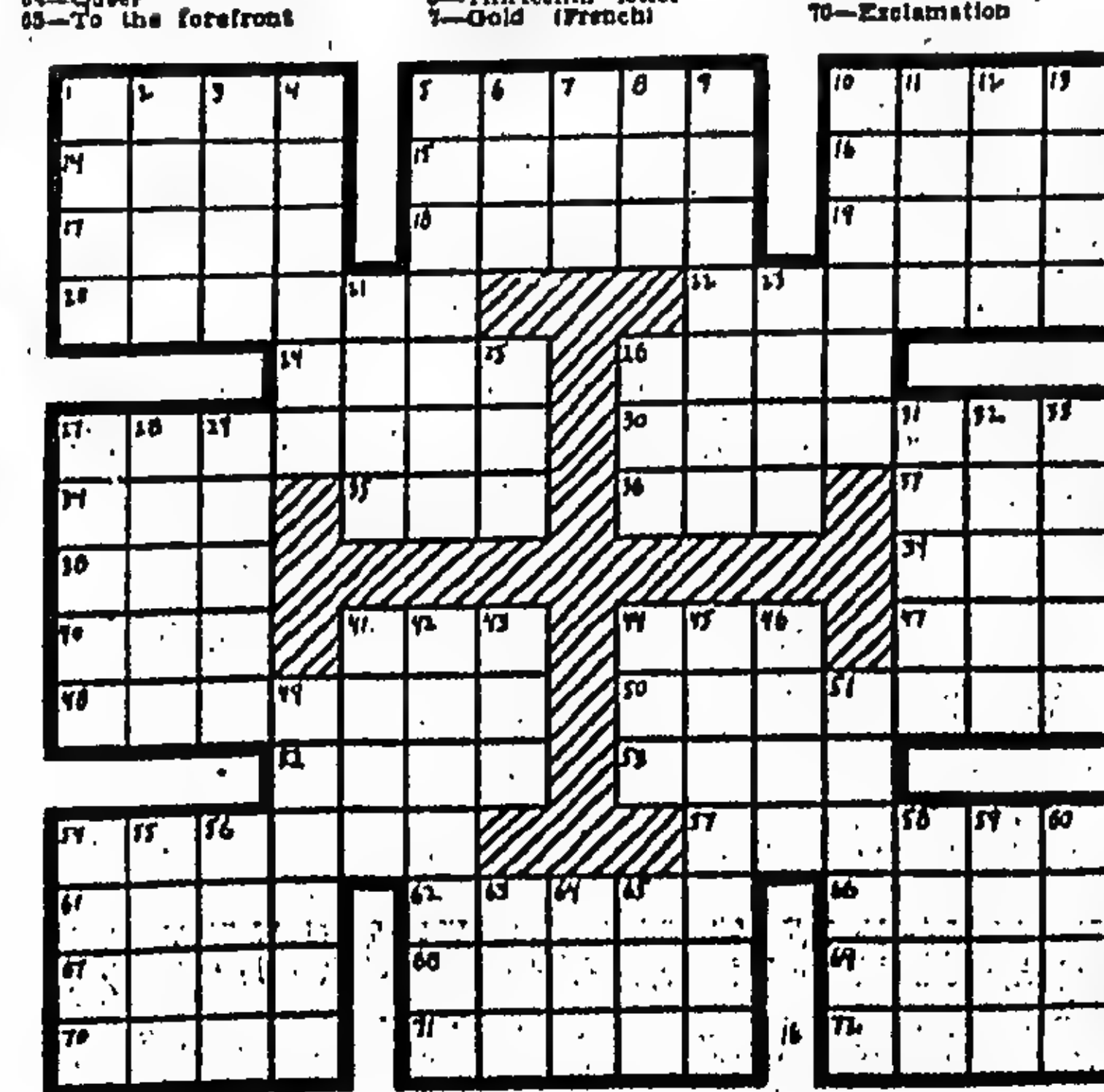
Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS

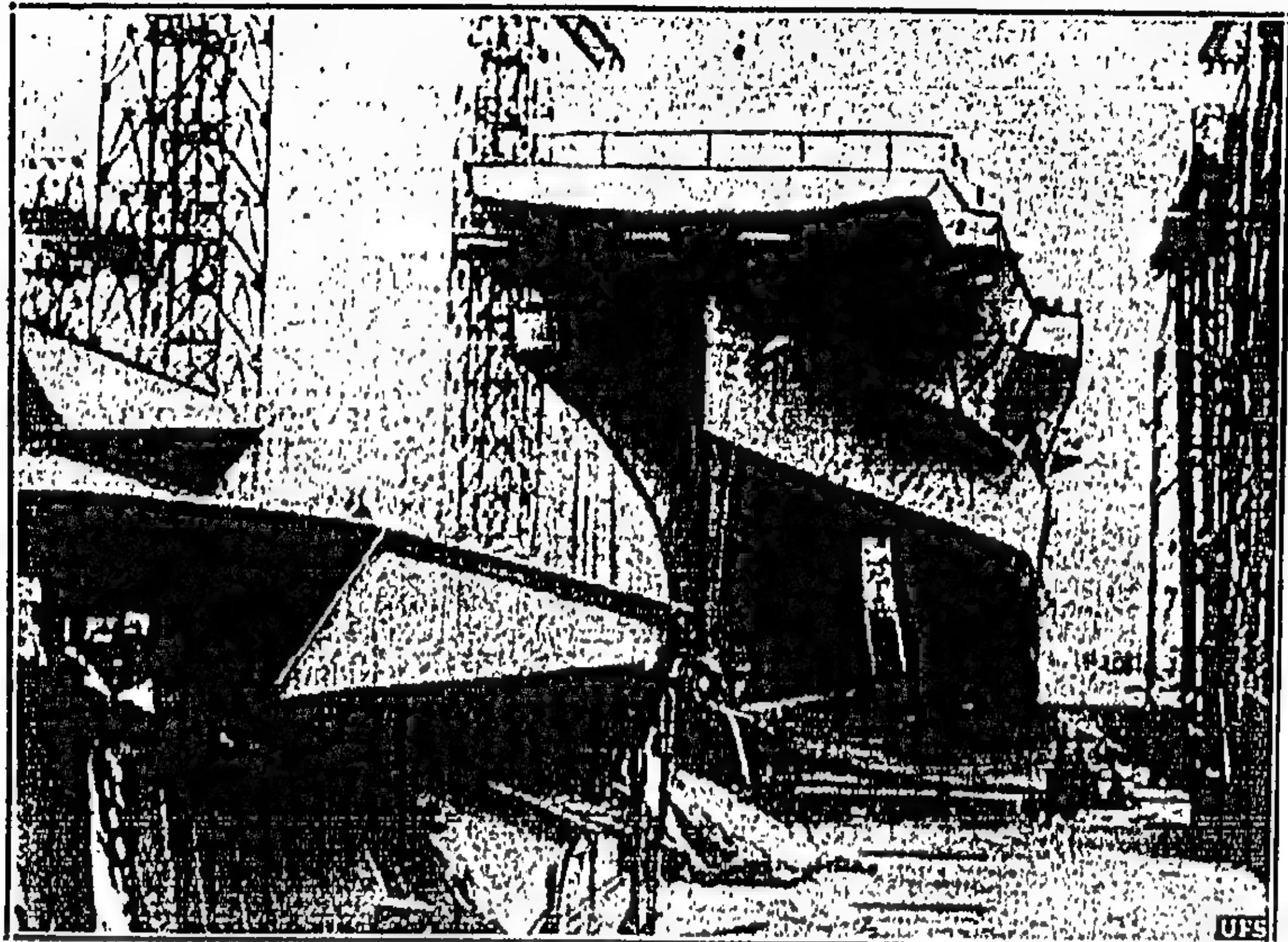
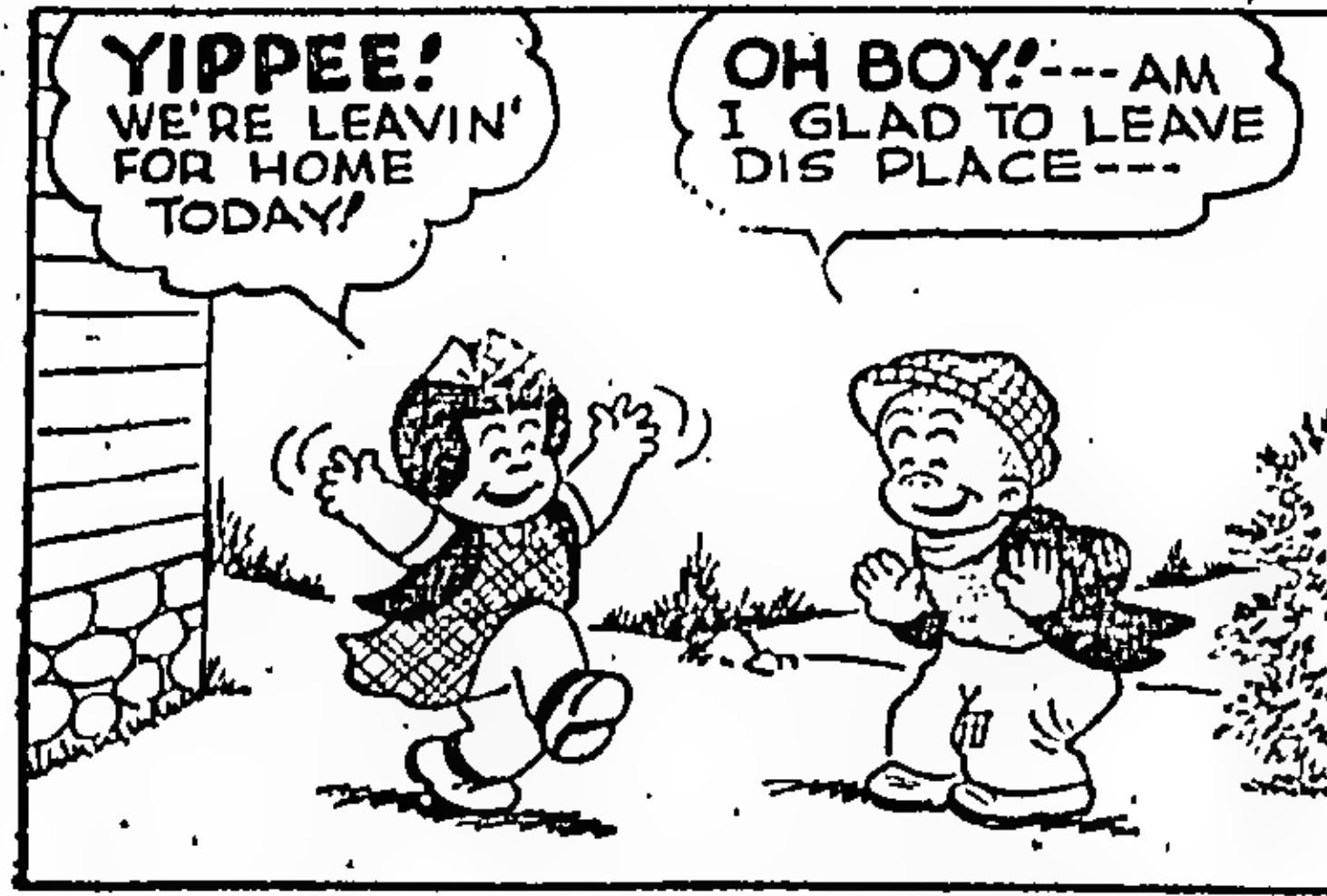
ANSWERS TO PREVIOUS PUZZLES

ACROSS
1—Crawling steps
2—Purpose
3—Compensation
4—Innate
5—Stress angry
6—With maiden name
7—Without delay
8—Anglice (abbr.)
9—Came out
10—Cooking steam
11—Real daisy
12—Ancient malle
13—Famous U. S. Army forage-cap
14—Interjection
15—English marshal during World War
16—Car used in electric signs
17—Therefore
18—Alms
19—Purge
20—Frost
21—Shade
22—Anchor
23—Mother of Achilles
24—Dilemma
25—Of ability
26—Scarcely
27—Imprisoned pronoun
28—Annoying bird
29—Change
30—Finished
31—Faintest of
32—Confirms by sealings
33—Can pull
34—Musteloid carnivore
35—Queer
36—To the forefront

DOWN
1—Celestial being
2—Vary
3—Bulge in barrel
4—Guide of sailing
5—Wander from
6—Thirteenth letter
7—Gold (French)
8—Small ornament
9—Dangerous situation
10—Convict
11—Mexican state
12—Dance played with spoons
13—Wishes to do work
14—Away with thee!
15—Mail error
16—Postal matter
17—Female sheep
18—Mistral devil
19—Whipped with former Russian instrument of punishment
20—Oriental sub measure
21—Differ
22—Latter than
23—Mongolian river
24—Liquor distillation of food
25—Fruit of European shrub (Prov. Eng.)
26—Last son of Isaac
27—Incurably secured property
28—Winning
29—Beginnings of races
30—Network
31—Mountain nymph
32—Chief
33—Steadily to utmost limit
34—Take food
35—Ties to ashore
36—Siberian river
37—Exclamation



NANCY



JAPANESE OFFENSIVE IN HUNAN PROVINCE

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Chinese military authorities show no anxiety regarding the recent developments on the Hunan front, where the Japanese are making a determined drive towards Changsha, the capital of Hunan.

They point out that from the military viewpoint, Changsha has little or no importance.

The Japanese drive, they say, is purely for political reasons and designed to make an impression at the time of the establishment of the new Government at Nanking under Wang Ching-wei.

The Chinese forces, it is pointed out here, have twice before announced their intention of abandoning Changsha, immediately after the fall of Hankow and again after the fall of Nanchang.

"Reuter" news despatches from the Hunan front filed almost a year ago quoted the Chinese high commanders as intimating their intention of abandoning Changsha and of fighting a decisive battle with the Japanese in the hills in west Hunan, between Hengyang and Paoting.

The same opinion was expressed only recently by General Li Tsung-jen and Chen Cheng, who, in fact, predicted a possible Japanese attempt to capture Changsha.

Can't Affect Outcome
They stressed that the fall of Changsha would not affect the outcome of the Chinese war of resistance, as the Chinese forces were preparing to wage a decisive battle against the Japanese in areas where the Japanese would be unable to make use of railways, highways, waterways or the level plains.

The Chinese military authorities emphasize that this by no means indicates that the Chinese army will not put up a strong resistance at Changsha.

They point out that the Chinese have held up the Japanese for one month on the Sinsiang River. They also draw attention to recent Chinese attacks in the vicinity of Tungchow, aimed at strengthening the Chinese defences along the Canton-Hankow railway.

Amusing Incidents
A recent arrival here from the Sinsiang River front states that there have been amusing incidents there during the past year with the Chinese and Japanese forces facing each other across the river.

The river is so narrow, he declared, that the soldiers often wrote messages on pieces of paper, wrapped them over stones and tossed them across to the other side.

Some of the messages enquired as to food and general living conditions of the soldiers on the other side. The traveller expressed the belief that the recent fall in the level of the Sinsiang River facilitated the Japanese crossing.

When he passed through Changsha the city was practically empty and conditions were much the same as after the big fire last fall.

Converging On City
CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Reviewing the present Japanese drive on Changsha this afternoon, the Chinese military spokesman declared that the Japanese columns were converging on the city in three columns.

The main body was striking southwards along the Canton-Hankow Railway. The second column, which had landed on the south-eastern shore of the Tungling Lake, was moving eastwards, threatening the Chinese rear. The third column was pushing southwards along the main highway.

GERMAN SPIES IN ENGLAND
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—Plain evidence that the spy system in Britain is still active, despite a round-up by Scotland Yard, was given when a warning was issued to troops at Aldershot to refrain from discussing military and defence methods in hotels and public houses.

The notice was headed, "Warning. Walls have ears." It continues: "Information which might be of great value to the enemy is being discussed in hotels, public houses, bars and general meeting places."

The enemy spy system is extensive and a friend's remark made in complete innocence might have a disastrous effect.

Two Demands
STOCKHOLM, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A Swedish newspaper, commenting on the Soviet-Estonian developments, says that the Soviet have made two demands which have the character of an ultimatum to Estonia.

Russia claims rights to establish a naval base off Finland and to have a firm grip on Estonia's foreign trade.

Bucharest, Sept. 26 (UP).—The Soviet have formally assured the Rumanian Legation at Moscow that they will continue to respect Rumania's integrity. It is admitted, however, that border precautions have been taken in view of the recent developments in Poland.

Another Slovak In Disfavour
LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The German news agency has published a message which ostensibly came from Bratislava, stating that the Slovakian Consul in London had been deprived of his office.

It will be recalled that the Consul sent a message to the Foreign Office.

NEWS FLASHES

FRANCE FORBIDS COMMUNISM

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Council of Ministers has decided to dissolve the Communist Party.

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Nineteen more bodies have been taken from the engine room of the Thetis, making a total of 64 recovered.

The engine room is now cleared and it is possible to start rescuing the submarine in readiness for refloating by compressed air.

SINGAPORE, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The domestic tin quota for the last quarter of this year has been fixed at 43 per cent.

This figure is based on the international quota of 60 per cent.

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The official Nazi radio to-day announced that a special body had been formed in Germany to combat saboteurs and those sticking up propaganda billboards.

This is an indication of the amount of unrest in Germany.

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The King to-day received Mr. Waterson, the new South African High Commissioner for London.

KWELIN, Sept. 27 (Central).—A large number of Japanese planes are reported to be concentrated in Hankow and Wuchang presumably to assist in the drives of their land forces to Changsha from north Hunan and north Kiangsi.

TOKYO, Sept. 27 (Domel).—The Soviet Government has decided to enlarge the staff of the Soviet Embassy in Tokyo.

MOSCOW, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Turkish Foreign Minister saw M. Molotov and M. Kalinin to-day. He will continue his talks with Soviet leaders to-morrow.

A "Havas" message from Bucharest says that the discussions concern Soviet relations with the Balkan countries which the Turkish Foreign Minister wants to clarify.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Mr. Cordell Hull stated to-day that informal conversations were going on with Britain to minimise the inconveniences caused by the neutral position of the United States in the war.

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Arabs in Syria have sent a message to the French High Commissioner stating that they will do nothing against France's interests.

BAGHDAD, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—In a radio address in Baghdad to-day, the Iraq Prime Minister said that Iraq would fulfil her obligations to Britain, and he said that other Arab countries should do the same.

He condemned the doctrine of Aryanism and those who consider that the semitic nations, including the Arabs, are inferior races and unworthy of full independence.

He said the Iraq decision was a tribute to the British policy towards Iraq.

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—After making his speech in the House of Commons to-day, the Prime Minister was received in audience by the King at Buckingham Palace.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—President Roosevelt to-day conferred with his six Cabinet advisers on neutrality, and domestic questions arising out of the war.

U.S. Detachment For Hawaii
WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Navy Department has decided to send a "pretty fair sized detachment" of warships from the Pacific coast to Hawaiian waters for training purposes, according to a high authority.

Some decentralisation of the Pacific fleet, which is now concentrated at San Pedro is believed to be favoured by a number of naval officers.

NEW TAXES TO PAY FOR WAR

WELLINGTON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—War expenditure of approximately £10,000,000 for the remainder of the financial year has necessitated additional taxation, which was announced to-day.

The new taxes include a 15 per cent. on tobacco, a penny surcharge on all letters, and a gold tax of 75 per cent. on the difference between the prices on August 24 and the date of sale.

BIG CONTRABAND SEIZURES

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—Britain has seized 266,000 tons of contraband en route to Germany in the first three weeks of the war.

This revelation was made in the House of Commons to-day by the Premier, Mr. Neville Chamberlain.

Australian Chinese Denounce Wang

CHUNGKING, Sept. 27 (Central).—Bitter denunciation of the "peace" movement of Wang Ching-wei, the

RIBBENTROP TO FLY TO MOSCOW

MOSCOW, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop is arriving here to-morrow at the invitation of the Soviet Government to discuss problems in connection with the developments in Poland.

It is believed that Herr von Ribbentrop's visit is concerned with the final settlement of the question of creating a buffer state in Poland.

It is understood that Herr von Ribbentrop will fly to Moscow in Herr Hitler's private plane as on the occasion of his first visit last month.

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
BERLIN, Sept. 26 (UP).—Herr Hitler and Herr von Ribbentrop arrived at the Tempelhof Aerodrome by plane to-day and immediately proceeded to the Chancellery.

expelled Kuomintang leader, was contained in a message received by the National Government from the overseas Chinese at Sydney, Australia.

The message pledged full support for the National Government's policy of continued resistance to Japanese invasion.

Britain's newest aircraft carrier, the 23,000-ton Formidable, shown in silhouette after she burst her supporting cradle and made a runaway launching into Belfast Lough, Northern Ireland. One woman was killed and 6 persons injured by the 24,000-ton vessel.

FEARS OF INVASION

(Continued from Page 1.)

perceptions of two submarines had been sighted in the bay of Finland and that Soviet destroyers had been sent to the area.

In the meantime, the Estonian Commander-in-Chief, in a broadcast from Tallin last night, said "We have done all we can to keep out of war, but if we are attacked we will defend ourselves gallantly."

M. Selter, the Estonian Foreign Minister, who returned suddenly to Tallin from Moscow, has gone back to the Soviet capital.

Soviet Relation With Estonia
LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Soviet-Estonian relations continue to offer much reason for speculation.

The Estonian Foreign Minister, M. Karl Selter, left Moscow suddenly by air after a visit lasting only 15 hours.

Back in Tallin, M. Selter conferred with the Estonian President, and the Commander-in-Chief, and then flew back to Moscow.

An extraordinary session of the Estonian Cabinet was held in Tallin to-day.

Estonian Government sources will give no explanation of M. Selter's movements, but observers say there is reason to believe that Russia has presented far-reaching demands on Estonia.

Not Missing Troops
BUCHAREST, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—It is officially denied that Russia has massed troops on the Rumanian frontier near Bessarabia.

It is also denied that the Rumanian-Soviet border has been closed.

"Shoar Invention"
BUCHAREST, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Reports of tension between the Soviet and Rumania are categorically denied in official circles, which are closing of military incidents and the are described as "shoar invention".

It is stated that the frontier is open to traffic normally and that Soviet-Rumanian relations continue to be conducted on the basis of complete neutrality.

Two Demands
STOCKHOLM, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A Swedish newspaper, commenting on the Soviet-Estonian developments, says that the Soviet have made two demands which have the character of an ultimatum to Estonia.

Russia claims rights to establish a naval base off Finland and to have a firm grip on Estonia's foreign trade.

Bucharest, Sept. 26 (UP).—The Soviet have formally assured the Rumanian Legation at Moscow that they will continue to respect Rumania's integrity. It is admitted, however, that border precautions have been taken in view of the recent developments in Poland.

Another Slovak In Disfavour
LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The German news agency has published a message which ostensibly came from Bratislava, stating that the Slovakian Consul in London had been deprived of his office.

It will be recalled that the Consul sent a message to the Foreign Office.

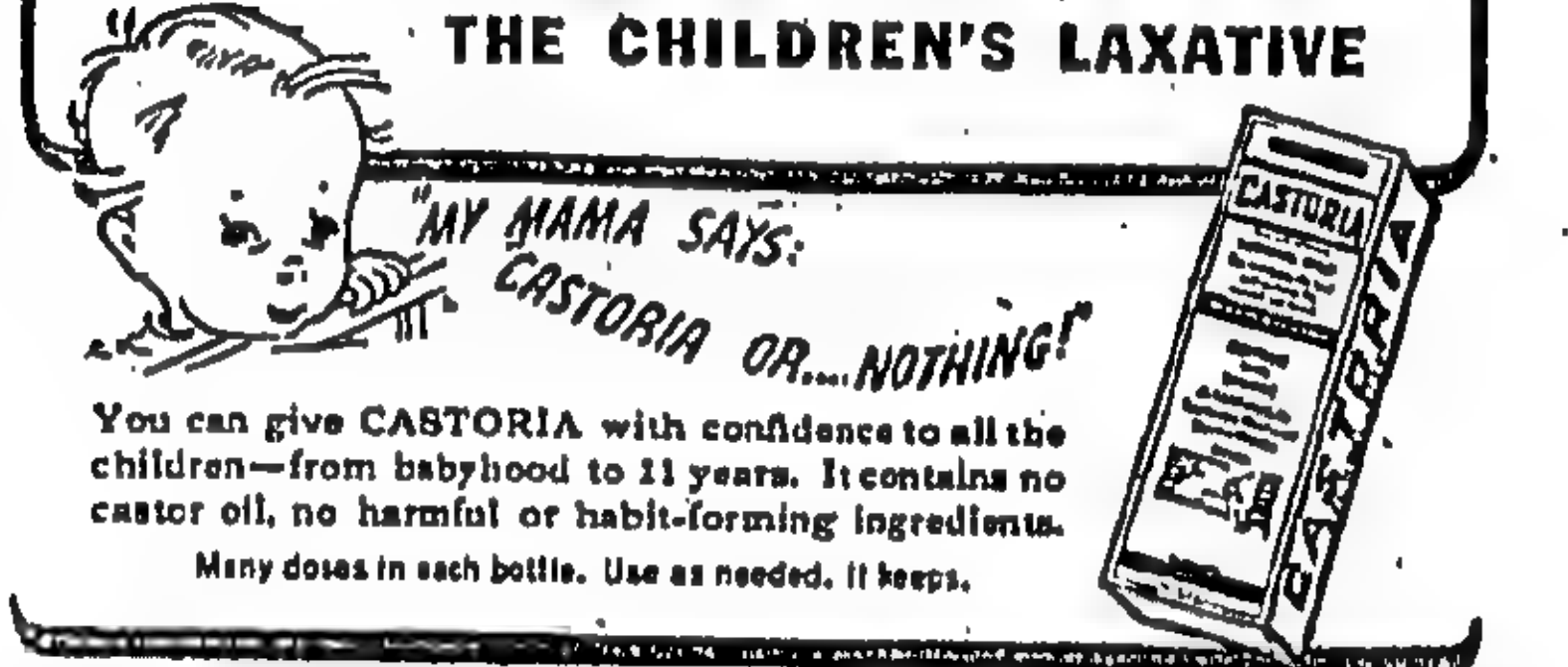


I WON'T! I WON'T!

Fits of temper—tantrums—breaking up the party may not be serious to grown-ups but it's tragedy to childhood. There's something wrong with this "bridegroom". What he probably needs is CASTORIA, the children's laxative. Nervousness and fits of temper are not natural in children. At the first sign of irritation, temper, give them CASTORIA, the laxative made especially for children. It's pleasant, gentle, mild and thorough.

Don't let real tragedy grip your children. Insure their happiness with CASTORIA, the laxative which blends perfectly with their delicate, sensitive systems. Get a bottle today. Keep it in your home.

CASTORIA THE CHILDREN'S LAXATIVE



Max Malini

The Magician

AT THE—

ROOF GARDEN

HONGKONG HOTEL

Thursday and Friday

OCTOBER 5 and 6

AT 9.30 P.M.

BOOKING AT THE HOTEL

ADMISSION \$3.00 INCLUDING TAX



They're well worn but they're worn well

thanks to KIWI

BLACK POLISH TAN POLISHES

Polishes, Protects and Preserves... White Cleaner and Shoe Creams

Robins Garments in Stock



COMING SOON!

JOEL B. DEMILLES
BARBARA STANWYCK JOEL MCCREA

KUNGLU

AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.



LET US LIVE

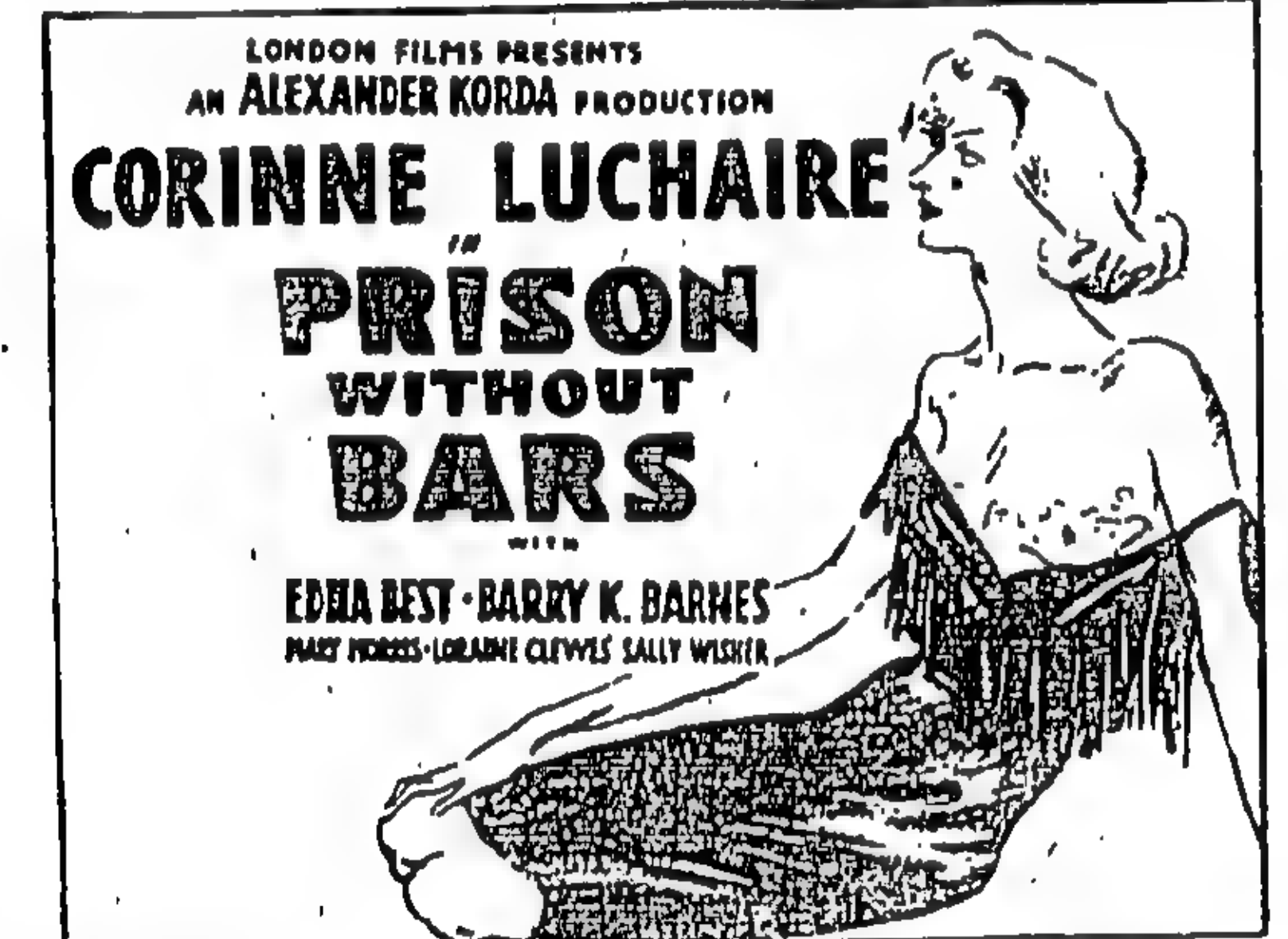
MAURICE O'SULLIVAN • FONDA • BELLAMY

Latest COLOUR CARTOON 3 STOOGES COMEDY
"Horse on the Merry-Go-Round" "Healthy, Wealthy and Dumb"

FRIDAY SUEZ
20th Century Fox Picture with TYRONE POWER - LORETTA YOUNG

ORIENTAL

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.15 7.15-9.30
2 DAYS TO-DAY TO-MORROW
ANOTHER KORDA'S EXCITING SCREEN PRODUCTION!
Here's one of the finest dramas ever made in a British Studio, the story is fast moving and packed with thrills.
A GOOD PICTURE THAT SHOULD NOT BE MISSED!



FLOYD GIBBONS "TRUE ADVENTURES"
MATINEES 2.00-3.00 EVENINGS 2.00-3.00-5.00-7.00

MAJESTIC

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
AN AMAZING AND FASCINATING NEW SLEUTH!



FRIDAY, ONE DAY ONLY
Return of one of the greatest "Old Favourites"!
WILLIAM POWELL MYRNA LOY in "THE THIN MAN"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Comedy-Thriller!

Count the
"TELEGRAPHS"
everywhere

"REAL PROFITEERS" Mr. Champkin Condemns Freight Rates

Strong condemnation of what he termed the real profiteers in Hongkong was made by Mr. C. Champkin when he spoke on increased shipping freight rates at yesterday's meeting of the Union Council.

In answer to Mr. Champkin's question regarding the increase in Pacific rates, the Chairman (Mr. H. R. Butters) replied that the notice issued on September 15 by the Trans-Pacific Freight Bureau of Hongkong, increasing freight charges by 50 per cent, had been amended on September 15, substituting 20 per cent, for 50 per cent. An increase of 20 or 25 per cent, was general, he said, and was based on the increased cost of fuel, supplies and war insurance. Incidentally, remarked Mr. Butters, the rates fixed by the Bureau referred to outward shipments and therefore could not affect the prices of imported food.

In response to this reply, Mr. Champkin declared:
"May I say, with great respect, that I have never heard a less convincing answer to any question raised in this Council. The first part has no relevance at all to my enquiry. If I ask why my house is being burgled, it is no satisfaction to me to be told that the burglar, on second thoughts, has decided to unplug my silver spoons. Since I put these questions, I have learned that Trans-Pacific insurance rates have been advanced by no less than 250 per cent., and the Hongkong-Europe rate by the fantastic increase of 2,400 per cent. What hope is there of stabilizing food prices in the face of these preposterous and outrageous demands?"

As to the specific plan that these staggering impositions are intended to apply only to the Colony's exports, are we to understand that these complacent dealers have no knowledge of the elementary fact that, if you strangle your exports by these prohibitive charges, you automatically strangle your imports? Do they hold the childish view that a commercial community can live on a one-way trade?

"Real Profiteers"
I hope as a result of this publicity that the Food Control Committee will cease to harass the small shopkeepers, who are sensibly making a little hay in this general sunshine, and will turn its attention to the real profiteers in the Colony.
At least your reply has established that the price of food, like the price of liberty, is eternal vigilance. For my part I hope I have made it clear that I am not much impressed by the climb-down by the Trans-Pacific Freight Bureau. I believe that in this time of war the public will suffer the extravagant pretensions of these armchair autocrats for no longer than housewives will put up with the petty peccadilloes of the complacent. Mr. Butters: I would only say that in time of war it is not unnatural for certain increases, however regrettable they may be, to be imposed on the price of food. This Colony is not self-sufficient and it must import a large quantity. With regard to the second paragraph and my answer to that, I can assure you that every effort will be made to prevent profiteering, and by profiteering I mean any undue increase in the price of food.

Dr. Ware Welcomed
Those present at the meeting were Mr. H. R. Butters (Chairman), Dr. T. W. Ware (Vice-Chairman), Hon. Mr. A. B. Purves (Director of Public Works), Dr. R. A. de Castro Basto, Mr. A. el Azzul, Dr. S. N. Chau, Mr. B. C. Wang, Mr. Tang Shiu-kin, Mr. C. Champkin, Hon. Mr. Li Tse-fang, Mr. C. J. Roe (Secretary) and Mr. Im Pang-ueung (Assistant Secretary).
The Chairman said Mr. Todd went sick with malaria a week ago, but was now out of hospital and was hoped he would be able to resume

his duties shortly. He extended a welcome to Dr. Ware, who was taking his place for the first time as Deputy Chairman of the Council.
Dr. Ware was appointed to serve on the following committees:—Animals and Birds, Basements, Cattle, Swine, Sheep or Goats, Dairies and Milk Shops, Eating Houses and Restaurants, Food Factories, Food Shops, Markets, Prevention and Mitigation of Epidemic, Endemic, Contagious or Infectious Disease and Linewashing, and Wells and Pools in place of the Director of Medical Services.

It was decided to hold the next meeting on October 11, instead of October 10.

Applications for licences for a milk shop, a laundry, an eating house and a restaurant were approved.
The following applications were refused:
Eating house for 50, Electric Road, ground floor.
Milk shop for the premises on Island Lot No. 5378, King's Road.
Milk shop for the basement at 10, Village Road.
Food factory for No. 45, Stanley Street, ground floor.

Australian Wool

Tokyo, Sept. 26.
In connection with the reports that Australia is planning to sell all its wool during the present season to Britain, the Asahi Shimbun understands that Japan has made new proposals to the Australian Government for adjusting the Japan-Australian trade relations.

According to the paper, Japan is ready to purchase on the basis of an agreement wool from Australian up to two-thirds of Japan's total wool imports.

Japan hopes that Australia, in view of the friendly commercial relations in the past, issue licences for exporting wool to Japan. The paper predicts that a new agreement in this connection will shortly be concluded as the result of negotiations between the Japanese Consul-General at Sydney and the Australian Government.

CHINESE WEDDINGS

Mr. T. J. Gould, Deputy Registrar of Marriages, yesterday officiated at two Chinese weddings.
Mr. Tang Yui-tin, clerk of the Water Works Office, married Miss Sit To-kin, of Tai Nan Street, Sham-shui-pai. Witnesses were Mr. Sun Shi and Mr. Chan Kim.

Mr. Frank Ly Kwong-chen, merchant, married Miss Janet Tai Sui-hing, of Ashley Road, Kowloon. Witnesses were Messrs. H. Y. Tom and Lo Yuen-hong.

WEDDING ANNOUNCEMENTS
Mr. Ernest Leonard Strange, civil servant, has announced his forthcoming wedding to Miss Nance Lilie Burdley, of Waterloo Road, Kowloon.
Other forthcoming weddings announced are as follows:
Mr. Leung Wing-yun, draughtsman, to Miss Au Lai-yung, midwife, of Shaokwan Road; Mr. Joe Han Ting, merchant, to Miss Liu Wai-jen, of Nathan Road, Kowloon; Mr. Chan Shut-sang, shipping clerk, to Miss Wan Suet-mul, of Chatham Road.

Japanese Policy Rapprochement With America

Tokyo, Sept. 26.
The Asahi Shimbun declares that the new Foreign Minister, Admiral Kichiburo Nomura, will establish an independent foreign policy on the principles announced by Premier Abe.

The Government will modify the attitude towards the anti-Communist axis and conduct its policies on the basis of Japan's own standpoint, attaching paramount importance to the settlement of the China Affair. It will pursue a policy designed to eliminate unnecessary disputes with Russia.

Forecasting an extensive reshuffle of Japan's diplomatic service, the paper points out that Mr. Masayuki Tani, former Japanese Minister-at-Large in China, will be appointed Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs. Mr. Rensu Sawada, the present Vice-Minister, will be recalled home. Mr. Kuriyama, Minister to Sweden, will be promoted to Ambassador.

Relations With America
Remarking that Admiral Nomura has been appointed because he has many closely-associated friends in the United States including President Roosevelt, the Japan Advertiser recalls that Admiral Nomura was appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese naval forces in Shanghai at the time of the Chinese fighting in 1932. Before the world war, Admiral Nomura was stationed at Berlin and Vienna. Later he attended the Versailles Conference and then the Washington Naval Conference.

Stock Exchange Quiet

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".
LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Stock Exchange was quietly irregular to-day, the lower end being chiefly owing to small continental offerings which operators were reluctant to take up prior to the budget.

Rails, however, were firm on steady buying, while stiff-edged holdings attracted more attention. Wall Street was irregular.

STOCK MARKET REPORT

Hongkong Stock Exchange official summary issued yesterday says: There is a demand for H.K. Banks, Unions, Trams, Dock, Wharves, and Cements with enquiries trying to acquire cheap lots. The response, however, is poor and trading is thus within extremely narrow limits.

Buyers
H.K. Dock \$104
Sales
Union Ins \$365
H.K. Wharves \$100

LATE NEWS

ALHAMBRA

SHOWING TO-DAY



GRANDLAND
Motion Picture Corp.

"THE DEVIL'S PARADISE"

with An Entire
Chinese Cast

NEXT CHANGE : Paramount Films presents Cecil De Mille's
"UNION PACIFIC"

QUEEN'S

DAILY AT 2.30-5.15-7.20-9.30-TEL. 31453

TO-DAY, TO-MORROW & FRIDAY

DEANNA DURBIN



SATURDAY CECIL B. DEMILLE'S
A Paramount Picture "UNION PACIFIC"

STAR

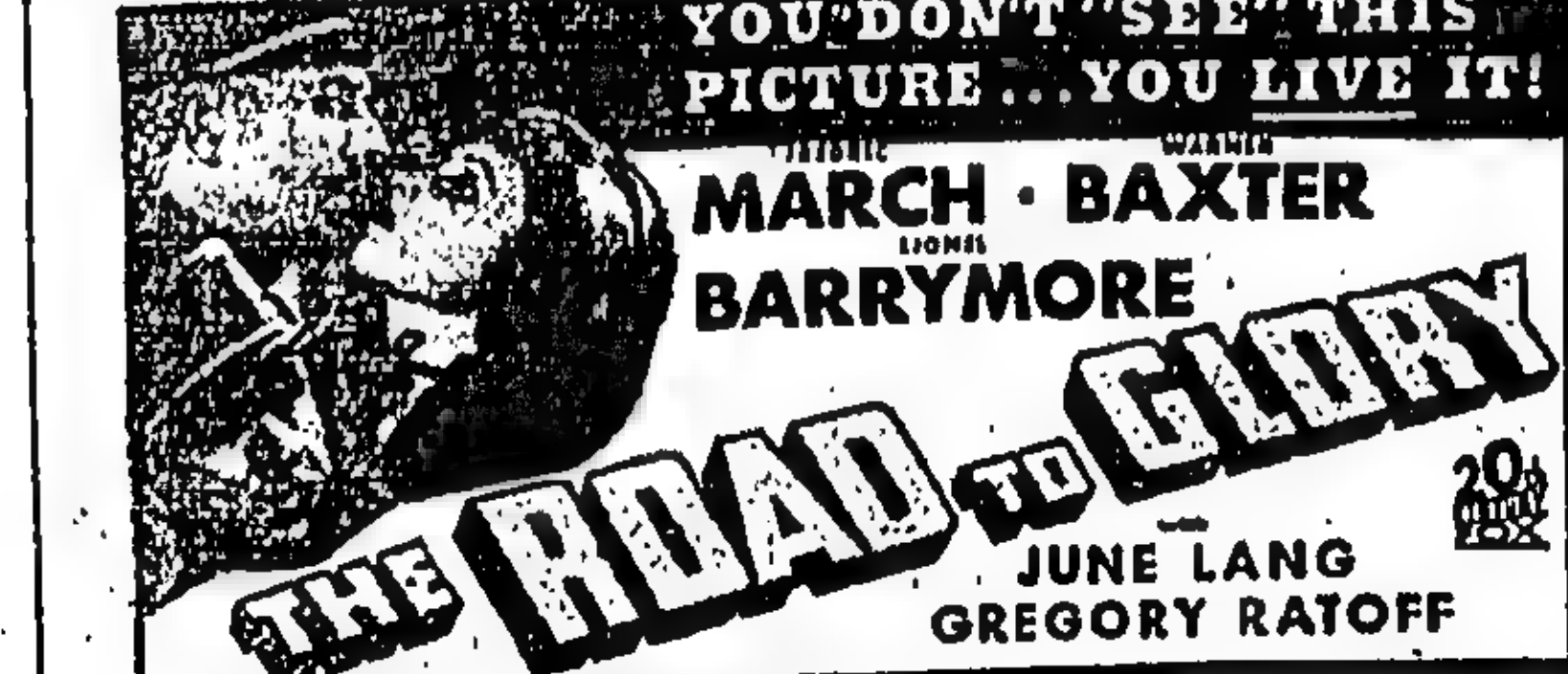
TO-DAY ONLY



TO-MORROW "TOP OF THE TOWN"
A New Universal Musical

CATHAY

TAKE ANY TRAM or HAPPY VALLEY BUS.
DAILY AT 2.30-5.15-7.20-9.30 P.M.
MATINEES-2.00-3.00-4.00 EVENINGS-2.00-3.00-5.00-7.00-8.00
SPECIAL FOR TO-DAY, ONE DAY ONLY!
STAR - GREAT! EMOTION - MIGHTY!
The great love drama of the great world war!



TO-MORROW ONLY!



FRI. SAT. : "JUST AROUND THE CORNER"

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FREDERICK PERCY FRANKLIN, at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.

Gordon's Special Offer in Shoes

FITTINGS
A - AA - AAA
SPECIAL DISCOUNT
of 25% off
ALL WHITE
WHITE & BROWN
WHITE & BLUE
ONLY

FOR THREE DAYS
SEPT. 28th - 29th - 30th

GORDON'S LTD.

Kayamally Building

"Chevrolet for 1939 — Leads the Motor Parade—Because Only Chevrolet Gives So Much for So Little—A Truly Economical Car—29.4 H.P. 22 Miles per gallon — Smart — Comfortable — Proven Performance — Choice of Two Canadian Models with a Wealth of Superior Equipment."

Master "85" Trunk Sedan with Conventional front axle . . . HK\$3,600.00
Master "de Luxe" Trunk Sedan with Independent Front Suspension and Remote Control Gear Shift . . . HK\$3,900.00

ABOVE CASH PRICES STRICTLY NEAT
INSTALLMENT PRICES SLIGHTLY HIGHER

FAR EAST MOTORS
THE FAR EAST AVIATION COMPANY, LIMITED,
20, Nathan Rd., Kowloon, Telephone 50101.

PRINTED & PUBLISHED BY
Shanell
Manager
Dollar T.T.—"Hongkong Telegraph"
111, New South China Morning Post, Ltd.,
Litho. & Print. Works, Hongkong.
High Water: 21.10.
Low Water: 14.40.

The Hongkong Telegraph

FINAL EDITION

Library, Supreme Court

DUNLOP Fort



FOUNDED 1893 三拜禮 號七廿月九英港香 WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1939. 日五十月八 SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS \$36.00 PER ANNUM



Through barbed wire strung on metal stakes the French troops march up to the grassy hilltop beneath which are the vast subterranean works of the Maginot Line.

Intensity of Fire Doubled FRENCH POUND SIEGFRIED LINE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

PARIS, Sept. 26 (UP).—French messages reported that heavy artillery fire has splintered some of the German fortifications in the Rhineland, and that a Nazi counter-attack has been repulsed. Also, that the civil evacuation of East Saarbrücken has been speeded up.

French communique No. 46 says: "An early morning surprise attack was repulsed on the Lauter front. There was activity by the enemy artillery in the region south of Zweibrücken and south of Pirmasens."

It is reported that there is fighting in the area extending from Saarbrücken to the Rhine.

The Germans have raised a new type of active defence, which have been named the "Aerial Siegfried Line." It is reported that they are electrically wired so that the ground crew can explode them, destroying nearby planes. There has been active aerial activity all along the Saarbrücken and Lauter fronts, the French claiming two victories over Nazi combat squadrons.

It is understood that the French have taken advantage of recent gains to set up advanced artillery positions, doubling the intensity of the fire with what is unofficially reported to be the visibly destructive effect on the Siegfried positions.

Dawn Assault Repulsed

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—This evening's official communique records activity by enemy artillery in the region south of Zweibrücken and south of Pirmasens.

At dawn an assault was repulsed on the latter front.

Nazi H.Q. Claim

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
BERLIN, Sept. 26 (UP).—The German High Command claims two French balloons and five French planes have been brought down on the Western Front. The Rhineland front to-day was "followed by advance guard skirmishes" the report states. It charges that French planes flew over Belgian soil.

Neutral Observations

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Paris radio announced that according to neutral observers, a very large part of the German armies that operated in Poland have now been transferred to the Western Front. Reports of concentrations of German troops at Aix-la-Chapelle and the Black Forest appeared to be confirmed, although no information was available regarding their strength.

Aix-la-Chapelle and other towns near the Siegfried Line had been almost completely evacuated. According to the same source, work in preceding day and night to strengthen the defence system between Metz, Saarbrücken, and Wissemburg, concrete gun pits being constructed and blockhouses and shelters being hurriedly erected.

Fierce Bombardment

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—"Le Matin" commenting on the Western Front fighting, says that intensive German artillery fire on one sector is not likely to preclude a large-scale attack, in view of the fact that the enemy will have to cross the Rhine and then come up against the Maginot Line. The newspaper queries the reason for the fierce bombardment, and hints that some other operation near

U-BOAT CAMPAIGN

SILESIA SINKING

Alarm And Indignation
in Scandinavia

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The torpedoing of the Swedish steamer Silesia (1,800 tons) has caused fresh alarm and indignation in the Scandinavian countries.

Nineteen of the crew were picked up by another Swedish vessel.

The Silesia is the third Scandinavian steamer to be sunk by Nazi submarines in the last few days. No more cellulose, wood pulp and timber is to be exported from the north, and exporters are to take steps to meet the U-boat campaign by shipping their products overland at Norwegian ports for Britain.

This will entail a 20 per cent. increase in costs. If wood pulp supplies continue to be sunk by U-boats, Sweden's trade will almost be at a standstill, for wood pulp constitutes half of her exports. Nine-tenths of this goes to Britain.

To-day's Scandinavian newspapers devoted much space to criticism of

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

NAZI PEACE MOVE

Initiative This
Week, Report

URGENT "UNITED PRESS" FLASHES WERE RECEIVED BY THE "TELEGRAPH" AT 3.15 P.M. THIS AFTERNOON, INDICATING THAT GERMANY IS SEEKING TO END THE WAR WITH GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

A "United Press" message from Paris reports that information has reached diplomatic quarters there that Herr Hitler is initiating a movement to bring about a cessation of hostilities.

A confirmatory message from Berlin, received shortly afterwards, quotes informed quarters there as expressing the belief that Germany will take the initiative in approaching the Allies for the purpose of bringing about peace.

The same quarters express the belief that Italy will associate itself with Berlin in initiating the move for peace, and that action will be taken jointly by the two totalitarian Powers.

Estonia Fears Invasion As Demands Reportedly Made PANIC AMONG SOVIET NEIGHBOURS MOUNTING

(SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH")

NEW YORK, Sept. 27 (UP).—Assertions, denials, counter-assertions and counter-denials are following each other with bewildering rapidity from the capitals of the panic-stricken countries whose borders are defended from direct invasion by Soviet Russia only by pitifully inadequate but nevertheless determined soldiers.

"JITTERS" IN BALTIC

Tension in Rumania and the Baltic countries has reached the "jittery" stage as reports are made of big concentrations of Russian troops.

A London message has added to the confusion.

It claims that the Soviet has obtained Germany's "collaboration" in a plan to earmark the eastern Balkan countries as a Russian sphere of influence.

Fears are aroused in London over the fate of Estonia, Rumania and possibly Bulgaria.

The Soviet is unofficially reported to have made two demands, having the character of an ultimatum, in Estonia.

SOVIET "SUGGESTIONS"

Russia, it is reported, claims the right to establish a naval base off Finland, and has made "suggestions" regarding Estonia's foreign trade.

The Estonian Foreign Minister, M. Selter, to whom the demands are reported to have been made, has returned hurriedly to Tallinn, 24 hours after his arrival in Moscow.

Relations between Estonia and Soviet Russia are described by the official Soviet "Tass" News Agency as "strained."

A meeting of the joint Parliamentary Committee was called in Estonia immediately after the Foreign Minister returned.



The Baltic countries, including main railways, crossing the Russian frontier.

The meeting lasted for five hours, during which, it was subsequently announced, Estonian foreign policy and defence problems were discussed.

It was also announced that M. Selter will return to Moscow to-day to re-open the discussions. He will be accompanied by the President of the Estonian Parliament, Professor Uto, the International Jurist, Professor Phip, and the Estonian Minister to Moscow, M. Auguste Rei.

Wild Rumours in Balkans. Meanwhile, the wildest rumours are being circulated in Bucharest and elsewhere in the Balkans regarding the possible fate of Rumania.

Heavy reinforcements of Soviet troops are reported from various

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

BALTIC STATES

FINLAND. — Proclaimed independent December 6, 1917. Area 134,557 square miles. Population 3,667,000. Army (including Air Force and Coast Defence) 33,000. One year's compulsory service. Civic Guards (volunteers) 100,000. Navy: two coastal defence ships, four gunboats, seven motor torpedo-boats, three minelayers, five submarines.

ESTONIA. — Proclaimed independent February, 1918. Area 18,353 square miles. Population 1,126,413. Army 11,000 (mobilisable 90,000). Compulsory service 18 months. Airplanes 68. Navy: One torpedo-boat, four gunboats, two submarines.

LATVIA. — Proclaimed independent November, 1918. Area 25,395 square miles. Population 1,950,500. Army 25,000. Air Force 550 men; 80 airplanes. Compulsory service of 15 months. Navy: Two submarines, four coast defence ships.

LITHUANIA. — Proclaimed independent February, 1918. Area 20,299 square miles. Population 2,400,000. Army 22,500. Air Force 1,520 men. Auxiliary Force 52,000. Compulsory service 1½ years. Navy: One patrol vessel.

MYSTERY NAVAL BATTLE REPORTS PERSISTENT

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

OSLO, Sept. 26 (UP).—Civilians at Christiansand report having witnessed a naval battle this morning.

They assert that three battleships or cruisers were visible off the coast, that airplane motors were audible and that nearly a dozen freighters sought shelter near shore to avoid the battle. It was not possible to see the details of the fight.

Short Engagement

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A naval engagement, in which warships, including submarines and aircraft participated, took place in the North Sea, according to an unconfirmed report from Listerfjord and Farund on the southern tip of Norway. It is stated that the action began at noon and ended at 1 p.m. to-day.

Conflicting Reports

OSLO, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Norwegian Admiralty states that what was taken to be sounds of gunfire off the Norwegian coast on Monday was actually an "explosion of dynamite."

Eye-witnesses on the islands west of Bergen, however, state that they heard the thunder of guns and saw ships moving northward.

Reports Denied

OSLO, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Reports from Listerfjord and Farund of a naval battle in the North Sea are described as untrue.

Soccer Tourists Back In Colony

The South China football tourists who have been on a tour of the South Seas returned to Hongkong this morning from Manila. The players speak of the good time they have had, and though on the whole the tour has been very strenuous they profess to have enjoyed themselves thoroughly.

TERROR BY GESTAPO

Subjugation Of
The Czechs

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—First-hand collaboration of reports of unsettlement in Czechoslovakia was given on arrival here by M. Schramek, head of the Czechoslovakian Catholics, and former Prime Minister of Czechoslovakia.

He escaped secretly over the Polish frontier, accompanied by M. Hain, vice-President of the National Solidarity Party, the only party allowed by the Germans in Bohemia and Moravia.

M. Schramek, in an interview, stated that when he left Prague the Government was no more than a mockery. The Gestapo was in absolute control, carrying out a reign of terror, and even in moderate circles exasperation was nearing boiling point.

"I am not at all surprised at the revolt which took place a few days ago," he declared.

Political circles in Rome believe that the conflict may not only spread in Europe, but may also affect Asia.

Spread Of Conflict
Feared In Rome

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
TOKYO, Sept. 26 (Domei).—A Rome despatch to the "Japan Times" claims that Italian political circles believe that the rejection of Mussolini's "peace" overtures has increased the danger of an extension of the conflict.

A CITY of 500,000 civilians and 100,000 soldiers burrowing deep into the earth to escape the rain of death from Nazi guns and planes:

Public parks turned into common graveyards, where hundreds of bodies are buried in constant procession daily: "Human bullets"—men who have joined "death squads" of unarmed soldiers to sacrifice their lives in order to stop Nazi tanks from entering the city.

These are high-lights in the most remarkable story yet brought from besieged Warsaw—the story of a Chinese refugee who succeeded in leaving there on September 21, two days after the German bombardment started. Below a —

SURVIVOR TELLS WARSAW DRAMA

(SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH")

STETTIN, Sept. 27 (Domei).—The first refugee from besieged Warsaw—one of 150 consular representatives who were able to leave the devastated Polish capital during a four-hour truce—has arrived here with a graphic word picture of conditions in the city since the terrific German bombardment commenced.

The refugee is Mr. Po Hsi-yin, Manchukuoan Consul General in Warsaw. He arrived here to-day, after an adventurous trip across Poland.

The evacuation of the consular representatives was effected on September 21—three days after the Nazi bombardment began.

"When I left the capital, the Polish troops were fighting desperately with their backs to the wall," he said.

Fight To Last
"Warsaw was honeycombed with tank traps and barbed-wire entanglements, manned by three divisions of Polish soldiers who expressed their determination to fight to the last man."

"Although many of Warsaw's normal population of 1,300,000 had succeeded in fleeing before the arrival of the Germans, between 400,000 and 500,000 were still besieged in the city when I left. They included tens of thousands of women and children."

"Because of the incessant hail of shells and bombs from Nazi guns and planes, the entire population is living underground in cellars."

The Manchukuoan consular staff took refuge in the basement of the offices of the Japanese military attaché, where, until our departure, we lived on canned food and rice. There is a serious shortage of food in Warsaw."

Parks Become Graveyards
"The city's beautiful parks have, because of the terrible slaughter of civilians, been turned into cemeteries, and a constant procession of dead soldiers and civilians is brought there day and night for burial."

"The Poles are putting up one of the most gallant resistance to invasion the world has ever known. "Because ammunition supplies are running short, hundreds of young Polish warriors are offering themselves as 'human bullets'—their only weapons their hatred of the German invaders and their racial consciousness."

"The 'death squads' are formed of 'human bullets' apiece. These unarmed squads hurl themselves against any German tank that attempts to penetrate the Polish lines."

Torches As Weapons
"Their weapons are gasoline-soaked torches, which they hurl into the tanks."

The Manchukuoan consular staff, together with about 150 other diplomats, were able to evacuate Warsaw on September 21 during a four-hour truce, which was arranged between the Norwegian Minister, the Warsaw Commander-in-Chief and the German Army.

Another Warsaw message says that 32 members of the Soviet Embassy left Warsaw yesterday under safe conduct through the Polish-German lines.

GERMAN GUNS FIRE INTO BELGIAN TERRITORY

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BRUSSELS, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Four projectiles exploded over a mile inside Belgian territory when German anti-aircraft guns fired on planes near the frontier to-day.

NAZIS SAY END NEAR

"Courageous" Hand-to-
Hand Fighting

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
BERLIN, Sept. 26 (UP).—As a climax to a three weeks' siege, German troops have now entered the fringe of Warsaw, a German High Command communique stated to-day.

The Germans claim the capture of Fort Mokotowski, which is only five miles from the centre of the city, as well as a section of the surrounding district "after courageous hand to hand fighting."

The entry followed the failure of the German efforts "to convince the Polish commander of the horrible uselessness of resistance," the communique said. The Germans admit that fierce fighting is continuing in the suburbs of the Polish capital, but are firmly of the opinion that the fall of the city is near.

Reds Go Lyrical
MOSCOW, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A lyrical description is given by a

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

LATEST

"STILL MORE TERRIBLE"

LONDON, Sept. 27 (Reuter).—Yesterday was the 21st day of the siege of Warsaw, and a message received in London last night said that the last 24 hours had been, if anything, still more terrible, "with the exception of a two-hour period."

The message ran: "We are undergoing continuous raids by 200 planes and shelling by heavy artillery. Incendiary bombs have started hundreds of fires. Though water is scarce, the civilian population is fighting the flames heroically."

"Horses killed by shelling are butchered immediately and meat distributed."

This is the first news received in London from Warsaw for many hours. Another Warsaw message says that 32 members of the Soviet Embassy left Warsaw yesterday under safe conduct through the Polish-German lines.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 words \$2.00
for 3 days prepaid

WANTED KNOWN.

FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS.
Reliable tested and of strong
germination of best varieties for
immediate sowing. For sale at Grace
Co. 10 Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Steamship

Bringing Cargo from Marseilles via
Sailon.

Consignees are hereby informed
that their goods with the exception of
Opium, Treasure and Valuables are
being landed and stored into the
Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon
Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kow-
loon, whence delivery may be
obtained immediately after landing.
All claims must be sent in to me
on or before 2nd October, 1939, or
they will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages will be exam-
ined by the Company's Surveyor
Messrs. Goddard and Douglas in the
presence of the Consignees at 10 a.m.
on Thursday, 28th September, 1939.
Consignees must have a Revenue
Officer in attendance when any duti-
able goods are examined by the Com-
pany's Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected
by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL,
Agent.

NAZIS SAY END NEAR

(Continued from Page 1.)

Soviet journalist of the occupation
of Poland by the Red Army.

Polish soldiers, he alleges, "ardent-
ly welcomed our forces, who" cen-
tered the Polish landlords. Polish
girls threw flowers on our tanks.
One girl took off her coat and
threw it into the vehicle. Another
girl kissed our commander and
tied a shawl round his neck. The
whole crowd then broke into song."

"Sovietising" Poland

MOSCOW, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—The
task of making the occupied areas in
Poland "Soviet minded" continues
satisfactorily, says a Soviet com-
munique.

Landlords and shopkeepers have
been thrown into prison.
Many landlords were captured in
the marshes by bands of peasants
organised by the Soviets. These
peasant bands are also hunting for
Polish officers who are in hiding and
have been without food for several
days.

"Otherwise," the communique
claims, "life in Poland is normal."
Committees have been formed to
reorganize the industrial and com-
mercial life, and organisations from
the Soviet are explaining the new
order of things to the peasants.

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—"The
Poles have not yet given up the
struggle against the Nazi invaders,"
said the Premier, Mr. Neville Cham-
berlain, during his review of the war
in the House of Commons today.
"The whole world is deeply moved
by the heroism of the defenders of
Warsaw and the Hel Peninsula,"
Mr. Chamberlain continued.

FRENCH POUND SIEGFRIED LINE

(Continued from Page 1.)

Beale may be contemplated by the
Germans.

Placard Propaganda

Another correspondent in the same
newspaper says that a new factor may
arise. Yesterday German troops
hoisted large placards on top of the
pillboxes reading: "Ein Volk! Ein
Reich! Ein Fuehrer!"

The French soldiers retailed
with placards reading: "Liberty,
Equality, Fraternity."

Extension Southwards

PARIS, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—The
scene of operations on the Western
Front continues to be in the country
west of Harard, which forms a kind
of link between the Saar line and
the forest of Harard.

The nature of the operations are
unchanged. Activity consists of ar-
tillery duels and local engagements
carried out by forces never stronger
than a battalion at a time on either
side.

German artillery fire, which has
been harassing the French lines, has
now dwindled, and the position is re-
latively calm, except for a sector east
of Zweibrücken, where appreciable
activity continues.

PREMIER SURVEYS FIRST MONTH OF WAR

(Continued from Page 5.)

doubt as to where we stand in this
respect.

"Never have our people been more
united or more determined. They are
resolved—and the simple fact cannot
be too often pressed—to rid them-
selves once and for all of the
perpetual threat of German aggres-
sion, of which Poland is the latest
instance."

"We and France entered the war
to rid ourselves and the world of
that menace."

"Our people are united, as they
have never been united before, in
their resolve to achieve that pur-
pose."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

What to do to help a child

Anyone knowing of a child who
has been assaulted, neglected, or
ill-treated in a manner likely to
cause unnecessary suffering or injury
to health, or knowing of a parent
who is seeking advice on any matter
concerning a child, would be doing
an act of kindness by communicating
at once with—

The Hon. General Secretary,
H.K.S.P.C., Old City Hall.

The Inspector, 49, Pokfulam Road,
1st floor.

The Inspector, 15, Star St., Wanchai.

The Inspector, 13, Sai Yung Choi
St., Kowloon.

The Inspector, 82, Argyle St.,
Kowloon.

All further steps will be taken, and
expenses borne, by the Society.

The Informant's name will be
kept strictly private, except in cases
where malice is proved.

PANIC AMONG SOVIET NEIGHBOURS MOUNTING

(Continued from Page 4.)

sources "to be mauling on the
Rumanian frontier in the Bessarabian
area. Bessarabia was taken from
Russia by Rumania shortly after the
1917 Revolution.

The Soviet has formally assured
the Rumanian Legation in Moscow
that Russia will respect Rumania's
integrity.

Nevertheless, Rumania has taken
certain border precautions. "In view
of the recent developments in
Poland."

Moscow Broadcast

LONDON, Sept. 27 (Reuters).—
Moscow radio broadcast last night
a statement which declared that the
Ethiopian explanation of the escape
of the interned Polish submarine
from Tallin, the capital and port of
Estonia, was "insufficient."

"The Soviet said the broadcast found
it necessary to take steps to safeguard
its waters from foreign submarines.
The only explanation of the Polish
submarine's escape, it was alleged,
was that the Estonian authorities
had provided the craft with petrol
and supplies sufficient for a long
voyage stop."

The broadcast alleged that secret
submarine bases existed not far from
Tallin, which stands at the mouth of
the gulf of Finland. It said that
periscopes of two submarines had
been sighted in the bay of Finland
and that Soviet destroyers had been
sent to the area.

In the meantime, the Estonian
Commander-in-Chief, in a broadcast
from Tallin last night, said "We have
done all we can to keep out of war,
but if we are attacked we will defend
ourselves gallantly."

M. Selter, the Estonian Foreign
Minister, who returned suddenly to
Tallin from Moscow, has gone back
to the Soviet capital.

Soviet Relation With Estonia

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—
Soviet-Estonian relations continue to
offer much reason for speculation.

The Estonian Foreign Minister, M.
Karl Selter, left Moscow suddenly by
air after a visit lasting only 15 hours.
He left in Tallin, M. Selter con-
ferred with the Estonian President,
and the Commander-in-Chief and
then flew back to Moscow.

An extraordinary session of the
Estonian Cabinet was held in Tallin
today.

Estonian Government sources will
give no explanation of M. Selter's
movements, but observers say there
is reason to believe that Russia has
presented far-reaching demands on
Estonia.

Riga Optimistic

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

RIGA, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—Rum-
ours of Soviet troop concentrations on
the Estonian border—thought to have
arisen from the premature return of
the Estonian Foreign Minister from
Moscow—were considered here to be
without foundation.

No complications are foreseen in
Soviet-Estonian negotiations, especial-
ly since the Foreign Minister is re-
turning to Moscow to-morrow.

Two Demands

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—
A Swedish newspaper, com-
menting on the Soviet-Estonian
developments, says that the Soviet
have made two demands which
have the character of an ultimatum
to Estonia.

Russia claims rights to establish
a naval base off Finland and to
have a firm grip on Estonia's
foreign trade.

Not Missing Troops

BUCHAREST, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—
It is officially denied that Russia has
massed troops on the Rumanian
frontier near Bessarabia.

It is also denied that the Rumanian-
Soviet border has been closed.

"Sheer Invention"

BUCHAREST, Sept. 26 (Reuters).
Reports of tension between the
Soviet and Rumania are categorically
denied in official circles, while rum-
ours of military incidents and the
closing of the Soviet-Rumania border
are described as "sheer invention."

It is stated that the frontier is open
to traffic normally and that Soviet-
Rumanian relations continue to be
conducted on the basis of complete
neutrality.

Fears of Invasion

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

TOKYO, Sept. 22 (Domei).—Ap-
proximately 100 divisions of Soviet
troops are massing on the Rumanian
frontier, according to the Bucharest
Correspondent of the "Hoch Shim-
bun."

The report states that Rumania is
panic-stricken, fearing that the
Russians are about to commence a
drive to regain its lost territory of
Bessarabia, which was seized by the
Rumanians in 1918.

Exchange At A Glance

SELLING

T.T. London	1/3 1/2
T.T. Shanghai	1/2 1/2
T.T. Singapore	1/2 1/2
T.T. Japan	1/2 1/2
T.T. India	1/2 1/2
T.T. U.S.A.	1/2 1/2
T.T. Manila	1/2 1/2
T.T. Batavia	1/2 1/2
T.T. Bangkok	1/2 1/2
T.T. Saigon	1/2 1/2
T.T. France	1/2 1/2
T.T. Germany	1/2 1/2
T.T. Switzerland	1/2 1/2
T.T. Australia	1/2 1/2

BUYING

4 m/s L/C London	1/3 1/2
4 m/s D/P do.	1/3 1/2
4 m/s L/C U.S.A.	1/2 1/2
4 m/s France	1/2 1/2
30 d/s India	1/2 1/2
U.S. Cross rate in London	1/2 1/2
New York	1/2 1/2

H.K. Stock Market

The following quotations were
issued on the Hongkong Stock Mar-
ket this morning.

BANKS

H.K. Banks	1,200 n.
H.K. Banks (Lon. Reg.)	73 n.
H.K. Banks (H.K. Reg.)	73 n.
Chartered	1/2 n.
Mercantile, A. & B.	22 n.
Mercantile, C. & E.	10 1/2 n.
East Asia	72 n.

INSURANCES

Cantons	200 n.
Union	305 n.
China Underwriters	134 n.
H.K. Fire	105 n.

SHIPPING

Douglases	67 n.
Stenbom	12 n.
Indo-China, P.S.	60 n.
Indo-China, D.S.	30 n.
Shell (Bearers) s/-	82 1/2 n.
Waterboats	810 n.

DOCKS ETC.

Wharves	100 n.
Docks	18 n.
Providents	420 n.
New Eng. Sh.	734 n.
Sh. Docks, Sh.	110 n.

MINING

Kaubs	0 n.
Venz. Gold	4 n.
H.K. Mines Cls.	0 n.

LANDS

Hotels	4 n.
Lands	30 n.
Land 4 1/2 de.	740 n.
Shai Lands Sh.	750 n.
Humphreys	734 n.
I.L. Realties	4 n.
Chinese Estates	100 b.

UTILITIES

Trams	104 n.
Peak Trams (old)	740 n.
Peak Trams (new)	370 n.
Star Ferries	614 n.
Y. Ferries	22 n.
China Lights (old)	750 n.
China Lights (new)	750 n.
I.L. Electric	40 n.
Macao Electric	18 n.
Sandakan Lights	11 n.
Telephones (old)	214 n.
Telephones (new)	750 n.
Tractions	10 n.
Tractions (Prof.)	227 n.

INDUSTRIALS

Cold. Macg. (Ord.), Sh.	14 n.
Cold. Macg. (Pre.), Sh.	13 n.
Canton Ices	13 n.
Cement	13 n.
H.K. Ropes	380 n.

STORES, &c.

Dairy Farms (old)	20 n.
Dairy Farms (new)	194 n.
Watson	850 n.
Lane, Crawford	750 n.
Sinceres	180 n.
Wing On (H.K.)	41 n.
Powell, Ltd.	1 n.

COTTON MILLS

Ewo Sh.	19 n.
Shai Cotton Sh.	135 n.
Zong Sing, Sh.	42 n.
Wing On Textiles, Sh.	48 1/2 n.

MISC.

H.K. Entertainments	800 n.
Constructions (old)	155 n.
Constructions (new)	1 n.
Vibro Piling	84 n.
Ch. Govt. 5% 1925	38 1/2 n.
G. Bonds	100 n.
H.K. Govt. 4% Loan	100 n.
H.K. Govt. 3 1/2% Loan	100 n.
Marsmans (Lon.) s/-	10 n.
Marsmans (H.K.) s/-	4 n.

GERMANS ATTACK K.L.M. PLANE OVER N. SEA

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 26 (UP).—A K.L.M. Douglas plane
arrived at the local airfield from Copenhagen this afternoon
with the tail of the plane riddled by machine-gun bullets from a
foreign plane, presumably a German.

Authorities are investigating but
thus far refuse to give out any
details.

Passenger Killed

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—
A Dutch civil aeroplane operating
an air service between Malmö, and
Amsterdam, was riddled with machine-
gun fire by a German military plane

over the North Sea, some 70 miles
north-west of Helsingland, at an al-
titude of 2,400 feet.

A Swedish civil engineer, Gustav
Lamm, one of nine passengers, was
killed by a machine gun bullet.

The plane, although damaged, suc-
ceeded in landing at Amsterdam.

LETTERS

Blind Girls' Picnic

The Editor,
Hongkong Telegraph.

Sir,—May I gratefully express our
sincere thanks to all those who so
kindly contributed to the success of
the thirteenth annual outing of the
Blind Girls, which took place on
Saturday, by donations, loan of cars
and gifts. Despite present anxious
times, the response to our appeal has
been most generous, so that, in
addition to the outing and gifts to
each of the 55 girls, we find we shall
be able to provide them with a din-
ner; the balance of the funds to go
towards purchasing clothing and
small extras for their new year.

Since our last acknowledgment of
\$194, we have received the following
further donations:

Previously acknowledged	\$194
N. W.	3
E. R.	1
J. P.	2
Anonymous	12
Sir Robert Ho Tung	15
Sir Robert Kotewall	5
Mr. Fu Tong-sen	20
Andrew Cheung	5
R. Dreyer	5
Margaret Fincher	1
Mr. & Mrs. Griggs	10
R. Ashton-Hill	10

Total \$283

Our grateful thanks are also due
to the Flying Squad, who acted as
escort, Hongkong and Shanghai
Hotels, Ltd., Dr. & Mrs. T. Y. Li, Mr.
C. D. Woolgar, Shek-O Club, Kow-
loon Confectionery, On Lok Yuen,
and others for services rendered.

We also wish to express our
appreciation to the Press for the
publicity afforded our appeal, and in
conclusion, would like to thank all
those who so kindly assisted at the
outing.

GERTRUDE GODDARD,
114, Group Society,
Christ Church, S. V. D. M. A.

Nazis and Germans

Sir,—Just a few lines to state that
your leader of last evening concern-
ing the German people and Hitler is
very much to the point. How can
one divorce the head of government
from the government unless there
are more definite signs of revolt than
Germany has ever shown?

Not even within the proverbial
living memory but in half a life time
we see a repetition of history. In
1914 it was the Kaiser who was the
bogus man, Europe and the Ger-
mans a kindly misled people.

Again these same people are follow-
ing like sheep, a leader who is able
to plunge Europe into war, as the
Kaiser did in 1914. The treaty terms
that imposed these duties upon the
war were extremely harsh, and cer-
tainly would be again should the
country win.

The sooner we realize that it is
impossible to separate the German
people from their leaders, the better.

SILESIA SINKING

(Continued from Page 1.)

the Nazi U-boat campaign. Finnish
exporters state they will continue
shipping as far as possible.

Meanwhile a Norwegian delegation
is coming to London from Oslo to
discuss questions connected with
Norwegian shipping.

Ships Will Sail

Stockholm, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—
Swedish ships with cargoes of cellu-
lose have not been recalled, contrary
to earlier reports.

Ships have been ordered to proceed
and to use neutral waters as far as
possible.

"Defence Measures"

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—
German comment on the sinking of
Scandinavian shipping from the Ger-
man radio quotes the "Deutsche Dienst"
the semi-official newspaper.

It says that Germany had to take
"due measures for defence," adding
that woodpulp and cellulose could be
used in the manufacture of explo-
sives.

Maintaining Trade

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—The
President of the Board of Trade, Mr.
Oliver Stanley, stated in the House
of Commons to-day that the Govern-
ment were anxious to maintain trade
with the Baltic countries and Finland
as far as the war permitted.

British trade officials were still at
it at their posts in the Baltic ports and
the Government meant to keep them
there.

Mr. Stanley also stated that every
effort would be made to see that our
export capacity was used as far as
possible after essential home needs
had been met.

Dry Ice Lures Fish

Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Patrolman Michael Reiser has
devised a method of luring fish
plugs. He drills a large hole at the
top and a smaller one at the bottom,
filling the bait with dry ice and
plugging the top hole. The plug,
floating on the water, emits a trail of
fumes which steadily proves an
attraction to large fish.

BOSCO RADIO CORPORATION

SUB DISTRIBUTORS FOR—

Westinghouse RADIOS

SHOWROOM, HOLLAND HOUSE

TEL. 32227

DEWAR'S
"White Label"
The Right Label



GENUINE SCOTCH THAT NEVER VARIES!

Sole Agents:—A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
 WINE DEPT. TEL. 20616.

LATEST H. M. V. DANCE RECORDINGS

- BD5488—Deep Purple. F.T. Jack Harris's Orch.
 I'm Building A Sailboat of Dreams. F.T.
 BD5489—The Spider and The Fly. F.T. Fats Waller's Orch.
 Taint What You Do. F.T.
 BD5484—Gypsy Tears. F.T. Jack Hylton's Orch.
 Chopsticks-Quick-step.
 BD5483—Apple Blossom Time. F.T. Jack Hylton's Orch.
 Poor Contrary Mary. F.T.
 BD5481—Small Town. F.T. Gerald's Orch.
 I Fald for The Lie that I Told You. Waltz.
 BD5482—Begin the Beguine. F.T. Gerald's Orch.
 Little Sir Echo. Waltz.
- SWING-Played by the WORLD FAMOUS ARTISTS
- BD5906—Deep Purple. F.T. Artie Shaw's Orch.
 Begin the Beguine. F.T.
 BD5905—Sweet Sue. Just You. F.T. Tommy Dorsey's Orch.
 Sweet Sue. Just You. F.T. Benny Goodman's Orch.
 BD5913—Changes. F.T. Paul Whiteman's Orch.
 Louisiana. F.T.
 BD5908—Topsy. F.T. Benny Goodman's Orch.
 Smoke House Rhythm. F.T.
 BD5907—Black Bottom. F.T. Benny Berigan's Orch.
 Trees. F.T.

Messrs. S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.

YORK BUILDING

Tel. 20527

CHATER ROAD.

China Motor Agencies & Sales Co.

REPRESENTING

THE DAIMLER CO., LTD., COVENTRY, ENGLAND,
 THE LANCHSTER MOTOR CO., LTD.,
 COVENTRY, ENGLAND,
 THE B.S.A. CO., LTD., BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND,
 MACK-INTERNATIONAL MOTOR TRUCK
 CORP'N., NEW YORK, U.S.A.

WE STOCK THE FOLLOWING:

"AERO" VALVE SPRINGS
 "CLUPET" PISTON RINGS
 "KLINGER" GASKETS & GASKET SETS
 "WESTRIC" TRICKLE CHARGERS
 "HEATBEED" BATTERY CHARGERS
 "TUMBLER" POLISHING KITS
 BATTERIES, SPARK PLUGS & OTHER MOTOR
 ACCESSORIES FROM LEADING BRITISH AND
 AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS.

JUST ARRIVED:

"KOOL" FIBRE MATTING SEAT COVERS FOR
 ALL POPULAR AMERICAN CARS
 "STADIUM" PICNIC SETS FOR MOTORISTS

OUR SERVICE DEPT. has the most
 up-to-date equipment for all kinds of
 Motor Repair Work.
 Cars Overhauled and Serviced.
 Cars Repainted
 Bodywork & Upholstery Repaired.
 Batteries Charged.

157-158-159 GLOUCESTER ROAD
 WANCHAI.

P. O. BOX 673

TEL. NO. 22157.

Count the
"TELEGRAPHS"
 everywhere

The car that made
 14 h.p. motoring
 famous.

The NEW VAUXHALL 14 SIX

Manufacturing schedules were
 trebled to catch up with the
 demand for this livelier, bigger,
 more luxurious Vauxhall 14. 30
 m.p.g. at 30 m.p.h. independent
 springing, all synchromesh gears,
 hydraulic brakes, etc.

May we demonstrate?

HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE

Stubbs Rd.

Tel. 27778-9

The Hongkong Telegraph.

Wyndham St., Hongkong
 Phone 26615
 September 27, 1939

Liquid Gold

HITLER has acquired a considerable amount of booty in his latest plundering drive across Europe. Polish gold, arms and armament works, a great fleet of modern aeroplanes, and a useful stretch of food-producing land have fallen into his hands.

To that extent, the Reich is stronger and better equipped for warfare against the Allies on the western front. But its conquest has failed to give it the one raw material without which it cannot hope to indefinitely continue a major war—oil.

Had the Soviet not stepped in, Hitler would have seized the great Polish oil-fields east of the Vistula. But these are claimed by Russia, which, paradoxical as it may seem, has done the Allies a service in preventing the area from falling into the hands of the Nazis. Russia, too, has cut off Germany's contact with the Rumanian frontier, so that Hitler cannot now invade Rumanian soil without first violating the territory of Hungary, Yugo-Slavia or Bulgaria.

Modern armaments are infinitely more lethal than ever before in history but they are also more dependent. Oil-fuel is their life-blood. Great air fleets and mechanised armies require enormous quantities. Unless Germany can import sufficient oil supplies, her bombers will in due course be immobilised and her striking power blunted.

In peace-time alone Germany consumed something like 6,500,000 tons of liquid fuel a year. Her requirements now are probably four or five times that figure.

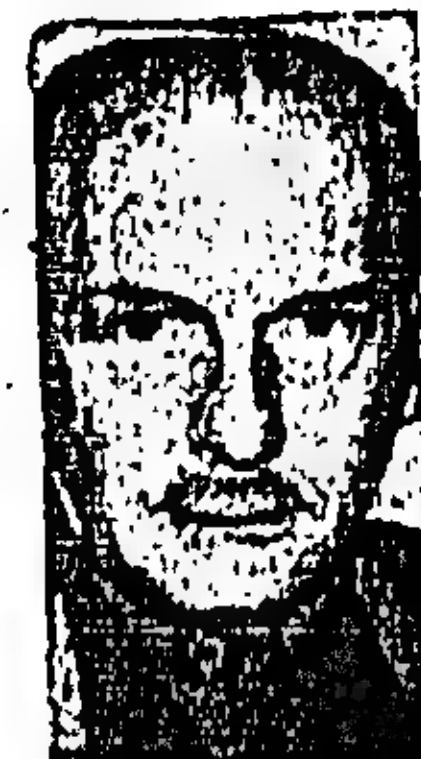
In recent years, oil has been discovered in a number of places in the Reich, and domestic production has been rapidly expanded. Even so, Germany's output of domestic crude oil was only some 550,000 tons last year.

Conscious of her dangerous deficiency, she has worked feverishly at the production of oil from coal. But her total production of mineral oils from all kinds of domestic raw materials in 1938 was not much over 2½ million tons.

In short, Germany's capacity to wage a long modern war with Great Britain and France depends to a decisive extent on her getting imports from abroad. If the British blockade succeeds in cutting these off, the war will be shortened. Before the war, Germany's chief foreign sources of supply were the Dutch East Indies, the United States and Rumania. The first two of these are already lost to her. Before the war, she imported Rumanian oil by ships passing through the Mediterranean. This route is also cut off, and the more direct overland route is accessible only along tortuous mountain paths through third nations. Between Germany and the Rumanian oilfield are the Carpathian Alps. They are a wide and rugged range of mountains, rising to as much as 9,000 ft. Germany must provide her own fleet of motor trucks to bring the vital fuel across these mountains.

We cannot but deplore Russian aggression against Poland. But Russian aggression has at least robbed the Nazis of the parts of Poland which, to war-time Germany, are by far the most necessary.

To-day, Germany's only hope is that Russia herself will provide the fuel for her bombers and mechanised units. Without Russian aid, Hitlerism will meet swift justice.



DILL
 £500 for his head



GORT
 The V.C. Peer



WAVELL
 The "Shocker"



ADAM
 Army's brains



IRONSIDE
 To-day's Kitchener?

Brass-hats of to-day are all right

THE British Army to-day is in the hands of men who mind was always getting him in shot Command. The other heads the Alder-

have more experience of real trouble during the Great War. But because of this quality he was given the heart-breaking jobs to do—and carried them through.

Men like French and Knig and Smith-Dorrien when they led into action the "Contemp- tibles" of 1914 had behind them only a few small colonial campaigns, of which the mismanag- ed rounding-up of some thou- sands of Boer farmers was the largest. He was given Canadians to command, and made his 99th Brigade terrible—in the literal sense of the word. They scared anyone they came across. He saw to it that they worked off their energy on the Germans.

To these commanders of 1914, the worst job of the lot; com- mand of the Allied Army in North Russia.

He did better work in that ill- fated command than could have been expected, partly because he insisted with all his immense energy that when the job was through, it was through, and the troops must be withdrawn.

He is possibly Britain's future Kitchener. The job of Secre- tary of State for War, may be too much the job for a technical soldier, at the beginning of a world-struggle—for any civilian politician to hold.

At 59, Ironside is the oldest of the new group of generals on whose shoulders the burden of war would fall. He bulks largest also. And his name alone might be worth an army corps to us.

He personally brought up, under heavy fire, the "stray" tank that could help his men forward.

He lost so much blood that at one time he was directing his battalion from a stretcher. But he got on his feet again to lead the assault, and organised the defence of the captured ground before he collapsed.

He is Chief of the Imperial General Staff, the Cabinet's military adviser, the man who chooses the Army's leaders. But his personal qualities are more those of a commander than of a staff officer.

He is 53, the youngest Chief of General Staff our Army has ever had. He was promoted to his present job over the heads of thirty-two generals. When this roused indignation from old men in London clubs, Sir Ian Hamilton answered: "Thank God we are now under a proper soldier and shall not be shot sitting."

General Sir Edmund Ironside, six-foot-four and therefore called "Tiny," is Inspector-General of the Overseas Forces. This is the position Sir John French held in 1914, before war broke out. Sir Edmund is Commander-in-Chief of the B.E.F. in France.

which crossed the channel to France last week. As lately as last May he was in France to study the Maginot line.

He is an Ulster man, with Irish wit and charm. The Alder- shot Command is usually given only to very senior generals; but Sir John was only given his present rank in 1936.

He is 57. His fighting ex- perience includes recent com- mand in Palestine. An Arab rebel there offered £500 for his head. It is worth more than that.

Quarter-Master General, the man on whom rations and "Ammo" depend, buttons, bil- lets, beef and bread, is Lieuten- ant-General Venning, who has been getting to bed late at nights since the war started.

The war we none of us want may, most of us realise all too clearly, soon come very close home to England until the bombers are mastered—as they will be. An immense responsi- bility may fall on the general commanding the London Dis- trict. He is Major-General A. F. A. N. Thorne.

He commanded a Guards Brigade towards the end of the war. Later he served as Mil- itary Attaché in Berlin. A gossip-writer has described him as "winning the personal friend- ship of Hitler."

But a friend of Hitler is not the right label for this stocky, quick-stepping general. At 53, he is one of the Army's coming men.

Two "mystery men" close the list. One is Mr. Hore-Belisha's military secretary. Previous occupants of the job have become Chief of the Imperial General Staff (Lord Gort) and Director-General of the Territorial Army (Lt.-General Brownrigg). Lieuten- ant-General Gifford, who now holds this post, has served main- ly in the Colonies. He has been in Africa so much that few Londoners know him.

Last, perhaps most important of all, is 52-year-old Sir Ronald Adam. Deputy Chief of the Im- perial General Staff, his promo- tion during recent years has been even more rapid than that of others in the new group of commanders.

He is said to be "the brains of the Army."

He is so professional that one feels "this is a foreign soldier, not an English one; English soldiers are always rather ama- teur."

But, in fact, nothing could be less foreign than his reserve, the cover of casual phrase with which he hides the penetration of his comments and questions. Here is the rare type of mind that is always searching for essentials.

This is the team, or part of it. It is head and shoulders above that of 25 years ago.

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty



"Boys, the president of the club is pretty sick—the least we could do to show our sympathy, is to play only nine holes!"

CHURCHILL REVEALS DRAMATIC NAVY VICTORY OVER NAZI U-BOAT MENACE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—The Royal Navy appears to have conquered the U-Boat menace.

Possibly one-third of the German submarines at sea have been destroyed, according to a statement in the House of Commons to-day by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty.

Since the outbreak of war, Britain has lost 141,000 tons of shipping.

But Britain has seized 208,000 tons of German shipping—67,000 tons more than Britain has lost.

The Allied forces hunting submarines will be increased threefold before the end of October.

Mr. Churchill did not reveal the exact number of U-Boats destroyed, but said that six or seven, the figures mentioned by the Premier last week, would be an understatement.

SPEECH IN FULL
LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A vivid and reassuring picture of Britain's increasing naval efforts to combat the German submarine menace was given by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, in the House of Commons to-day.

After stating that the convoy system was now in full operation both ways, Mr. Churchill said that Britain's second reply to the U-boat attack was to arm all merchant vessels and fast liners with defensive armament, both against the U-boat and the aeroplane. In the past fortnight armed ships had been continually leaving British harbours in large numbers. Some went with convoys, others independently. Thus, in a short time, immense mercantile marine of the British Empire would be armed. "As we usually have 2,000 ships on the sea every day, this is a considerable operation," Mr. Churchill declared. "But all guns and equipment are now ready at the various arming stations, with trained gunners to man the guns and to instruct the crews. The third reply is the British attack on the U-boats, which is being delivered with the utmost vigour and intensity."

1914 And Now
Making comparison with the problem 25 years ago, Mr. Churchill said the advantages Britain possessed to-day were much greater in coping with the U-boats. "Very often, in hunting down a U-boat in 1914, it was necessary to use a flotilla of 15 or 20 destroyers, working together for a whole day in the vain quest of indications. Now two destroyers, or even one, can maintain a prolonged and relentless pursuit. "A very large number of attacks had been made by flotillas and hunting craft, and attacks on German U-boats had been five or six times as numerous as in any equal period in the last war, in which, after all they did not beat us."

U-boat Fleet Crippled
Telling the Premier's figure of six or seven U-boats destroyed in the first fortnight of the war, Mr. Churchill said that represented one-tenth of the total enemy submarine fleet as it existed at the declaration of war, and probably a quarter, or perhaps even a third, of all the U-boats which had been actively employed.

"But the British attack upon U-boats is only just beginning. "Our hunting forces are getting stronger every day. By the end of October we expect to have three times the hunting force which was operating at the outbreak of the war. At the same time, the number of targets open to U-boats on the vast expanses of sea and oceans will have been greatly reduced by the use of convoys, and the U-boats' means of attacking them will be heavily clogged and fettered."

Air Arm's Part
"In all this very keen and stern warfare, the R.A.F. and fleet air-arm have been doing their best."

FOOD PROBLEM WITH GASTRITIS

For years, doctors wanted to find a food that would not irritate the inflamed stomach walls of patients suffering from gastritis and that at the same time would rebuild the patient's strength. In severe cases of gastritis solid foods are out of the question, even liquid foods are often vomited. Yet the patient needs quick new strength to rebuild his exhausted body. In Horlicks, doctors and nurses have found an ideal food.

Where other foods are rejected, Horlicks is retained by the patient. And almost at once strength starts to come back with the result that convalescence is shortened—too. Get Horlicks to-day from your store. It is delicious to taste.



WINSTON CHURCHILL

NOW WE KNOW WHY Bureaucracy At New Ministry

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Ironical laughter greeted a statement by Sir Edward Grigg, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Information, in the House of Commons to-day, that the total staff employed at the headquarters of the Ministry of Information, numbered 872, and in the regional offices 127. The number of journalists actually engaged in their profession at the time of their appointment was 26 at headquarters and 17 in the regional offices.

More laughter occurred when Sir Edward Grigg added that in addition there were in the new division 48 officers appointed because of their familiarity with the press relations of the D.C.C., combined in many cases with previous journalistic or broadcasting experience.

Mr. Morgan (Labour) asked if Sir Edward Grigg had taken notice of the concern of the House for the statement he had just made (cheers), and if he would "offer us at some early date a more satisfactory explanation regarding the preponderance of officials as against professional men engaged in newspaper work."

Mr. Davidson (Labour) ejaculated: "requires evocation!" Sir Edward Grigg added that Lord MacMillan had already taken steps to enable an investigation to be made.

Rush To Defence
LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The fact that the Ministry of Information does not originate news was emphasised by Lord MacMillan in the House of Lords to-day in reviewing the Ministry's functions.

He declared that it was a misconception that the Ministry was a mine of information on every subject. Actually it had no means of obtaining information and news, as the newspapers do, and was dependent upon other Government departments for its information.

Miss Lawrence, of Po Shan Road, has reported that some person entered her home through an open window about 2 a.m. yesterday and stole money and property valued at \$70.

and vigorous statement by Mr. Churchill, and they all joined in the admiration for the work of the navy and air force in combating the U-boat menace.

They welcomed the very close co-operation with the French in every respect.

Mr. Attlee urged that the economic side of the war should always be in the minds of those directing it.

He expressed the opinion that the morale of the people of Britain was very high, and he emphasised that it should be kept so.

Sir Archibald Sinclair, leader of the Liberal Opposition, criticised the last leaflet dropped on Germany, and said he did not believe it would have the effect upon the German people it was supposed to have.

Sir Archibald Sinclair said that the delay in making the best use of our man-power might have fatal results. He added that Herr Hitler meant to end the war in six months, and so they needed vigorous preparation and organisation to withstand the perils to which they would be opposed.

Rival Sub. Fleets At Outbreak of the War

AN idea of the strength of the German and British submarine fleets at the outbreak of hostilities is provided by the following table:

BRITAIN		Displacement	Total Tonnage
15 Triton class	1,090	16,350	
6 Porpoise class	1,520	9,120	
3 Thames class	1,805	5,415	
4 Rainbow class	1,475		
5 Parthian class	1,475		
6 Odin class	1,475	22,125	
3 Oberon class	1,311 to 1,349	4,014	
3 L class	760	2,280	
8 Shark class	670	5,360	
4 Swordfish class	460	2,560	
3 Unity class	540	1,620	
9 H class	410	3,690	
Total: 69 submarines.		Total tonnage, 72,534 tons.	

GERMANY		Displacement	Total Tonnage
8 U.37-U.44	740	5,920	
5 U.64-U.68	740	3,700	
2 U.25-U.26	712	1,424	
11 U.45-U.55	517	5,687	
10 U.27-U.36	500	5,000	
3 U.69-U.71	517	1,551	
25 U.1-U.24	250	6,250	
8 U.56-U.63	250	2,000	
Total: 72 submarines.		Total tonnage, 31,532 tons.	

PREMIER SURVEYS FIRST MONTH OF WAR

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Making his fourth war statement in the House of Commons to-day, the Premier, Mr. Neville Chamberlain recalled that on September 20 he referred to the problems confronting the Rumanian Government by the passage of Polish troops, etc., in Rumania.

"His Majesty's Government were watching with sympathy the efforts of the Rumanian Government to meet these problems, when they learned of the cowardly assassination of M. Calinescu on September 21. "His Majesty's Minister at Bucharest was immediately instructed to convey to the Rumanian Government an expression of horror by the British Government at this outrage, and their sincerely heartfelt condolence in the great loss Rumania thereby suffered."

Western Front Gains Held
Mr. Chamberlain proceeded to say that on the Western Front the French were making progress in certain localities, and had succeeded, notwithstanding the increasingly energetic German reaction, in maintaining intact all their gains. In the air, the normal work of reconnaissance and anti-submarine patrol in co-operation with the Royal Navy had been continued.

After referring to the R.A.F. flying-boat's rescue of the crew of the Kensington Court, Mr. Chamberlain said that many attacks had again been made on enemy submarines. The work of the coastal command patrol had proved of utmost assistance to the navy in combating the submarine menace.

In The Dominions
Mr. Chamberlain proceeded to say: "In the Dominions, the preparations of His Majesty's Government continue with gathering momentum."

"Dominion naval vessels are operating with our own. The dominion air strength is being made ready for use overseas. As a result of close co-operation, supplies of finished munitions, raw materials and foodstuffs from the Dominions are being made available in an ever increasing volume for the common cause."

Dealing with civil defence, Mr. Chamberlain again emphasised that nothing must be done, either by way of relaxing restrictions or reducing the scale of preparations, which would be likely to make Britain less capable of meeting the air menace, with which they were constantly threatened.

Economic Warfare
Speaking of the work of the Ministry of Economic Warfare, Mr. Chamberlain said it would carry out the functions, broadly speaking, which were carried out by the Ministry of Blockade in the last war. The general object of the Ministry was to disorganise Germany's economic structure, to such an extent as to make it impossible for her to carry on the war.

If Britain could prevent Germany from importing the raw materials essential for the functioning of her war industries, the result would be effectively to cripple her power for long hostilities. Mr. Chamberlain, however, uttered a word of warning against over-

LOTUS "DORMEONE" SHOES are very old and tried favourites. They have two special features—the LOW HEEL and the "DORMEONE" STRAP.

The heel is only ¾" high. This means that the weight of the body is thrown well back and a correct stance is enforced. Almost as good as the ideal—the barefoot stance.

The "DORMEONE" strap acts like a veritable extra ligament, bracing the arch of the foot constantly and taking away the strain of the low heel. It is adjustable both for position and tension. It permits a full day's golf without foot fatigue.

\$39.50—Less 10% Cash Discount.

MACKINTOSH'S LTD.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS

TRADE 'KEPLER' MARK
COD Liver Oil with MALT Extract

A vital force for health



If you would have your children happy, healthy, adventurous and self-reliant, see that they get this energy-giving food. 'KEPLER' COD Liver Oil with MALT Extract meets all the requirements of growth and energy.

Bottles of two sizes All Chemists and Stores

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO. (INCORPORATED) THE WELLCOME FOUNDATION LTD. LONDON, ENGL. LONDON AND SHANGHAI

FOR PERFECTION AND COOLNESS

HAVE YOUR Summer Wear DRY CLEANED THIS BETTER WAY!

ZORIC Odourless Air Condition Dry Cleaning

THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Hong Kong Depot, Head Office & Works 57032
Peak Depot, Tel. 21270, Gloucester Bldg., 2nd Fl., Tel. 28938.
Kowloon Depot, Tel. 29352, Tel. 28945.

THE HONGKONG PENINSULA HOTEL, HONGKONG HOTEL, REPULSE BAY HOTEL, & SHANGHAI HOTELS LIMITED
ASTOR HOUSE, PALACE HOTEL
In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking

Gland Discovery Restores Youth In 24 Hours

Sufferers from loss of vigour, nervousness, weak body, impure blood, falling memory, and who are old and worn-out before their time will be delighted to learn of a new gland discovery by an American Doctor.

This new discovery makes it possible to quickly and easily restore vigour to your glands and body, to build rich, pure blood, and to strengthen your mind and memory, and to strengthen your body in only 24 hours. In fact, test like a new man in only 24 hours. In fact, test like a new man in only 24 hours. In fact, test like a new man in only 24 hours.

The success of this amazing discovery, called Vi-Tabs, has been so great in America that it is now being distributed by all chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction or money back. In other words, Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you may return the empty package and get your money back. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Vi-Tabs costs little and the Vi-Tabs guarantee protects you.

Vi-Tabs restores Manhood and Vitality

PUT THIS NEW COLOUR-THRILL ON YOUR LIPS!

Luscious, transparent South Sea Colour... the most glamorous reds ever put into lipstick.



Some lipstick reds actually repel a man; others he thinks are becoming... but there are five certain reds that really make his heart beat fast with desire for possession of their wearer. These are the five exciting South Sea reds found in TATTOO Lipstick. Purposefully selected from all colours because of their strange power to enchant. Try it yourself... and see! You'll also discover that TATTOO lipstick is not only lusciously lipstick you have ever used, but that it actually makes your lips softer, smoother, and much more luscious! See these five exciting colours at your favourite store. There are various sizes and prices to suit your purse.

CORAL... BROWN... NATURAL... PASTEL... HAWAIIAN

TATTOO
YOUR LIPS for Romance

For your complete beauty treatment, use Tattoo Powder, Rouge and Mascara (Cream with brush).

Sole Distributor:
Aun Fui Sang's Trading Co., Ltd.,
Hongkong.



One drop on ACHING CORNS

relieves pain in three seconds! Apply Gets-It two or three times and the corn will peel right off. Millions, all over the world, use this faithful friend of corn-sufferers—

GETS-IT



Protect health and improve the value of your home with efficient sewage system—quickly—economically installed. Let us advise and submit an estimate. No obligation.

Phone 20269

**C. E. WARREN
& CO., LTD.**

St. George's Bldg.
Chater Road

COUNT THE
"TELEGRAPHS"
EVERYWHERE

You're going to look taller



Highly coloured quills stand high on a black hat. The suit shows a typical autumn silhouette. High, wide, and well-tailored jacket trimmed with what looks like astrakhan but is actually a new kind of embroidery.

The scarf is a striped silk one, and it might easily belong to a blouse, because so many of them are satin, silk, or fowlard widely or narrowly striped. Gloves are satin backed.

PARIS.
It isn't the detail that matters so much in a general review of the Paris dress shows as how the details are co-ordinated to produce a representative silhouette. And the fact that jackets are lengthening to below the hip-line and hats are going up high (like Eric's feather-trimmed one which can make you look at least 12 inches taller), provide an autumn silhouette which is good news for those who can't afford to concede inches to their six-footed neighbours.

Principal change in the contour is brought about by those jackets that sit squarely over the bust-line, go in to a normal waist, and then continue over the hip to about six inches below.

Creed, who knows more about the moulding of tweed than almost anyone else in the world, uses this length jacket practically throughout his collection.

With his suits in black and caramel, green and deep red, he puts tall feather-trimmed hats by Rose Valois, shoes and angle-high boots by Balie-Grand, and gloves, which are short, tight-fitting and sometimes backed with contrasting colours, by Iida.

Another thing which adds to the illusion of height is the adoption of high collars on jumpers and dresses. Ruched lace is introduced into some of them, and I've yet to see anything more charming than a high neck-line with a starched frilled collar which sticks out higher in front than the back.

Coats are, in the main, straight in the front with any fullness concentrated in the back. It comes in pleats, flares, and, of course, the bustle.

Velvet, corduroy, heavy velvet, and chiffon velvet are extremely popular materials, and Chanel uses them a great deal for complete suits and evening frocks.

Creed trimmed a number of his suits and coats with it.

Velvet also makes collars, cuffs, pockets, buttons, and gloves. It is slimming, especially in black, and the simplified line demanded for these suits adds considerably to height.

It is used, too, for tam o' shanters which stand up high on one side with military precision.



Try These "Special" Little Cakes

IT is always a good plan on baking days to make an assortment of small cakes which, if kept in airtight tins, will remain fresh for several days and can be produced if unexpected guests arrive.

I am going to give you a few recipes of "specials" which are simple to prepare, and also delicious. For Raspberry Specials rub 3 ozs of butter into 1 1/2 lb of flour, and add 3 ozs of sugar and a teaspoonful of baking powder. When you have made a well in the centre, add one well beaten egg, and enough milk to make a stiffish dough. Divide into ten pieces and, using a little flour, roll each piece into a ball. Grease and flour a tin and lay the balls on this, making a small hole in the top of each one. Fill with raspberry jam (not too much) and pinch the hole together again. Press the balls down slightly, brush them with milk, sprinkle them with sugar, and bake in a moderate oven.

You will find that, when the balls are properly cooked, they will open on top showing the raspberry jam.

Oatmeal Specials

This is the way to make Oatmeal Specials. After creaming 4 ozs of butter, add 2 ozs of brown sugar, 1/2 lb of coarse oatmeal, and two or

three tablespoonfuls of syrup. Mix well together. Take a baking tin (a flat one) butter and flour it, and press out the mixture in this keeping it about 1/4 inch thick. Bake in a moderate oven for half an hour, then shake a little icing sugar over the top, and cut into portions while still hot.

Orange Specials are delicious. Blanch 4 ozs of almonds and shred them finely. Grate the rind and squeeze out the juice from two oranges. When you have creamed 3 ozs of butter with 4 ozs of caster sugar, add the orange rind and juice. Mix in 2 ozs of sieved flour and drop spoonfuls of the mixture on a greased baking-tin. Bake in a hot oven until the edges of the Orange Specials turn brown—about ten minutes—and when nearly done, put the almonds on top.

Butter

Here is a recipe for Butter Specials. Sift 1 1/2 lb of self-raising flour, 2 ozs of caster sugar, and a pinch of salt in a basin. Rub in 2 ozs of butter with your fingers, and then stir in 2 ozs of sultanas, and half an ounce of currants, previously cleaned. Add two beaten eggs and sufficient milk to make a fairly stiff dough. Roll out on a floured board to three-quarters of an inch thickness, and cut into rounds.

Bake in a hot oven for 15 minutes on a buttered baking dish. When cooked, split, and spread with butter; serve hot.

Ann Rutledge

Butter Problem

DURING hot weather, the problem of keeping the butter fresh is a worrying one. One of the best ways to solve it is to fill a basin, a large cooking one, with cold water. To this add a quarter of a tea-spoonful of bicarbonate of soda. Put butter into the basin and leave it for several hours. You will find that not only has the butter been sweetened but also that it is once more firm.

C. S. M.

Nurse loses 40-lbs. of fat in 6 weeks

with pleasant, reducing method. Mrs. Francis Rodolf, a trained nurse writes: "Other remedies had failed to reduce me, but BonKoa took off 40-lbs. in 6 weeks. Now my stout patients are reducing the same way." Little BonKoa daily EAT BIG MILES as explained in BonKoa packages. No dangerous drugs. Don't dare. Get BonKoa today.

Sole Agents—W. S. Sherry & Co.
20 Queen's Rd. C.

"I simply
adore this lovely
perfume"



THERE is nothing so fragrant—so delightfully haunting—as the old-world perfume of lavender which is incorporated to perfection in Erasmic Old London Lavender Toilet Soap. This perfume has stood the test of time. It was as much a favourite in grandmother's day as it is now. No other perfume is so refreshing—so delicate—so pleasing.

And the soap—the rich, creamy lather, soft and soothing to the skin. How well it cleanses! How comforting it feels! It is a real beauty treatment in itself.



**ERASMIC
Old London LAVENDER
TOILET SOAP**

Agents: JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

PAIN after EATING



A SIGN OF ACID STOMACH! Relief in a few seconds with "BISURATED" MAGNESIA

It is excess acid in the stomach that causes indigestion, stomach upset and pain after the food and creates wind and heartburn. It attacks the delicate stomach lining and may eventually cause dangerous ulcers. What are you going to do to check it? Medical research and X-ray test prove "Bisurated" Magnesia the quickest acting stomach remedy—that is why doctors use it. Not merely a palliative treatment which neutralises acidity and soothes and heals the acid-seared stomach lining. *Noted English doctor says: "Bisurated" Magnesia is the only thing that keeps me free from pain after meals. "You must use it too!"* "Bisurated" Magnesia is a little from any good chemist or drug store; always get the one BISURATED sign on the package.

**BISURATED
MAGNESIA**
quickest stomach relief

THE "TELEGRAPH" will send a Staff Photographer to all events of public interest. Requests should be addressed to the Pictorial Editor.

PEPSODENT
TOOTH PASTE and POWDER
CONTAIN IRIUM
FOR GREATER
CLEANSING POWER

Crossword Puzzle

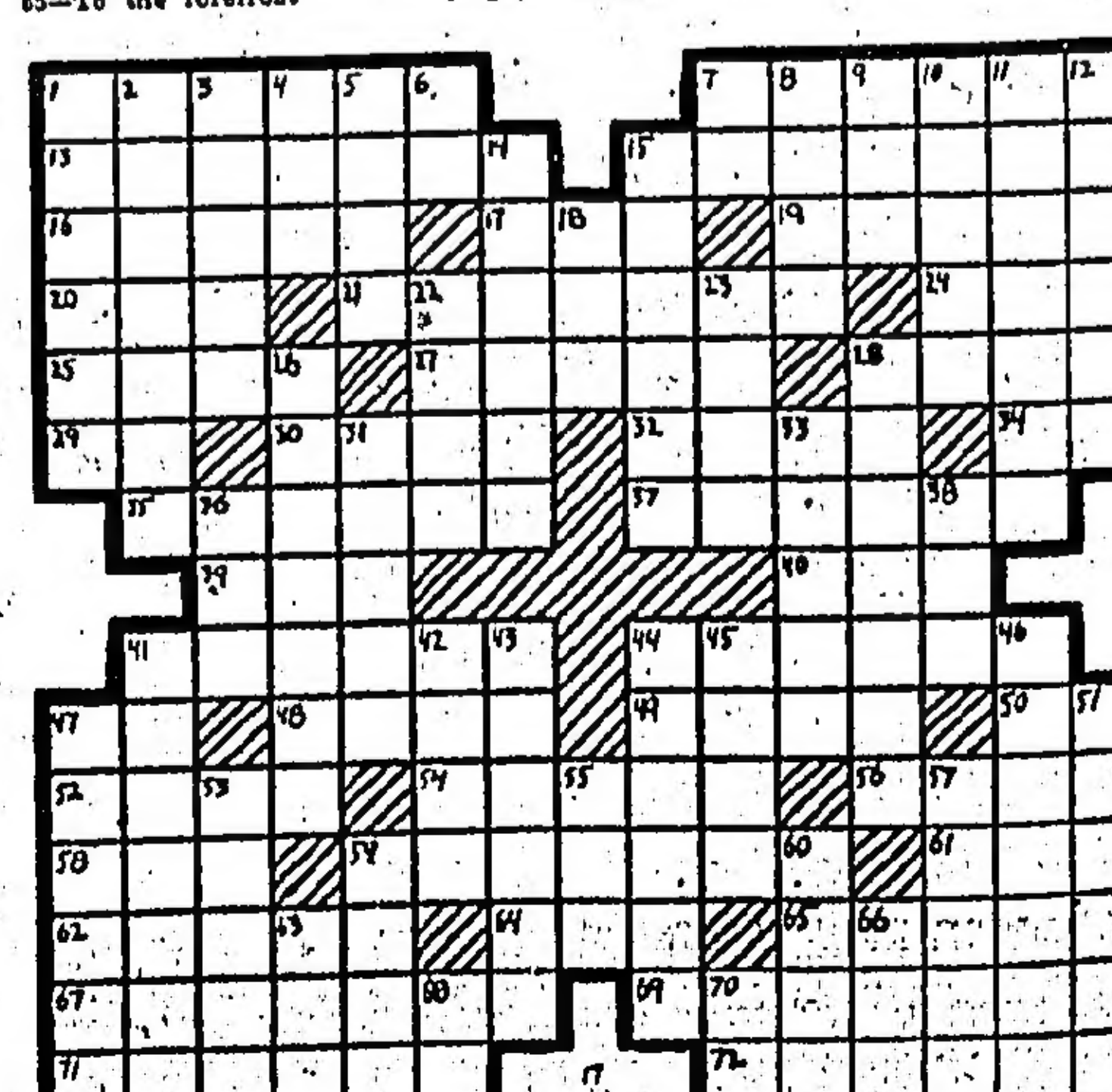
By LARS MORRIS

ACROSS

- 1—Cresting stem
- 2—Purpose
- 3—Compulsion
- 4—Initials
- 5—Blakes angry
- 6—With maiden
- 7—Without delay
- 8—Anglic (abbr.)
- 9—Came out
- 10—Cooking utensil
- 11—Mist dishes
- 12—Of justice
- 13—Former U. S. Army
- 14—Interjection
- 15—English master
- 16—During World War
- 17—Gas used in electric
- 18—Almost
- 19—Therefore
- 20—Almost
- 21—Plugs
- 22—Pride
- 23—Bludge
- 24—Abber
- 25—Mother of Achilles
- 26—Nile
- 27—Of ability
- 28—Of justice
- 29—Imperial pronoun
- 30—Pride
- 31—Acoustic bird
- 32—Charges
- 33—View
- 34—Partook of
- 35—Confirmed by sealing
- 36—Fast gait
- 37—Continued carnivore
- 38—Queer
- 39—To the forefront

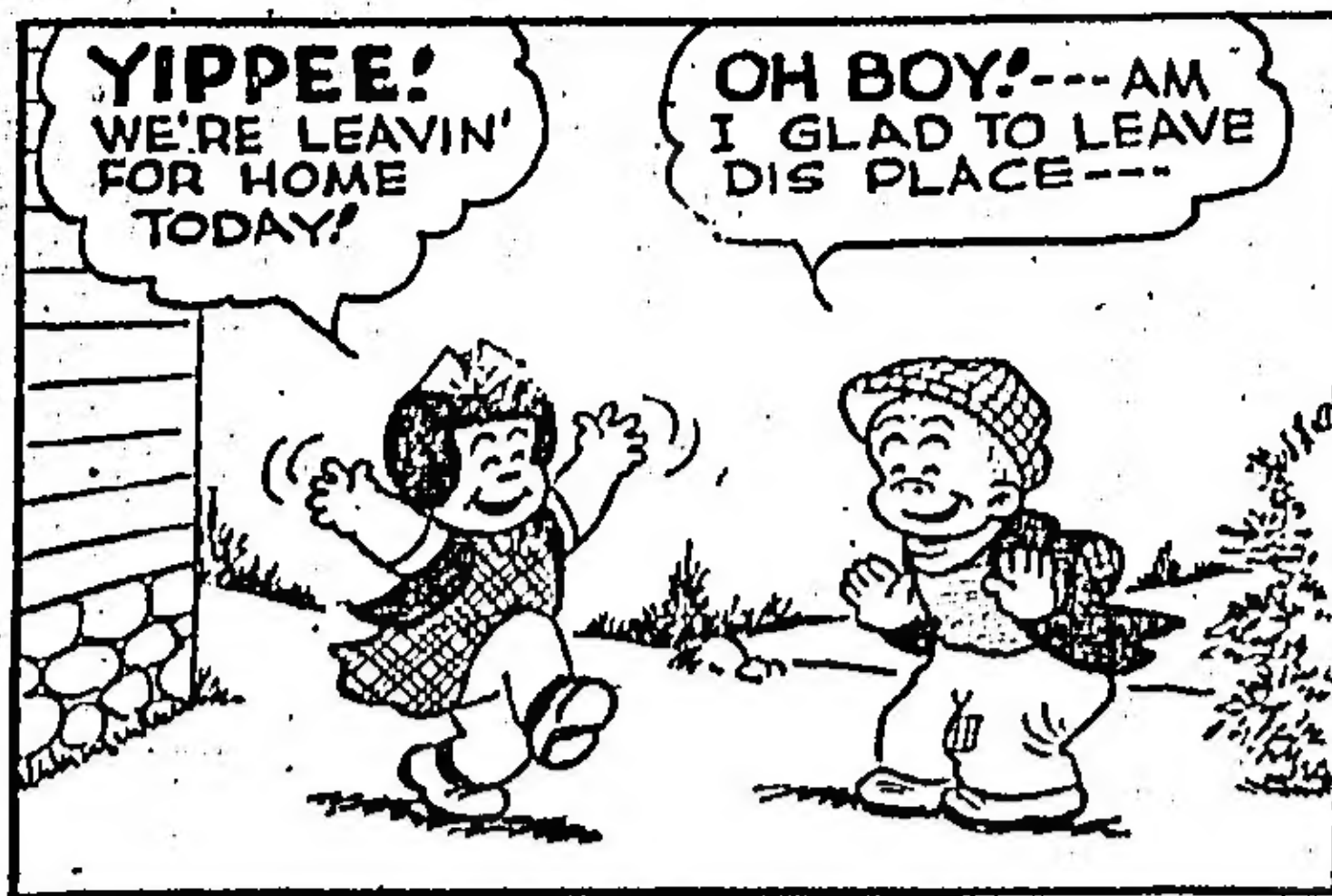
DOWN

- 1—Celestial being
- 2—View
- 3—Huge in barrel
- 4—End of railway
- 5—Wander from
- 6—Thirteenth letter
- 7—Gold (French)
- 8—Small ornament
- 9—Dangerous situation
- 10—Russian cocktail
- 11—Ashley
- 12—Mexican state
- 13—Ables to do work
- 14—Away with these
- 15—Blakes angry
- 16—With maiden
- 17—Without delay
- 18—Anglic (abbr.)
- 19—Came out
- 20—Cooking utensil
- 21—Mist dishes
- 22—Of justice
- 23—Former U. S. Army
- 24—Interjection
- 25—English master
- 26—During World War
- 27—Gas used in electric
- 28—Almost
- 29—Therefore
- 30—Almost
- 31—Plugs
- 32—Pride
- 33—Bludge
- 34—Abber
- 35—Mother of Achilles
- 36—Nile
- 37—Of ability
- 38—Of justice
- 39—Imperial pronoun
- 40—Pride
- 41—Acoustic bird
- 42—Charges
- 43—View
- 44—Partook of
- 45—Confirmed by sealing
- 46—Fast gait
- 47—Continued carnivore
- 48—Queer
- 49—To the forefront



NANCY

By Ernie Bushmiller



DEADLIEST DEFENCES WORLD HAS KNOWN



Forming a concealed trap into which attacking tanks may fall: the dry "Moat" as a feature of modern defences.

GRAPHIC STORY BY GIRL SURVIVOR

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

THE FOLLOWING eye-witness's account of the sinking of the Athenia, relayed by air-mail, was written for the United Press by Miss Irene de Mun, of Topeka, Kans., after her arrival in Glasgow.

GLASGOW, Sept. 5 (UP).—I am a teacher at State College. This was my first trip to Europe. With a group of friends I toured France and England.

I was seasick aboard the Athenia from the very first day. We were happy, however, to be on our way home on the beautiful liner.

My seasickness helped save my life as I was lying down in my cabin when the submarine released its torpedo.

When the torpedo hit the Athenia, I heard a dull sound. The lights went out. Luckily, I had a flashlight which I had bought in London. It proved invaluable during those dreadful moments.

Germans Aboard

Sharing my cabin was a very young German Jewish girl, a refugee from Frankfurt. There were a number of German refugees on board. My companion became hysterical. I managed to quiet her enough to slip on my coat and shoes. I then grabbed her by the arm and rushed on deck.

What little confusion I saw was made by a group of Polish refugees who did not speak English.

They were forming queues when we arrived and everything was being handled very efficiently.

I shall never forget the scenes

when mothers and children became separated.

Saw Periscope

I was on deck before the second explosion occurred and saw the periscope of the submarine. A short while later a terrific amount of smoke and water arose from the submarine.

Our lifeboat was crammed. We had only three men in it, so the women took turns at the oars. The sea was relatively calm and not too cold.

In the morning, a destroyer picked us up. I cannot express sufficiently my appreciation for the British Navy. The courtesy shown toward the Athenia survivors surpassed all possible imagination.

The British Navy fed, washed and comforted us. The sailors took off their coats and sweaters to give them to us.

It was a horrifying experience. I don't want to be taken for a heroine. Hundreds of other women aboard the Athenia acted similarly or did even more.

My one desire now is to get home and to college as soon as possible.

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
PARIS, Sept. 26 (UP).—The Western Front of 1939, across which millions of Frenchmen and Germans faced each other to-day, is only one-fourth as long as the Western Front of 1914, but potentially it is infinitely more deadly.

All that Germany and France learned in the Great War of the business of killing has been put into the construction of the Siegfried and Maginot Lines—mighty chains of underground fortresses past which, when all the guns were roaring, not even a cat could crawl or a sparrow fly.

Twenty-five years ago the Western Front extended from the English Channel in a wide bulge to Switzerland. To-day's front runs only 180 miles from Luxembourg, where three nations have a common frontier in the Moselle Valley, through the Saar and Palatinate to the Rhine and thence to the Swiss border.

Cost £80,000,000

France's Maginot Line was built over a period of years at a cost of £80,000,000. It is an underground maze of galleries, guns, pill-boxes, machine gun emplacements, store-houses, munitions dumps, troop quarters and aeroplane hangars, each with its periscope eye.

The French have a word for it—"impenetrable." The German "West Wall," built later and more hastily, is believed to be just as deadly. The heaviest German fortifications are in the sector from Luxembourg to the Rhine, where there is no water barrier. Like the French line, it is largely underground, but the entire front contains auxiliary fortifications 40 miles to the rear.

Aerial Minefield

This anti-aircraft band the Germans call an "aerial minefield." Ground batteries have been arranged so as to form a cross fire through which nothing could pass and survive.

The entire area is illuminated at night with searchlights which, like the guns, are motorized. Squadrons of pursuit planes are stationed in the area to intercept all invading craft.

The German Labour Corps, which only a few days ago finished harvesting the Reich's wheat crop, is now completing the West Wall by doubling the depth and strength of barbed wire barriers between pill-boxes, assembling legs for additional machine gun positions and building more than 1,000 miles of military roads within the fortified band.

Broad stretches of concrete tank traps already parallel the wall, and all roads the eastward are understood to be heavily mined. Heavy gun emplacements have been established at 50 yard intervals.

Heligoland

Germany has one other fortress of comparable strength. Heligoland, demilitarized by the Versailles Treaty, as was the Saar region, the double rocks of Heligoland have been re-fortified by Hitler so that they form a northern Gibraltar.

Their steep red cliffs have been encased in concrete and new long-range naval guns have been installed to guard the entrance to the Albe River and to protect Hamburg and the northern provinces.

The Germans, too, have a word for their fortresses. It is "impenetrable."

BIG CONTRABAND SEIZURES

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—Britain has seized 263,000 tons of contraband en route to Germany in the first three weeks of the war.

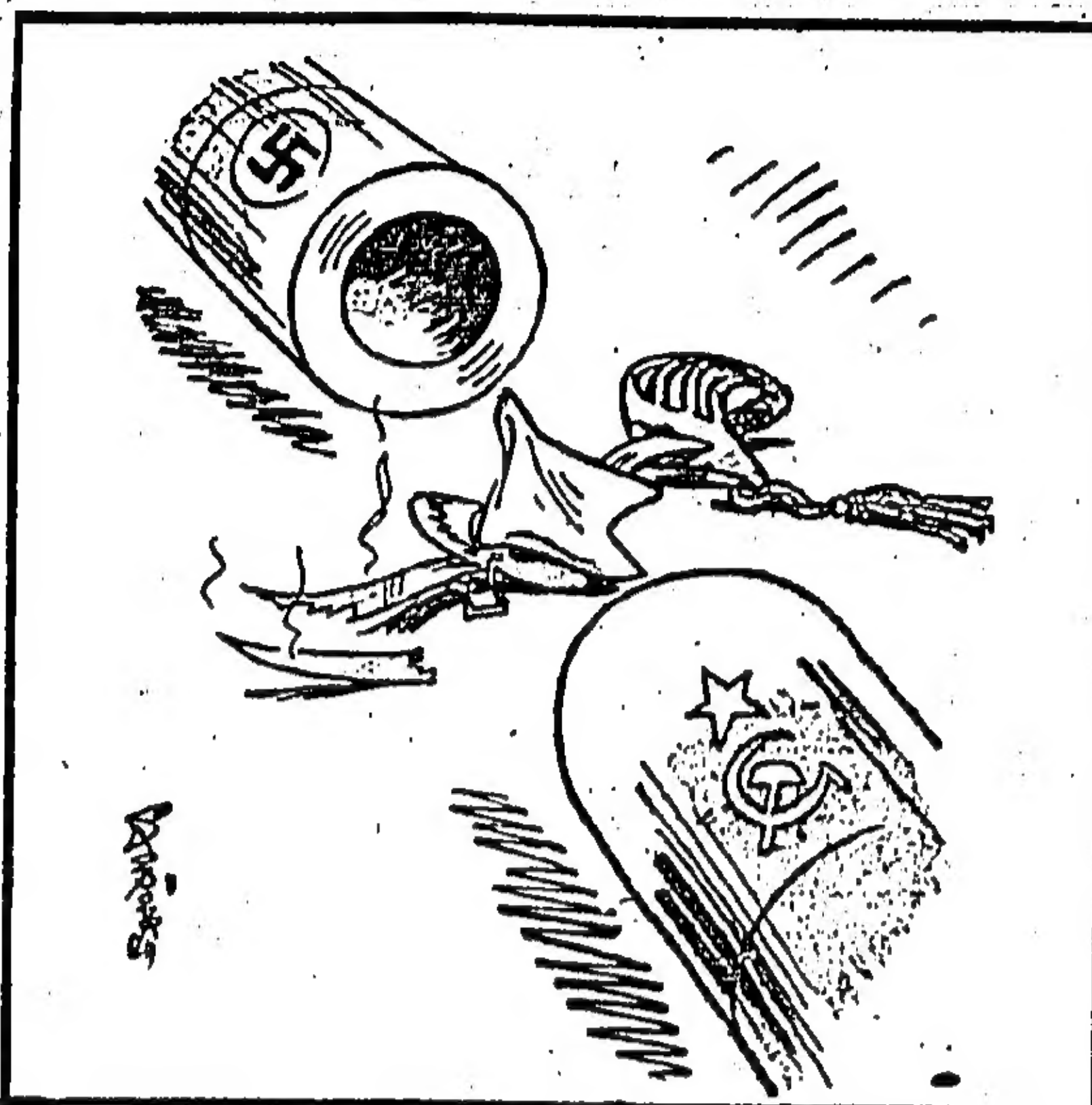
This revelation was made in the House of Commons to-day by the Premier, Mr. Neville Chamberlain.

Another Slovak In Disfavour

LONDON, Sept. 26. (Reuter).—The German news agency has published a message which ostensibly came from Bratislava, stating that the Slovakian Consul in London had been deprived of his office.

It will be recalled that the Consul sent a message to the Foreign Office

As They See It Abroad



—Sapajon in the N.C.D.N.

JAPANESE OFFENSIVE IN HUNAN PROVINCE

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Chinese military authorities show no anxiety regarding the recent developments on the Hunan front, where the Japanese are making a determined drive towards Changsha, the capital of Hunan.

They point out that from the military viewpoint, Changsha has little or no importance.

The Japanese drive, they say, is purely for political reasons and designed to make an impression at the time of the establishment of the new Government at Nanking under Wang Ching-wei.

The Chinese forces, it is pointed out here, have twice before announced their intention of abandoning Changsha, immediately after the fall of Hankow and again after the fall of Nanchang.

"Reuter" news despatches from the Hunan front filed almost a year ago quoted the Chinese high commanders as intimating their intention of abandoning Changsha and of fighting a decisive battle with the Japanese in the hills in west Hunan, between Hengyang and Paoching.

The same opinion was expressed only recently by General Li Tsung-jen and Chen Cheng, who, in fact, predicted a possible Japanese attempt to capture Changsha.

Can't Affect Outcome
They stressed that the fall of Changsha would not affect the outcome of the Chinese war of resistance, as the Chinese forces were prepared to wage a decisive battle against the Japanese in areas where the Japanese would be unable to make use of railways, highways, waterways or the level plains.

The Chinese military authorities emphasize that this by no means indicates that the Chinese army will not put up a strong resistance at Changsha.

They point out that the Chinese have held up the Japanese for one year across the Sinsiang River. They also draw attention to recent Chinese attacks in the vicinity of Tungchen, aimed at strengthening the Chinese defences along the Canton-Hankow railway.

Amusing Incidents
A recent arrival here from the Sinsiang River front states that there have been amusing incidents during the past year with the Chinese and Japanese forces facing each other across the river.

The river is so narrow, he declared, that the soldiers often wrote messages on pieces of paper, wrapped them over stones and tossed them across to the other side.

Some of the messages enquired as to food and general living conditions of the soldiers on the other side.

COMMUNISTS SUPPRESSED

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
PARIS, Sept. 26 (UP).—The dissolution of the French Communist Party has been ordered by the Council of Ministers.

No action will be taken against the 72 Communist Deputies and Senators, unless they violate the law.

The ban has resulted in the suppression of two famous Paris newspapers, "L'Humanite" and "Le Soir," as well as hundreds of provincial publications.

Australian Chinese Denounce Wang

CHUNGKING, Sept. 27 (Central).—Bitter denunciation of the "peace" movement of Wang Ching-wei, the expelled Kuomintang leader, was contained in a message received by the National Government from the overseas Chinese at Sydney, Australia.

The message pledged full support for the National Government's policy of continued resistance to Japanese invasion.

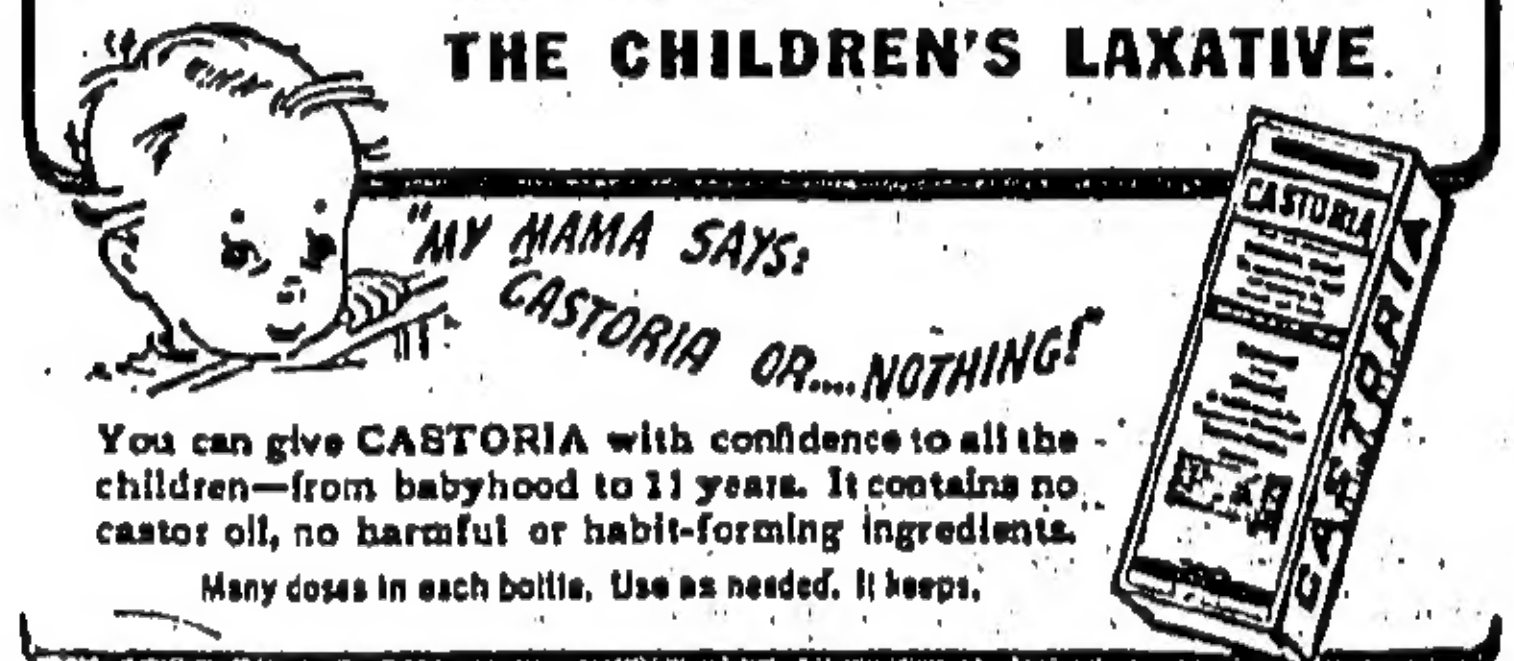


I WON'T! I WON'T!

Fits of temper—tantrums—breaking up the party may not be serious to grown-ups but it's a tragedy to childhood. There's something wrong with this "bridegroom". What he probably needs is CASTORIA, the children's laxative. Nervousness and fits of temper are not natural in children. At the first sign of irritation, temper, give them CASTORIA, the laxative made especially for children. It's pleasant, gentle, mild and thorough.

Don't let real tragedy grip your children. Insure their happiness with CASTORIA, the laxative which blends perfectly with their delicate, sensitive systems. Get a bottle today. Keep it in your home.

CASTORIA THE CHILDREN'S LAXATIVE



Max Malini

The Magician

AT THE—

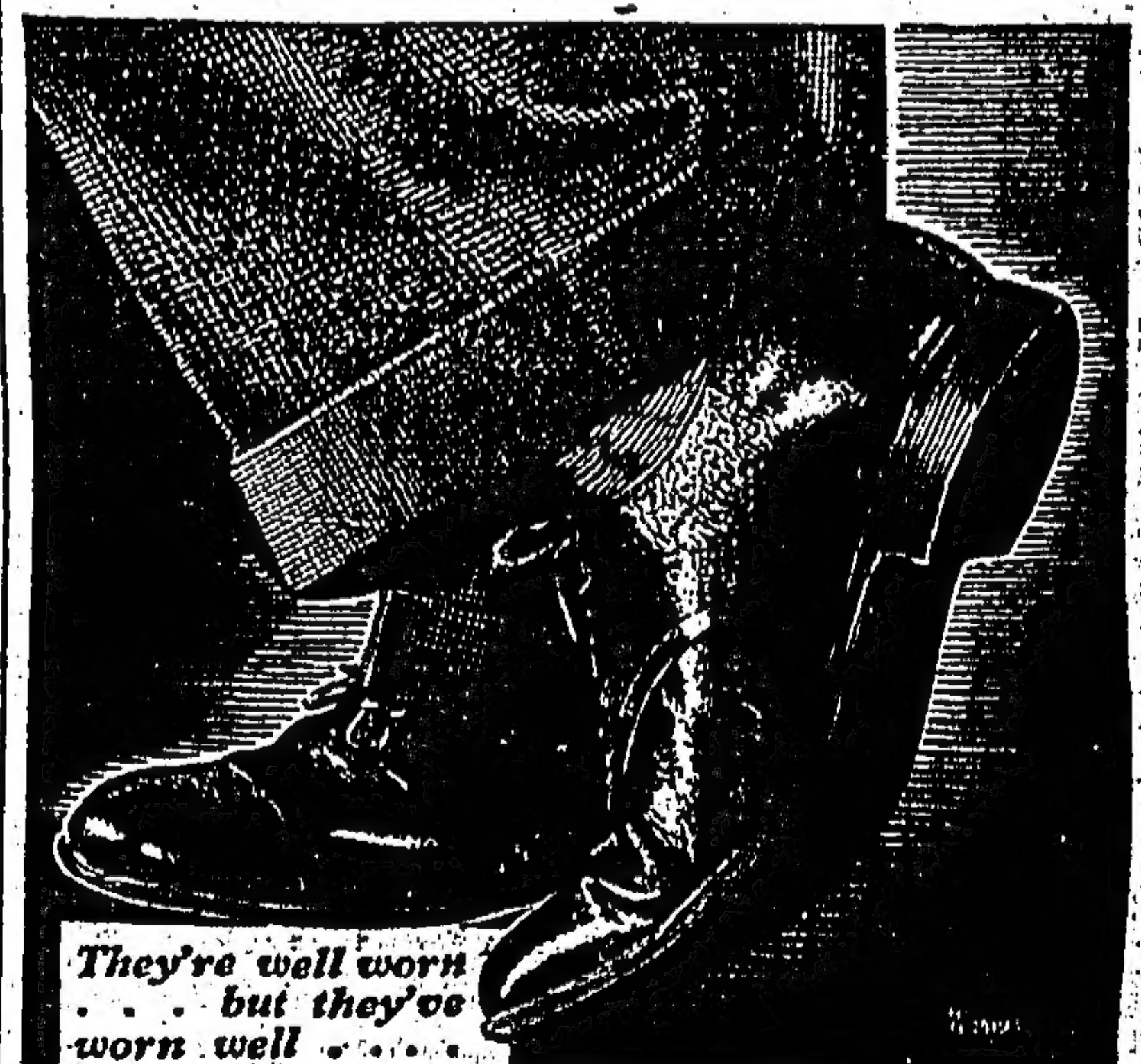
ROOF GARDEN
HONGKONG HOTEL

Thursday and Friday

OCTOBER 5 and 6
AT 9.30 P.M.

BOOKING AT THE HOTEL

ADMISSION \$3.00 INCLUDING TAX



They're well worn... but they're worn well

thanks to **KIWI**

BLACK POLISH . . . TAN POLISHES

Polishes, Protects and Preserves... **KIWI** White Cleaner and Shoe Creams

LAST TWO DAYS

OF OUR

SPECIAL OFFER

YOU GET ONE RAINCOAT FREE

VISIT US AND ENQUIRE

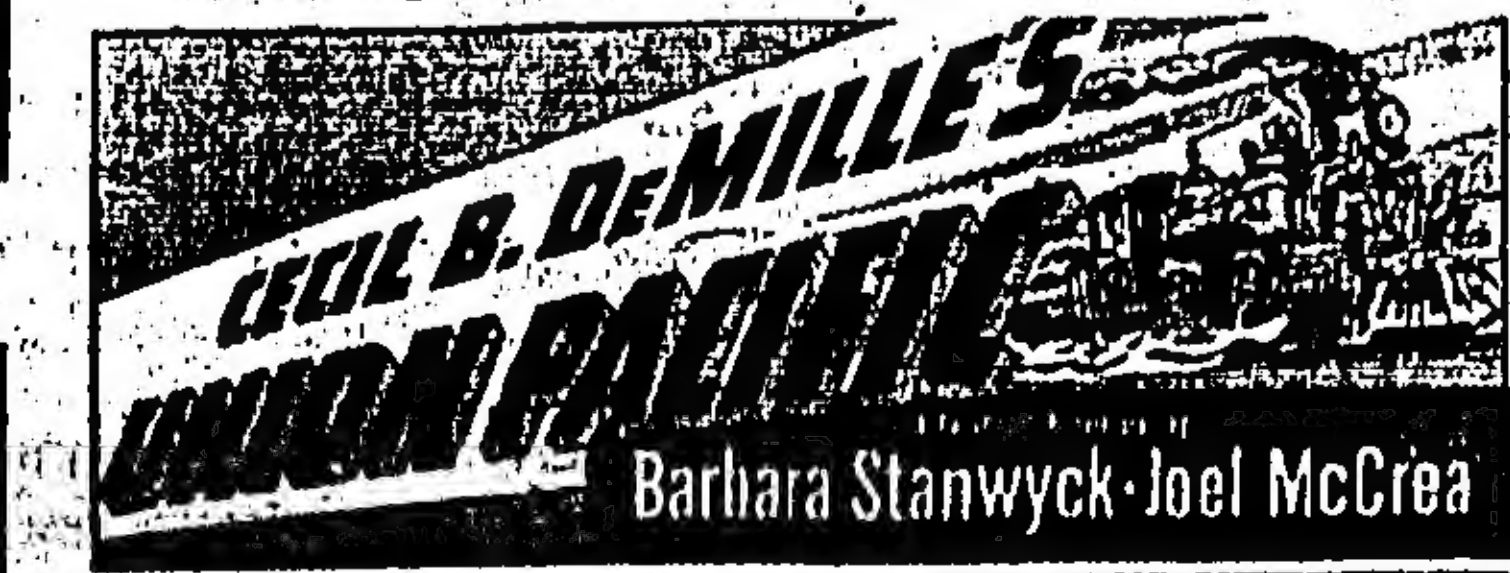
K. WEISS

SITUATED IN THE HEART OF TOWN

CHINA BUILDING, 8 PEDDER ST.
Opposite Hongkong Hotel

Robins Garments in Stock

COMING SOON!



Barbara Stanwyck-Joel McCrea

